

STN	Geometrické špecifikácie výrobkov (GPS). Kótovanie a tolerovanie. Poddajné súčiastky (ISO 10579: 2010, vrátane Cor 1: 2011).	STN EN ISO 10579 01 3245
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Geometrical product specifications (GPS) - Dimensioning and tolerancing - Non-rigid parts (ISO 10579:2010 including Cor 1:2011)

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy.
This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

Táto norma bola oznámená vo Vestníku ÚNMS SR č. 12/13

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English Version

Geometrical product specifications (GPS) - Dimensioning and tolerancing - Non-rigid parts (ISO 10579:2010 including Cor 1:2011)

Spécification géométrique des produits (GPS) - Cotation et tolérancement - Pièces non rigides (ISO 10579:2010, Cor 1:2011 inclus)

Geometrische Produktspezifikation (GPS) - Bemaßung und Tolerierung - Nicht-formstabile Teile (ISO 10579:2010 + Cor 1:2011)

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Foreword

The text of ISO 10579:2010 including Cor 1:2011 has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 213 "Dimensional and geometrical product specifications and verification" of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) and has been taken over as EN ISO 10579:2013 by Technical Committee CEN/TC 290 "Dimensional and geometrical product specification and verification" the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by January 2014, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by January 2014.

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Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 10579:2010 including Cor 1:2011 has been approved by CEN as a EN ISO 10579:2013 without any modification.

**Geometrical product specifications
(GPS) — Dimensioning and tolerancing —
Non-rigid parts**

*Spécification géométrique des produits (GPS) — Cotation et
tolérancement — Pièces non rigides*



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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

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ISO 10579 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 213, *Dimensional and geometrical product specifications and verification*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 10579:1993), which has been technically revised.

Introduction

This International Standard is a geometrical product specification (GPS) standard and is to be regarded as a global GPS standard (see ISO/TR 14638)^[4]. It influences chain links 1, 2 and 3 of the chain of standards on form of line independent of datum, form of line dependent on datum, form of surface independent of datum, form of surface dependent on datum, orientation, location, circular run-out and total run-out in the general GPS matrix.

For more detailed information on the relation of this standard to other standards and the GPS matrix model, see Annex B.

Certain parts, when removed from their manufacturing environment, may deform significantly from their defined limits owing to their weight, flexibility or the release of internal stresses resulting from the manufacturing processes.

These parts are defined as “non-rigid parts” and the deformation is acceptable provided that the parts may be brought within the indicated tolerance by applying reasonable force to facilitate inspection and assembly.

Depending on the design function and the part's interface with its mating components, instead of, or in addition to, assessing the part conventionally (in its free state condition), it may be necessary to assess the part when subject to restraint that is no greater than those accepted in the assembled condition.

Parts in this category include both those of inherently rigid material (such as thin metal parts) and those of inherently flexible material (such as rubber, plastics, etc.).

Geometrical product specifications (GPS) — Dimensioning and tolerancing — Non-rigid parts

1 Scope

This International Standard gives rules for dimensioning and tolerancing non-rigid parts where restraining of features is required during verification of dimensions and tolerances specified on a drawing.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 1101:2004, *Geometrical Product Specifications (GPS) — Geometrical tolerancing — Tolerances of form, orientation, location and run-out*

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