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Robots and robotic devices - Safety requirements for personal care robots (ISO 13482:2014)

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy. This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

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Robots and robotic devices - Safety requirements for personal care robots (ISO 13482:2014)

Robots et composants robotiques - Exigences de sécurité pour les robots de soins personnels (ISO 13482:2014)

Roboter und Robotikgeräte - Sicherheitsanforderungen für nicht-industrielle Roboter - Nichtmedizinische Haushalts und Assistenzroboter (ISO 13482:2014)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 4 January 2014.

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CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels

EN ISO 13482:2014 (E)

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Foreword

This document (EN ISO 13482:2014) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 184 "Automation systems and integration" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 310 "Advanced automation technologies and their applications" the secretariat of which is held by BSI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by August 2014, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by August 2014.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports essential requirements of EU Directive.

For relationship with EU Directive, see informative Annex ZA, which is an integral part of this document.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 13482:2014 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 13482:2014 without any modification.

EN ISO 13482:2014 (E)

Annex ZA

(informative)

Relationship between this European Standard and the Essential Requirements of EU Directive 2006/42/EC

This European Standard has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association to provide one means of conforming to Essential Requirements of the New Approach Directive 2006/42/EC *Machinery safety*.

Once this standard is cited in the Official Journal of the European Union under that Directive and has been implemented as a national standard in at least one Member State, compliance with the normative clauses of this standard confers, within the limits of the scope of this standard, a presumption of conformity with the relevant Essential Requirements of that Directive and associated EFTA regulations.

WARNING: Other requirements and other EU Directives may be applicable to the products falling within the scope of this standard.

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 13482

First edition 2014-02-01

Robots and robotic devices — Safety requirements for personal care robots

Robots et composants robotiques — Exigences de sécurité pour les robots de soins personnels



ISO 13482:2014(E)



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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2. www.iso.org/directives

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Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 184, *Automation systems and integration*, Subcommittee SC 2, *Robots and robotic devices*.

Introduction

This International Standard has been developed in recognition of the particular hazards presented by newly emerging robots and robotic devices for new applications in non-industrial environments for providing services rather than manufacturing applications in industrial applications. This International Standard focuses on the safety requirements for personal care robots in non-medical applications.

This International Standard complements ISO 10218-1, which covers the safety requirements for robots in industrial environments only. This International Standard includes additional information in line with ISO 12100 and adopts the approach proposed in ISO 13849 and IEC 62061 to formulate a safety standard for robots and robotic devices in personal care to specify the conditions for physical human-robot contact.

This International Standard is a type-C standard, as stated in ISO 12100.

When a type-C standard deviates from one or more technical provisions dealt with by type-A or by type-B standards, the type-C standard takes precedence.

It is recognized that robots and robotic devices in personal care applications require close human-robot interaction and collaborations, as well as physical human-robot contact.

The robots or robotic devices concerned, and the extent to which hazards, hazardous situations or hazardous events are covered, are indicated in the scope of this International Standard.

Hazards are well recognized, and the sources of the hazards are frequently unique to particular robot systems. The number and types of hazards are directly related to the nature of the robot application, the complexity of the installation, and the level of human-robot interaction incorporated.

The risks associated with these hazards vary with the type of robot used and its purpose, and the way in which it is installed, programmed, operated, and maintained.

Not all of the hazards identified by this International Standard apply to every personal care robot, nor will the level of risk associated with a given hazardous situation be the same from robot to robot. Consequently, the safety requirements, and/or protective measures can vary from what is specified in this International Standard. A risk assessment is conducted to determine the protective measures needed when they do not meet safety requirements and/or protective measures specified in this International Standard, and for the particular application being considered.

In this International Standard, the following verbal forms are used:

- "shall" indicates a requirement;
- "should" indicates a recommendation;
- "may" indicates a permission;
- "can" indicates a possibility or a capability.

In recognition of the variable nature of hazards with personal care robot applications, this International Standard provides guidance for the assurance of safety in the design and construction of the non-medical personal care robot, as well as the integration, installation, and use of the robots during their full life cycle. Since safety in the use of personal care robots is influenced by the design of the particular robot system, a supplementary, though equally important, purpose is to provide guidelines for the information for use of personal care robots and robotic devices.

The safety requirements of this International Standard have to be met by the manufacturer and the supplier of the personal care robot.

Future editions of this International Standard might include more specific requirements on particular types of personal care robots, as well as more complete numeric data for different categories of people (e.g. children, elderly persons, pregnant women).

Robots and robotic devices — Safety requirements for personal care robots

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies requirements and guidelines for the inherently safe design, protective measures, and information for use of personal care robots, in particular the following three types of personal care robots:

- mobile servant robot;
- physical assistant robot;
- person carrier robot.

These robots typically perform tasks to improve the quality of life of intended users, irrespective of age or capability. This International Standard describes hazards associated with the use of these robots, and provides requirements to eliminate, or reduce, the risks associated with these hazards to an acceptable level. This International Standard covers human-robot physical contact applications.

This International Standard presents significant hazards and describes how to deal with them for each personal care robot type.

This International Standard covers robotic devices used in personal care applications, which are treated as personal care robots.

This International Standard is limited to earthbound robots.

This International standard does not apply to:

- robots travelling faster than 20 km/h;
- robot toys;
- water-borne robots and flying robots;
- industrial robots, which are covered in ISO 10218;
- robots as medical devices;
- military or public force application robots.

NOTE The safety principles established in this International Standard can be useful for these robots listed above.

The scope of this International Standard is limited primarily to human care related hazards but, where appropriate, it includes domestic animals or property (defined as safety-related objects), when the personal care robot is properly installed and maintained and used for its intended purpose or under conditions which can reasonably be foreseen.

This International Standard is not applicable to robots manufactured prior to its publication date.

This International Standard deals with all significant hazards, hazardous situations or hazardous events as described in Annex A. Attention is drawn to the fact that for hazards related to impact (e.g. due to a collision) no exhaustive and internationally recognized data (e.g. pain or injury limits) exist at the time of publication of this International Standard.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 2631 (all parts), Mechanical vibration and shock — Evaluation of human exposure to whole-body vibration

ISO 3746, Acoustics — Determination of sound power levels and sound energy levels of noise sources using sound pressure — Survey method using an enveloping measurement surface over a reflecting plane

ISO 3864-1, Graphical symbols — Safety colours and safety signs — Part 1: Design principles for safety signs and safety markings

ISO 4413, Hydraulic fluid power — General rules and safety requirements for systems and their components

ISO 4414, Pneumatic fluid power — General rules and safety requirements for systems and their components

ISO 4871, Acoustics — Declaration and verification of noise emission values of machinery and equipment

ISO 7000, Graphical symbols for use on equipment — Registered symbols

ISO 7010, Graphical symbols — Safety colours and safety signs — Registered safety signs

ISO 8373:2012, Robots and robotic devices — Vocabulary

ISO 11202, Acoustics — Noise emitted by machinery and equipment — Determination of emission sound pressure levels at a work station and at other specified positions applying approximate environmental corrections

 ${\tt ISO~12100:2010}, \textit{Safety of machinery} - \textit{General principles for design} - \textit{Risk assessment and risk reduction}$

ISO 13849-1, Safety of machinery — Safety-related parts of control systems — Part 1: General principles for design

ISO 13850, Safety of machinery — Emergency stop — Principles for design

ISO 13854, Safety of machinery — Minimum gaps to avoid crushing of parts of the human body

ISO 13855¹⁾, Safety of machinery — Positioning of safeguards with respect to the approach speeds of parts of the human body

ISO 13856 (all parts), Safety of machinery — Pressure-sensitive protective devices

ISO 13857, Safety of machinery — Safety distances to prevent hazard zones being reached by upper and lower limbs

ISO 14118, Safety of machinery — Prevention of unexpected start-up

ISO 14119, Safety of machinery — Interlocking devices associated with guards — Principles for design and selection

ISO 14120, Safety of machinery — Guards — General requirements for the design and construction of fixed and movable guards

ISO 15534 (all parts), Ergonomic design for the safety of machinery¹

IEC 60204-1:2009, Safety of machinery — Electrical equipment of machines — Part 1: General requirements

IEC 60335-1, Household and similar electrical appliances — Safety — Part 1: General requirements

¹⁾ If used, consideration shall be given as to the relevance and applicability of the quantitative data to the intended users of the robot, especially for elderly people and children.

IEC 60335-2-29, Household and similar electrical appliances — Safety — Part 2-29: Particular requirements for battery chargers

IEC 60417-1, Graphical symbols for use on equipment — Part 1: Overview and application

IEC 60529, Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP Code)

IEC 60825-1, Safety of laser products — Part 1: Equipment classification and requirements

IEC 61140, Protection against electric shock — Common aspects for installation and equipment

IEC 61496 (all parts), Safety of machinery — Electro-sensitive protective equipment

IEC 62061:2012, Safety of machinery — Functional safety of safety-related electrical, electronic and programmable electronic control systems

IEC 62471, Photobiological safety of lamps and lamp systems

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