

Pracovná expozícia. Hodnotenie pracovných charakteristík zariadení na meranie koncentrácie polietavých častíc. Časť 2: Laboratórny test účinnosti založený na stanovení účinnosti odberu vzoriek.

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Workplace exposure - Assessment of sampler performance for measurement of airborne particle concentrations - Part 2: Laboratory performance test based on determination of sampling efficiency

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy. This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

Táto norma bola oznámená vo Vestníku ÚNMS SR č. 10/14

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English Version

Workplace exposure - Assessment of sampler performance for measurement of airborne particle concentrations - Part 2: Laboratory performance test based on determination of sampling efficiency

Exposition sur les lieux de travail - Évaluation des performances des dispositifs de prélèvement pour le mesurage des concentrations de particules en suspension dans l'air - Partie 2: Essai de performances en laboratoire par détermination de l'efficacité de prélèvement

Exposition am Arbeitsplatz - Beurteilung der Leistungsfähigkeit von Sammlern für die Messung der Konzentration luftgetragener Partikel - Teil 2: Laborprüfung der Leistungsfähigkeit basierend auf der Bestimmung des Probenahmewirkungsgrads

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 7 May 2014.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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Foreword

This document (EN 13205-2:2014) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 137 "Assessment of workplace exposure to chemical and biological agents", the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by December 2014 and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by December 2014.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document together with EN 13205-1, CEN/TR 13205-3, EN 13205-4, EN 13205-5 and EN 13205-6 supersedes EN 13205:2001.

EN 13205, Workplace exposure — Assessment of sampler performance for measurement of airborne particle concentrations, consists of the following parts:

- Part 1: General requirements;
- Part 2: Laboratory performance test based on determination of sampling efficiency (the present document);
- Part 3: Analysis of sampling efficiency data [Technical Report];
- Part 4: Laboratory performance test based on comparison of concentrations;
- Part 5: Aerosol sampler performance test and sampler comparison carried out at workplaces;
- Part 6: Transport and handling tests.

Significant technical changes from the previous edition, EN 13205:2001:

- This part of EN 13205 is based on Annex A of the previous edition, EN 13205:2001.
- The scope has been limited to aerosol samplers, and the current version of the standard is not (directly) applicable to other types of aerosol instruments.
- As this is now a standard in its own right, a clause on symbols used has been added. Almost all
 definitions are now given either in EN 1540, Workplace exposure Terminology or in Part 1 of this
 standard.
- The method of calculating the uncertainty of a sampler or a measuring procedure has been revised in order to comply with ENV 13005. The concept of "accuracy" is no longer used, instead the concept of "expanded uncertainty" is used.
- The five major sources of uncertainty due to aspects of the sampling performance of an aerosol sampler (calibration of sampler test system, estimation of sampled concentration, bias relative to the sampling convention, individual sampler variability and excursion from nominal flow rate) are described with equations on how to incorporate these uncertainties into the expanded uncertainty of a sampler. CEN/TR 13205-3 gives recommendations how these entities may be calculated from measured sampling efficiency data.
- The list of the particle size distributions (per sampling convention) to be used for the evaluation of sampler performance has been restricted at the lower end to reflect that particles with an aerodynamic

diameter less than $0.5\,\mu m$ are not sampled due to aerodynamic forces. In the current version, an additional requirement on the size distributions is that at least 84 % of the aerosol mass consists of particles exceeding $0.5\,\mu m$.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

Introduction

EN 481 defines sampling conventions for the particle size fractions to be collected from workplace atmospheres in order to assess their impact on human health. Conventions are defined for the inhalable, thoracic and respirable aerosol fractions. These conventions represent target specifications for aerosol samplers, giving the ideal sampling efficiency as a function of particle aerodynamic diameter.

In general, the sampling efficiency of real aerosol samplers will deviate from the target specification, and the aerosol mass collected will therefore differ from that which an ideal sampler would collect. In addition, the behaviour of real samplers is influenced by many factors such as external wind speed. In many cases there is an interaction between the influence factors and fraction of the airborne particle size distribution of the environment in which the sampler is used.

EN 13205 (all parts) enables manufacturers and users of aerosol samplers to adopt a consistent approach to sampler validation, and provide a framework for the assessment of sampler performance with respect to EN 481 and EN 482.

It is the responsibility of the manufacturer of aerosol samplers to inform the user of the sampler performance under the laboratory conditions 1) specified in this part of EN 13205. It is the responsibility of the user to ensure the actual conditions of intended use are within what the manufacturer specifies as acceptable conditions according to the performance test.

¹⁾ The inhalable convention is undefined for particle sizes in excess of 100 µm or for wind speeds greater than 4 m/s. The tests required to assess performance are therefore limited to these conditions. If such large particle sizes or wind speeds actually existed at the time of sampling, it is possible that different samplers meeting this document give different results.

1 Scope

This European Standard specifies a laboratory performance test for samplers for the inhalable, thoracic and respirable aerosol fractions, based on determining the sampling efficiency curve of a candidate sampler at a minimum of nine particle sizes. It specifies methods for testing aerosol samplers under prescribed laboratory conditions in order to test whether the performance of a candidate sampler fulfils the requirements of EN 13205-1:2014.

This part of EN 13205 is applicable to all samplers used for the health-related sampling of particles in workplace air.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 1540, Workplace exposure — Terminology

EN 13205-1:2014, Workplace exposure — Assessment of sampler performance for measurement of airborne particle concentrations — Part 1: General requirements

CEN/TR 13205-3:2014, Workplace exposure — Assessment of sampler performance for measurement of airborne particle concentrations — Part 3: Analysis of sampling efficiency data

EN 13205-5:2014, Workplace exposure — Assessment of sampler performance for measurement of airborne particle concentrations — Part 5: Aerosol sampler performance test and sampler comparison carried out at workplaces

EN ISO 13137, Workplace atmospheres — Pumps for personal sampling of chemical and biological agents - Requirements and test methods (ISO 13137)

koniec náhľadu – text ďalej pokračuje v platenej verzii STN