STN	Environmentálne inžinierstvo (EE). Napájanie zariadení v prístupovej sieti.	STN EN 302 099 V2.1.1
		87 2099

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy. This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

Táto norma bola oznámená vo Vestníku ÚNMS SR č. 02/15

Obsahuje: EN 302 099 V2.1.1:2014

120090

ETSI EN 302 099 V2.1.1 (2014-08)



Environmental Engineering (EE); Powering of equipment in access network

Reference

REN/EE-02043

Keywords

access, network, power supply, remote

ETSI

650 Route des Lucioles F-06921 Sophia Antipolis Cedex - FRANCE

Tel.: +33 4 92 94 42 00 Fax: +33 4 93 65 47 16

Siret N° 348 623 562 00017 - NAF 742 C Association à but non lucratif enregistrée à la Sous-Préfecture de Grasse (06) N° 7803/88

Important notice

The present document can be downloaded from: http://www.etsi.org

The present document may be made available in electronic versions and/or in print. The content of any electronic and/or print versions of the present document shall not be modified without the prior written authorization of ETSI. In case of any existing or perceived difference in contents between such versions and/or in print, the only prevailing document is the print of the Portable Document Format (PDF) version kept on a specific network drive within ETSI Secretariat.

Users of the present document should be aware that the document may be subject to revision or change of status.

Information on the current status of this and other ETSI documents is available at

http://portal.etsi.org/tb/status/status.asp

If you find errors in the present document, please send your comment to one of the following services: http://portal.etsi.org/chaircor/ETSI_support.asp

Copyright Notification

No part may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm except as authorized by written permission of ETSI.

The content of the PDF version shall not be modified without the written authorization of ETSI.

The copyright and the foregoing restriction extend to reproduction in all media.

© European Telecommunications Standards Institute 2014.
All rights reserved.

DECTTM, **PLUGTESTS**TM, **UMTS**TM and the ETSI logo are Trade Marks of ETSI registered for the benefit of its Members. **3GPP**TM and **LTE**TM are Trade Marks of ETSI registered for the benefit of its Members and of the 3GPP Organizational Partners.

GSM® and the GSM logo are Trade Marks registered and owned by the GSM Association.

Contents

Intell	ectual Property Rights	5
Forev	vord	5
Moda	ıl verbs terminology	5
1	Scope	6
2	References	
2.1	Normative references	
2.2	Informative references	7
3	Definitions and abbreviations.	8
3.1	Definitions	
3.2	Abbreviations	9
4	Powering configurations.	
4.1	Remote powering	
4.1.1 4.1.2	Centralized powering	
4.2	Local powering	
4.2.1	TE of access network, common to several customers	
4.2.2 4.2.3	TE of access network, at customer's home	
	•	
5	Effect of the technologies on the powering strategy	
5.1 5.2	Powering strategy of family 1: metallic links	
	Requirements for local powering	
6 6.1	TE including the power plant	
6.2	TE powered by a dc voltage nominal -48 V local power unit	
6.3	TE powered by a LPU with a dc voltage other than -48 V	
6.4	TE powered by a nominal ac voltage of 230 V, 50 Hz local power unit	
7	Requirements for remote powering	
7.1 7.2	Input of the Remote Power Unit.	
7.2 7.3	Output of the Remote Power Unit	
7.4	Input characteristics of remote powered receiver in the current mode	
8	Power back-up	18
9	Power management	
	·	
10 10.1	Safety, EMC, protection	
10.1	Product Safety EMC	
10.3	Protection/resistibility	
10.4	Bonding and earthing	21
11	Environmental conditions	22
Anne	ex A (normative): Battery sizing	23
A.1	Back-up power for telephone service	
A.2	Autonomy of the back-up.	
	•	
A.3	Use of valve regulated lead acid battery	
A.4	End of service life of battery	24

STN EN 302 099 V2.1.1: 2015

4

ETSI EN 302 099 V2.1.1 (2014-08)

Annex B (informative):	Bibliography25
History	26

Intellectual Property Rights

IPRs essential or potentially essential to the present document may have been declared to ETSI. The information pertaining to these essential IPRs, if any, is publicly available for **ETSI members and non-members**, and can be found in ETSI SR 000 314: "Intellectual Property Rights (IPRs); Essential, or potentially Essential, IPRs notified to ETSI in respect of ETSI standards", which is available from the ETSI Secretariat. Latest updates are available on the ETSI Web server (http://ipr.etsi.org).

Pursuant to the ETSI IPR Policy, no investigation, including IPR searches, has been carried out by ETSI. No guarantee can be given as to the existence of other IPRs not referenced in ETSI SR 000 314 (or the updates on the ETSI Web server) which are, or may be, or may become, essential to the present document.

Foreword

This European Standard (EN) has been produced by ETSI Technical Committee Environmental Engineering (EE).

National transposition dates	
Date of adoption of this EN:	18 August 2014
Date of latest announcement of this EN (doa):	30 November 2014
Date of latest publication of new National Standard or endorsement of this EN (dop/e):	31 May 2015
Date of withdrawal of any conflicting National Standard (dow):	31 May 2015

Modal verbs terminology

In the present document "shall", "shall not", "should", "should not", "may", "may not", "need", "need not", "will", "will not", "can" and "cannot" are to be interpreted as described in clause 3.2 of the ETSI Drafting Rules (Verbal forms for the expression of provisions).

"must" and "must not" are NOT allowed in ETSI deliverables except when used in direct citation.

1 Scope

The present document describes the principles for powering of Telecommunications Equipment (TE) in access networks and contains requirements for the powering systems, laying down:

- the characteristics of the input and output interfaces of the power units;
- the power back-up conditions for TE including a power unit;
- the management data, necessary to guarantee the availability of the service and to ensure the maintenance of the power units.

The present document takes into account the characteristics of access network equipment for which the limits of responsibility in the installation or design of the power plants are very different than for equipment of telecom centre: it goes from "complete integration of the power plant in the TE" to "remote power feeding from a distant power plant".

The present document applies to the powering of all equipment of the access network (copper, fibre or radio networks) located outside telecommunications centres. The access network is defined as the part of the telecommunications network, which comprises the customer terminal installation and the first exchange (switching unit). The customer terminal and the switching unit are excluded from the application field of the present document.

The present document describes different configurations of powering the TE:

- Local power supply for TE.
- Remote Feeding to TE from centre through copper access pair.
- Cluster Power supply feeding power for a cluster of TE.
- Back feeding or Reverse Powering architecture that can supply power to Access Network Units such as ONU or ONT or remote DSL unit from the customer premises through its final distribution access copper pair.

2 References

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the reference document (including any amendments) applies.

Referenced documents which are not found to be publicly available in the expected location might be found at http://docbox.etsi.org/Reference.

NOTE: While any hyperlinks included in this clause were valid at the time of publication ETSI cannot guarantee their long term validity.

2.1 Normative references

The following referenced documents are necessary for the application of the present document.

- [1] ETSI ETS 300 132-1: "Equipment Engineering (EE); Power supply interface at the input to telecommunications equipment; Part 1: Operated by alternating current (ac) derived from direct current (dc) sources".
- [2] ETSI EN 300 132-2: "Environmental Engineering (EE); Power supply interface at the input to telecommunications and datacom (ICT) equipment; Part 2: Operated by -48 V direct current (dc)".
- [3] CENELEC EN 60950-1: "Information technology equipment Safety Part 1: General requirements".
- [4] IEC 60950-21: "Safety of information technology equipment Part 21: Remote power feeding".

[5]	CENELEC/IEC EN 60038: "CENELEC/IEC standard voltages".
[6]	CENELEC EN 60664-1: "Insulation coordination for equipment within low-voltage systems - Part 1: Principles, requirements and tests".
[7]	CENELEC EN 50310: "Application of equipotential bonding and earthing in buildings with information technology equipment".
[8]	CENELEC EN 60896-2: "Stationary lead-acid batteries - General requirements and methods of test - Part 2: Valve regulated types".
[9]	ETSI EN 300 253: "Environmental Engineering (EE); Earthing and bonding of telecommunication equipment in telecommunication centres".
[10]	Recommendation ITU-T K.35: "Bonding configurations and earthing at remote electronic sites".
[11]	CENELEC TR 62102: "Electrical safety - Classification of interfaces for equipment to be connected to information and communications technology networks".
[12]	Recommendation ITU-T K.45: "Resistibility of telecommunication equipment installed in the access and trunk networks to overvoltages and overcurrents".
[13]	ETSI ES 203 215: "Environmental Engineering (EE); Measurement Methods and Limits for Power Consumption in Broadband Telecommunication Networks Equipment".
[14]	ETSI EN 300 132-3-1: "Environmental Engineering (EE); Power supply interface at the input to telecommunications and datacom (ICT) equipment; Part 3: Operated by rectified current source, alternating current source or direct current source up to 400 V; Sub-part 1: Direct current source up to 400 V".
[15]	ETSI ES 202 336-1: "Environmental Engineering (EE); Monitoring and Control Interface for Infrastructure Equipment (Power, Cooling and Building Environment Systems used in

2.2 Informative references

The following referenced documents are not necessary for the application of the present document but they assist the user with regard to a particular subject area.

Telecommunication Networks); Part 1: Generic Interface".

[i.1]	ETSI EN 300 019-1-1: "Environmental Engineering (EE); Environmental conditions and
	environmental tests for telecommunications equipment; Part 1-1: Classification of environmental
	conditions; Storage".

- [i.2] ETSI EN 300 019-1-3: "Environmental Engineering (EE); Environmental conditions and environmental tests for telecommunications equipment; Part 1-3: Classification of environmental conditions; Stationary use at weatherprotected locations".
- [i.3] ETSI EN 300 019-1-4: "Environmental Engineering (EE); Environmental conditions and environmental tests for telecommunications equipment; Part 1-4: Classification of environmental conditions; Stationary use at non-weatherprotected locations".
- [i.4] ETSI EN 300 019-1-8: "Environmental Engineering (EE); Environmental conditions and environmental tests for telecommunications equipment; Part 1-8: Classification of environmental conditions; Stationary use at underground locations".
- [i.5] ETSI TR 102 629: "Access, Terminals, Transmission and Multiplexing (ATTM); Reverse Power Feed for Remote Nodes".
- [i.6] ETSI EN 301 605: "Environmental Engineering (EE); Earthing and bonding of 400 VDC data and telecom (ICT) equipment".
- [i.7] ETSI TR 102 614: "Environmental Engineering (EE); Reverse powering of access network unit by end-user equipment: A4 interface".

- [i.8] CENELEC HD 60364-1: "Low-voltage electrical installations Part 1: Fundamental principles, assessment of general characteristics, definitions".
- [i.9] ETSI EN 302 999: "Safety; Remote Power Feeding Installations; Safety requirements for the erection and operation of information technology installations with remote power feeding".

koniec náhľadu – text ďalej pokračuje v platenej verzii STN