STN	Naftový a plynárenský priemysel. Vonkajšie povlaky na potrubia uložené v zemi alebo ponorené používané v dopravných systémoch. Časť 2: Tavne lepené epoxidové povlaky (ISO 21809-2: 2014).	STN EN ISO 21809-2
		45 0030

Petroleum and natural gas industries - External coatings for buried or submerged pipelines used in pipeline transportation systems - Part 2: Single layer fusion-bonded epoxy coatings (ISO 21809-2:2014)

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy. This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

Táto norma bola oznámená vo Vestníku ÚNMS SR č. 07/15

Obsahuje: EN ISO 21809-2:2014, ISO 21809-2:2014

Oznámením tejto normy sa ruší STN EN ISO 21809-2 (45 0030) z júna 2008

120643

Úrad pre normalizáciu, metrológiu a skúšobníctvo SR, 2015

Podľa zákona č. 264/1999 Z. z. v znení neskorších predpisov sa môžu slovenské technické normy rozmnožovať a rozširovať iba so súhlasom Úradu pre normalizáciu, metrológiu a skúšobníctvo SR.

### EUROPEAN STANDARD

## EN ISO 21809-2

## NORME EUROPÉENNE

#### EUROPÄISCHE NORM

November 2014

ICS 75.200

Supersedes EN ISO 21809-2:2007

**English Version** 

#### Petroleum and natural gas industries - External coatings for buried or submerged pipelines used in pipeline transportation systems - Part 2: Single layer fusion-bonded epoxy coatings (ISO 21809-2:2014)

Industries du pétrole et du gaz naturel - Revêtements externes des conduites enterrées et immergées utilisées dans les systèmes de transport par conduites - Partie 2: Revêtements monocouche à base de résine époxydique appliquée par fusion (ISO 21809-2:2014) Erdöl und Erdgasindustrie - Umhüllungen für erd- und wasserverlegte Rohrleitungen in Transportsystemen - Teil 2: Einschicht-Epoxipulverbeschichtungen (ISO 21809-2:2014)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 22 May 2014.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels

Ref. No. EN ISO 21809-2:2014 E

Contents	Page
Foreword	

#### Foreword

This document (EN ISO 21809-2:2014) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 67 "Materials, equipment and offshore structures for petroleum, petrochemical and natural gas industries" in collaboration with Technical Committee ECISS/TC 110 "Steel tubes, and iron and steel fittings" the secretariat of which is held by UNI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by May 2015, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by May 2015.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

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According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

#### **Endorsement notice**

The text of ISO 21809-2:2014 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 21809-2:2014 without any modification.

## STN EN ISO 21809-2: 2015 INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

## ISO 21809-2

Second edition 2014-11-01

## Petroleum and natural gas industries — External coatings for buried or submerged pipelines used in pipeline transportation systems —

### Part 2: Single layer fusion-bonded epoxy coatings

Industries du pétrole et du gaz naturel — Revêtements externes des conduites enterrées et immergées utilisées dans les systèmes de transport par conduites —

Partie 2: Revêtements monocouche à base de résine époxydique appliquée par fusion



Reference number ISO 21809-2:2014(E)

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Con	ents P	Page
Forew	rd	iv
Intro	lction	<b>v</b>
1	Scope	1
2	Normative references	1
3	Ferms and definitions	
4	Symbols and abbreviated terms 1.1 Symbols 1.2 Abbreviated terms	<b>4</b> 4
5	General requirements 5.1 Rounding 5.2 Compliance to standard	<b>4</b> 4 5
6	<b>nformation supplied by the purchaser</b> 5.1General information5.2Additional information	<b>5</b> 5
7	Coating materials	

	6.1 General information	-
	6.2 Additional information	5
7	Coating materials	
	7.1 Epoxy powder	
	7.2 Repair materials	
8	Coating qualification	
	8.1 Qualification by manufacturer	
	8.2 Qualification by applicator	
9	Application of coating	
	9.1 General	
	<ul><li>9.2 Surface preparation</li><li>9.3 Coating application and curing temperature</li></ul>	
	9.4 Coating thickness	
	9.5 Cutback	
10	Inspection and testing	
10	10.1 General	
	10.2 Testing of incoming epoxy powder	
	10.3 In-process and finished product testing requirements	
	10.4 Test results	17
11	Repair of coated pipe	
	11.1 General	
	11.2 Repair of holidays	
	11.3 Stripping and recoating	17
12	Markings	
	12.1 General	
	12.2 Required markings	
13	Handling and storage in the coating area	
	13.1 Handling	
	13.2 Storage	
14	Test reports and inspection documents	
Anne	<b>x A</b> (normative) <b>Test methods</b>	
Anne	<b>x B</b> (normative) <b>Procedure qualification trial (PQT), inspection and testing plan (ITP)</b>	
	and daily log	
Bibli	ography	50

#### Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2. www.iso.org/directives

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Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: Foreword - Supplementary information

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 67, *Materials, equipment and offshore structures for petroleum, petrochemical and natural gas industries*, Subcommittee SC 2, *Pipeline transportation systems*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 21809-2:2007), which has been technically revised. It also includes the Technical corrigendum ISO 21809-2:2007/Cor.1:2008.

ISO 21809 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Petroleum and natural gas industries* — *External coatings for buried or submerged pipelines used in pipeline transportation systems*:

- Part 1: Polyolefin coatings (3-layer PE and 3-layer PP)
- Part 2: Single layer fusion-bonded epoxy coatings
- Part 3: Field joint coatings
- Part 4: Polyethylene coatings (2-layer PE)
- Part 5: External concrete coatings

The following parts are under preparation:

— Part 6: Multilayer fusion-bonded epoxy coatings (FBE)

#### Introduction

Users of this part of ISO 21809 should be aware that further or differing requirements might be needed for individual applications. This part of ISO 21809 is not intended to inhibit a vendor from offering, or the purchaser from accepting, alternative equipment or engineering solutions for the individual application. This can be particularly applicable if there is innovative or developing technology. If an alternative is offered, the vendor should identify any variations from this part of ISO 21809 and provide details.

#### Petroleum and natural gas industries — External coatings for buried or submerged pipelines used in pipeline transportation systems —

# Part 2: Single layer fusion-bonded epoxy coatings

#### 1 Scope

This part of ISO 21809 specifies the requirements for qualification, application, testing and handling of materials for plant application of single layer fusion-bonded epoxy (FBE) coatings applied externally for the corrosion protection of bare steel pipe for use in pipeline transportation systems for the petroleum and natural gas industries as defined in ISO 13623.

 $NOTE Pipes \ coated \ in \ accordance \ with \ this \ part \ of \ ISO \ 21809 \ are \ considered \ suitable \ for \ additional \ protection \ by \ means \ of \ cathodic \ protection.$ 

#### 2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 2815, Paints and varnishes — Buchholz indentation test

ISO 8130-2, Coating powders — Part 2: Determination of density by gas comparison pyknometer (referee method)

ISO 8130-3, Coating powders — Part 3: Determination of density by liquid displacement pyknometer

ISO 8501-1:2007, Preparation of steel substrates before application of paints and related products — Visual assessment of surface cleanliness — Part 1: Rust grades and preparation grades of uncoated steel substrates and of steel substrates after overall removal of previous coatings

ISO 8502-3, Preparation of steel substrates before application of paints and related products — Tests for the assessment of surface cleanliness — Part 3: Assessment of dust on steel surfaces prepared for painting (pressure-sensitive tape method)

ISO 8502-6, Preparation of steel substrates before application of paints and related products — Tests for the assessment of surface cleanliness — Part 6: Extraction of soluble contaminants for analysis — The Bresle method

ISO 8502-9, Preparation of steel substrates before application of paints and related products — Tests for the assessment of surface cleanliness — Part 9: Field method for the conductometric determination of water-soluble salts

ISO 8503-4, Preparation of steel substrates before application of paints and related products — Surface roughness characteristics of blast-cleaned steel substrates — Part 4: Method for the calibration of ISO surface profile comparators and for the determination of surface profile — Stylus instrument procedure

ISO 8503-5, Preparation of steel substrates before application of paints and related products — Surface roughness characteristics of blast-cleaned steel substrates — Part 5: Replica tape method for the determination of the surface profile

ISO 10474:2013, Steel and steel products — Inspection documents

ISO 11124 (all parts), Preparation of steel substrates before application of paints and related products — Specifications for metallic blast-cleaning abrasives

ISO 11126 (all parts), Preparation of steel substrates before application of paints and related products — Specifications for non-metallic blast-cleaning abrasives

ISO 11127-6, Preparation of steel substrates before application of paints and related products — Test methods for non-metallic blast-cleaning abrasives — Part 6: Determination of water-soluble contaminants by conductivity measurement

ISO 11357-1, Plastics — Differential scanning calorimetry (DSC) — Part 1: General principles

ISO 13623, Petroleum and natural gas industries — Pipeline transportation systems

ISO 80000-1:2009, Quantities and units — Part 1: General

EN 10204:2004,<sup>1)</sup>Metallic products — Types of inspection documents

AS 3894.6,<sup>2)</sup>Site testing of protective coatings — Determination of residual contaminants

ASTM D4060,<sup>3)</sup>Standard Test Method for Abrasion Resistance of Organic Coatings by the Taber Abraser

ASTM D4940, Standard Test Method for Conductimetric Analysis of Water Soluble Ionic Contamination of Blasting Abrasives

SSPC-AB 1,<sup>4</sup>)Mineral and Slag Abrasives

SSPC-AB 2, Cleanliness of Recycled Ferrous Metallic Abrasives

SSPC-AB 3, Ferrous Metallic Abrasive

SSPC-SP 1, Solvent cleaning

## koniec náhľadu – text ďalej pokračuje v platenej verzii STN

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<sup>2)</sup> Standards Australia, GPO Box 476, Sydney, NSW 2001, Australia.

<sup>3)</sup> American Society for Testing and Materials, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959, USA.

<sup>4)</sup> SSPC: The Society for Protective Coatings, 40 24th Street, 6th Floor, Pittsburg. PA 15222-4656, USA.