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Photovoltaic systems - Design qualification of solar trackers

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy. This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

Táto norma bola oznámená vo Vestníku ÚNMS SR č. 08/15

Obsahuje: EN 62817:2015, IEC 62817:2014

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EN 62817

March 2015

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Photovoltaic systems - Design qualification of solar trackers (IEC 62817:2014)

Systèmes photovoltaïques - Qualification de conception des suiveurs solaires (IEC 62817:2014) Sonnen-Nachführeinrichtungen für photovoltaische Systeme - Bauarteignung (IEC 62817:2014)

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Foreword

The text of document 82/853/FDIS, future edition 1 of IEC 62817, prepared by IEC/TC 82 "Solar photovoltaic energy systems" was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and approved by CENELEC as EN 62817:2015.

The following dates are fixed:

•	latest date by which the document has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement	(dop)	2015-09-13
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(normative)

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Publication	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>EN/HD</u>	Year
IEC 60068-2-6	-	Environmental testing Part 2-6: Tests -	EN 60068-2-6	-
IEC 60068-2-21	-	Environmental testing Part 2-21: Tests - Test U: Robustness of terminations and	EN 60068-2-21	-
IEC 60068-2-27	_	integral mounting devices Environmental testing Part 2-27: Tests -	EN 60068-2-27	_
		Test Fa and guidance: Shock		
IEC 60068-2-75	-	Environmental testing Part 2-75: Tests - Test Eh: Hammer tests	EN 60068-2-75	-
IEC 60529	-	Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP Code)	-	-
IEC 60904-3	2008	Photovoltaic devices Part 3: Measurement principles for terrestrial photovoltaic (PV) solar devices with reference spectral irradiance data	EN 60904-3	2008
IEC 61000-4-5	2005	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) Par 4-5: Testing and measurement techniques - Surge immunity test	tEN 61000-4-5	2006
IEC 62262	2002	Degrees of protection provided by enclosures for electrical equipment against external mechanical impacts (IK code)	EN 62262	2002
ISO 12103-1	-	Road vehicles Test dust for filter evaluation - Part 1: Arizona test dust	-	-
ISO/IEC 17025	-	General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories	EN ISO/IEC 17025	-



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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE



Photovoltaic systems – Design qualification of solar trackers

Systèmes photovoltaïques – Qualification de conception des suiveurs solaires





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Edition 1.0 2014-08

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE



Photovoltaic systems – Design qualification of solar trackers

Systèmes photovoltaïques – Qualification de conception des suiveurs solaires

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

COMMISSION ELECTROTECHNIQUE INTERNATIONALE



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PHOTOVOLTAIC SYSTEMS – DESIGN QUALIFICATION OF SOLAR TRACKERS

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FDIS	Report on voting	
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PHOTOVOLTAIC SYSTEMS – DESIGN QUALIFICATION OF SOLAR TRACKERS

1 Scope and object

This International Standard is a design qualification standard applicable to solar trackers for photovoltaic systems, but may be used for trackers in other solar applications. The standard defines test procedures for both key components and for the complete tracker system. In some cases, test procedures describe methods to measure and/or calculate parameters to be reported in the defined tracker specification sheet. In other cases, the test procedure results in a pass/fail criterion.

The objective of this design qualification standard is twofold.

First, this standard ensures the user of the said tracker that parameters reported in the specification sheet were measured by consistent and accepted industry procedures. This provides customers with a sound basis for comparing and selecting a tracker appropriate to their specific needs. This standard provides industry-wide definitions and parameters for solar trackers. Each vendor can design, build, and specify the functionality and accuracy with uniform definition. This allows consistency in specifying the requirements for purchasing, comparing the products from different vendors, and verifying the quality of the products.

Second, the tests with pass/fail criteria are engineered with the purpose of separating tracker designs that are likely to have early failures from those designs that are sound and suitable for use as specified by the manufacturer. Mechanical and environmental testing in this standard is designed to gauge the tracker's ability to perform under varying operating conditions, as well as to survive extreme conditions. Mechanical testing is not intended to certify structural and foundational designs, because this type of certification is specific to local jurisdictions, soil types, and other local requirements.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60068-2-6, Environmental testing – Part 2-6: Tests – Test Fc: Vibration (sinusoidal)

IEC 60068-2-21, Environmental testing – Part 2-21: Tests – Test U: Robustness of terminations and integral mounting devices

IEC 60068-2-27, Environmental testing – Part 2-27: Tests – Test Ea and guidance: Shock

IEC 60068-2-75, Environmental testing – Part 2-75: Tests – Test Eh: Hammer tests

IEC 60529, Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP Code)

IEC 60904-3:2008, Photovoltaic devices – Part 3: Measurement principles for terrestrial photovoltaic (PV) solar devices with reference spectral irradiance data

IEC 61000-4-5:2005, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) – Part 4-5: Testing and measurement techniques – Surge immunity test

IEC 62817:2014 © IEC 2014

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IEC 62262:2002, Degrees of protection provided by enclosures for electrical equipment against external mechanical impacts (IK code)

ISO/IEC 17025, General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories

ISO 12103-1, Road vehicles – Test dust for filter evaluation – Part 1: Arizona test dust

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