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Metallic materials - Instrumented indentation test for hardness and materials parameters - Part 3: Calibration of reference blocks (ISO 14577-3:2015)

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy.
This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

Táto norma bola oznámená vo Vestníku ÚNMS SR č. 12/15

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English Version

**Metallic materials - Instrumented indentation test for hardness
and materials parameters - Part 3: Calibration of reference
blocks (ISO 14577-3:2015)**

Matériaux métalliques - Essai de pénétration instrumenté
pour la détermination de la dureté et de paramètres des
matériaux - Partie 3: Étalonnage des blocs de référence
(ISO 14577-3:2015)

Metallische Werkstoffe - Instrumentierte Eindringprüfung
zur Bestimmung der Härte und anderer Werkstoffparameter
- Teil 3: Kalibrierung von Referenzproben (ISO 14577-
3:2015)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 16 April 2015.

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European foreword

This document (EN ISO 14577-3:2015) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 164 “Mechanical testing of metals” in collaboration with Technical Committee ECISS/TC 101 “Test methods for steel (other than chemical analysis)” the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by January 2016, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by January 2016.

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Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 14577-3:2015 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 14577-3:2015 without any modification.

**Metallic materials — Instrumented
indentation test for hardness and
materials parameters —**

**Part 3:
Calibration of reference blocks**

*Matériaux métalliques — Essai de pénétration instrumenté pour la
détermination de la dureté et de paramètres des matériaux —*

Partie 3: Étalonnage des blocs de référence





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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: [Foreword - Supplementary information](#)

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 164, *Mechanical testing of metals*, Subcommittee SC 3, *Hardness testing*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 14577-3:2002), which has been technically revised.

ISO 14577 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Metallic materials — Instrumented indentation test for hardness and materials parameters*:

- *Part 1: Test method*
- *Part 2: Verification and calibration of testing machines*
- *Part 3: Calibration of reference blocks*
- *Part 4: Test method for metallic and non-metallic coatings*

Introduction

Hardness has typically been defined as the resistance of a material to permanent penetration by another harder material. The results obtained when performing Rockwell, Vickers, and Brinell tests are determined after the test force has been removed. Therefore, the effect of elastic deformation under the indenter has been ignored.

ISO 14577 (all parts) has been prepared to enable the user to evaluate the indentation of materials by considering both the force and displacement during plastic and elastic deformation. By monitoring the complete cycle of increasing and removal of the test force, hardness values equivalent to traditional hardness values can be determined. More significantly, additional properties of the material such as its indentation modulus and elasto-plastic hardness can also be determined. All these values can be calculated without the requirement to measure the indent optically. Furthermore, by a variety of techniques, the instrumented indentation test allows to record hardness and modulus depth profiles within a, probably complex, indentation cycle.

ISO 14577 (all parts) has been written to allow a wide variety of post test data analysis.

Metallic materials — Instrumented indentation test for hardness and materials parameters —

Part 3: Calibration of reference blocks

1 Scope

This part of ISO 14577 specifies a method for the calibration of reference blocks to use for the indirect verification of testing machines for the instrumented indentation test as specified in ISO 14577-2:2015.

NOTE The reference blocks can be calibrated in accordance with the field of application of the testing machine or with the materials parameters which are being determined.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 376, *Metallic materials — Calibration of force-proving instruments used for the verification of uniaxial testing machines*

ISO 4287, *Geometrical Product Specifications (GPS) — Surface texture: Profile method — Terms, definitions and surface texture parameters*

ISO 14577-1:2015, *Metallic materials — Instrumented indentation test for hardness and materials parameters — Part 1: Test method*

ISO 14577-2:2015, *Metallic materials — Instrumented indentation test for hardness and materials parameters — Part 2: Verification and calibration of testing machines*

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