

<b>STN</b>	<b>Mikrobiológia potravinárskeho reťazca. Polymerázová reťazová reakcia (PCR) na dôkaz patogénov v potravinách. Dôkaz patogénnych Yersinia Enterocolitica a Yersinia pseudotuberculosis (ISO/TS 18867: 2015).</b>	<b>STN P CEN ISO/TS 18867</b>  56 0127
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Microbiology of the food chain - Polymerase chain reaction (PCR) for the detection of food-borne pathogens - Detection of pathogenic Yersinia enterocolitica and Yersinia pseudotuberculosis (ISO/DTS 18867:2015)

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy.  
This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

Táto norma bola oznámená vo Vestníku ÚNMS SR č. 12/15

Táto predbežná STN je určená na overenie. Pripomienky zasielajte ÚNMS SR najneskôr do októbra 2017.

Obsahuje: CEN ISO/TS 18867:2015, ISO/TS 18867:2015

**122131**

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Úrad pre normalizáciu, metrológiu a skúšobníctvo SR, 2016  
Podľa zákona č. 264/1999 Z. z. v znení neskorších predpisov sa môžu slovenské technické normy rozmnožovať a rozširovať iba so súhlasom Úradu pre normalizáciu, metrológiu a skúšobníctvo SR.

ICS

English Version

**Microbiology of the food chain - Polymerase chain reaction  
(PCR) for the detection of food-borne pathogens -  
Detection of pathogenic *Yersinia enterocolitica* and  
*Yersinia pseudotuberculosis* (ISO/TS 18867:2015)**

Microbiologie de la chaîne alimentaire - Réaction de polymérisation en chaîne (PCR) pour la détection de micro-organismes pathogènes dans les aliments - Détection des *Yersinia enterocolitica* et *Yersinia pseudotuberculosis* pathogènes (ISO/TS 18867:2015)

Mikrobiologie der Lebensmittelkette - Polymerase-Kettenreaktion (PCR) zum Nachweis von pathogenen Mikroorganismen in Lebensmitteln - Nachweis von pathogenen *Yersinia enterocolitica* und *Yersinia pseudotuberculosis* (ISO/TS 18867:2015)

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**Contents**

Page

**European foreword..... 3**

## **European foreword**

This document (CEN ISO/TS 18867:2015) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 34 "Food products" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 275 "Food analysis - Horizontal methods" the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

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### **Endorsement notice**

The text of ISO/TS 18867:2015 has been approved by CEN as CEN ISO/TS 18867:2015 without any modification.

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Polymerase chain reaction (PCR)  
for the detection of food-borne  
pathogens — Detection of pathogenic  
*Yersinia enterocolitica* and *Yersinia  
pseudotuberculosis***

*Microbiologie de la chaîne alimentaire — Réaction de polymérisation  
en chaîne (PCR) pour la détection de micro-organismes pathogènes  
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pseudotuberculosis* pathogènes*





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# Contents

Page

<b>Foreword</b> .....	<b>v</b>
<b>Introduction</b> .....	<b>vi</b>
<b>1 Scope</b> .....	<b>1</b>
<b>2 Normative references</b> .....	<b>1</b>
<b>3 Terms and definitions</b> .....	<b>1</b>
<b>4 Principles</b> .....	<b>1</b>
4.1 General.....	1
4.2 Microbial enrichment.....	2
4.3 Nucleic acid extraction.....	2
4.4 Amplification and detection.....	2
4.5 Isolation.....	2
<b>5 Reagents</b> .....	<b>2</b>
5.1 General.....	2
5.2 Culture media.....	2
5.2.1 General.....	2
5.2.2 Diluent.....	2
5.2.3 Enrichment media.....	2
5.2.4 Selective solid medium.....	4
5.2.5 Potassium hydroxide in saline solution, KOH.....	5
5.3 Nucleic acid extraction.....	5
5.4 Reagents for PCR.....	5
5.5 Primers and probes.....	5
<b>6 Apparatus and equipment</b> .....	<b>5</b>
6.1 General.....	5
6.2 Equipment for sample preparation prior to enrichment.....	6
6.3 Equipment for microbial enrichment.....	6
6.4 Equipment for nucleic acid extraction.....	6
6.5 Equipment for real-time PCR.....	6
<b>7 Sampling</b> .....	<b>6</b>
<b>8 Procedure</b> .....	<b>6</b>
8.1 Sample preparation prior to enrichment.....	6
8.1.1 General.....	6
8.1.2 Preparation of the sample.....	6
8.2 Microbial enrichment.....	7
8.2.1 Pathogenic <i>Y. enterocolitica</i> .....	7
8.2.2 <i>Y. pseudotuberculosis</i> .....	7
8.2.3 Pathogenic <i>Y. enterocolitica</i> and <i>Y. pseudotuberculosis</i> .....	7
8.3 Isolation of colonies, optional.....	7
8.3.1 Pathogenic <i>Y. enterocolitica</i> .....	7
8.3.2 <i>Y. pseudotuberculosis</i> .....	7
8.3.3 Process controls.....	8
8.4 Nucleic acid extraction.....	8
8.5 PCR amplification.....	8
8.5.1 General.....	8
8.5.2 PCR controls.....	8
8.6 Confirmation of the PCR product.....	8
8.6.1 General.....	8
8.6.2 Interpretation of the PCR result.....	8
<b>9 Test report</b> .....	<b>9</b>

## Annex A (normative) PCR detection and isolation of pathogenic *Y. enterocolitica* (see

<b>Figure A.1)</b> .....	<b>10</b>
<b>Annex B (informative) Real-time PCR for detection of <i>Y. enterocolitica</i></b> .....	<b>11</b>
<b>Annex C (informative) Detection and isolation of <i>Y. pseudotuberculosis</i></b> .....	<b>21</b>
<b>Annex D (informative) Simultaneous detection of pathogenic <i>Y. enterocolitica</i> and <i>Y. pseudotuberculosis</i> using multiplex real-time PCR</b> .....	<b>26</b>
<b>Bibliography</b> .....	<b>29</b>



## Foreword

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The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see [www.iso.org/directives](http://www.iso.org/directives)).

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For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: [Foreword - Supplementary information](#)

The committee responsible for this document is the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 275, *Food analysis — Horizontal methods*, in collaboration with Technical Committee ISO/TC 34, *Food products*, Subcommittee SC 9, *Microbiology*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

## Introduction

*Yersinia enterocolitica* and *Yersinia pseudotuberculosis* are zoonotic bacterial pathogens causing food-borne infection (yersiniosis) in humans worldwide. The main reservoir for pathogenic *Y. enterocolitica* is domestic pigs<sup>[3]</sup> and for *Y. pseudotuberculosis* a wide range of domestic and wild animals such as rodents, deer, birds, and various farm animals serve as potential reservoirs.<sup>[4]</sup> Some of the biotypes of *Y. enterocolitica* are associated with human infection. In contrast, all *Y. pseudotuberculosis* are considered potentially pathogenic to humans.<sup>[9]</sup>

The chromosomally located gene *ail* (attachment invasion locus) is present in all bio(sero)types of *Y. enterocolitica* associated with disease and a variant of it is also present in *Y. pseudotuberculosis*.<sup>[8]</sup> The *ail* gene is the target gene used for detection in this Technical Specification, and the developed primer/probe sets target different sites of the *ail* gene for the two pathogens.<sup>[7][8][13][14]</sup>

# Microbiology of the food chain — Polymerase chain reaction (PCR) for the detection of food-borne pathogens — Detection of pathogenic *Yersinia enterocolitica* and *Yersinia pseudotuberculosis*

## 1 Scope

This Technical Specification specifies two horizontal methods for detection of the pathogenic bioserotypes of *Y. enterocolitica* and one for detection of *Y. pseudotuberculosis* by using real-time PCR-based methods. The described methods allow for the detection of the two pathogens in enrichments and allow the isolation of colonies. *Y. pestis*, the causative agent of bubonic and pneumonic plague harbours a variant of the *ail* gene as well and will be detected by the same primer/probe set as *Y. pseudotuberculosis*. However, *Y. pestis* is normally not associated with food. This Technical Specification is applicable to products for human consumption, animal feeding stuffs, and environmental samples.

## 2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 6887-1, *Microbiology of food and animal feeding stuffs – Preparation of test samples, initial suspension and decimal dilutions for microbiological examination – Part 1: General rules for the preparation of the initial suspension and decimal dilutions*

ISO 10273, *Microbiology of food and animal feeding stuffs — Horizontal method for the detection of presumptive pathogenic Yersinia enterocolitica*

ISO 20837, *Microbiology of food and animal feeding stuffs — Polymerase chain reaction (PCR) for the detection of food-borne pathogens — Requirements for sample preparation for qualitative detection*

ISO 20838, *Microbiology of food and animal feeding stuffs — Polymerase chain reaction (PCR) for the detection of food-borne pathogens — Requirements for amplification and detection for qualitative methods*

ISO 22119, *Microbiology of food and animal feeding stuffs — Real-time polymerase chain reaction (PCR) for the detection of food-borne pathogens — General requirements and definitions*

ISO 22174, *Microbiology of food and animal feeding stuffs — Polymerase chain reaction (PCR) for the detection of food-borne pathogens — General requirements and definitions*

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