

STN	Vonkajšie ovzdušie. Odber vzoriek a analýza peľových zŕn a spór vzdušných húb vo vzduchu na účely zberu údajov o alergénoch. Objemová metóda podľa Hirsta.	STN P CEN/TS 16868 83 5810
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Ambient air - Sampling and analysis of airborne pollen grains and fungal spores for allergy networks - Volumetric Hirst method

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy.
This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

Táto norma bola oznámená vo Vestníku ÚNMS SR č. 03/16

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Podľa zákona č. 264/1999 Z. z. v znení neskorších predpisov sa môžu slovenské technické normy rozmnožovať a rozširovať iba so súhlasom Úradu pre normalizáciu, metrológiu a skúšobníctvo SR.

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English Version

Ambient air - Sampling and analysis of airborne pollen grains and fungal spores for allergy networks - Volumetric Hirst method

Air ambient - Échantillonnage et analyse des grains de pollen et des spores fongiques aériens pour les réseaux aérobiologiques - Méthode volumétrique de Hirst

Außenluft - Probenahme und Analyse luftgetragener Pollen und Pilzsporen für Allergienetzwerke - Volumetrische Hirst-Methode

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION
COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION
EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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European foreword

This document (CEN/TS 16868:2015) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 264 "Air quality", the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

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Introduction

Biological particles (pollen and fungal spores) are present in the air, causing health impacts at various levels. In Europe, nearly 18 % to 20 % of people suffer from pollinosis due to pollen and/or fungal spores. Pollen grains and fungal spores are considered in some Member States as an air pollutant as well as particles suspended in the air (PM_{10,2,5}). In Europe, European Aerobiology Society (EAS) in coordination with International Association for Aerobiology (IAA) manage problems of sampling, analysis, quality control, development and information.

For the sampling and analysis of biological particles different methodology and operating procedures are used.

Sampling equipment is diversified (see Annex A). Analysis is based on optical light microscopy for identification and counting pollen grains and fungal spores.

Elements and reagents used during sampling and analysis have very specific properties and require to be handled carefully.

Given the close relationship between aerobiology and other sciences, one of the main aims is that information on airborne biological-particle counts should be of use in a wide range of disciplines and fields of application, including aerobiology, biodiversity, agriculture, forestry, phytopathology, meteorology, climatology, forensic science, bioterrorism, and health (sensitization and allergy).

1 Scope

This European Standard specifies the procedure to sample continuously and analyse the concentration of airborne pollen grains and fungal spores in ambient air using the volumetric Hirst type sampler [1] [2] [3] (see Annex A).

This European Standard describes both the sampling and the analysis procedures for the purpose of allergy networks. For the other tasks mentioned in the introduction, other specifications may be required.

2 Normative references

Not applicable.

koniec náhľadu – text ďalej pokračuje v platenej verzii STN