

STN	Usne. Fyzikálne a mechanické skúšky. Stanovenie pevnosti v ďalšom trhaní. Časť 2: Dvojstranné trhanie (ISO 3377-2: 2016).	STN EN ISO 3377-2 79 3828
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Leather - Physical and mechanical tests - Determination of tear load - Part 2: Double edge tear (ISO 3377-2:2016)

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy.
This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

Táto norma bola oznámená vo Vestníku ÚNMS SR č. 06/16

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EUROPEAN STANDARD
NORME EUROPÉENNE
EUROPÄISCHE NORM

EN ISO 3377-2

March 2016

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Supersedes EN ISO 3377-2:2002

English Version

**Leather - Physical and mechanical tests - Determination of
tear load - Part 2: Double edge tear (ISO 3377-2:2016)**

Cuir - Essais physiques et mécaniques - Détermination
de la force de déchirement - Partie 2: Déchirement des
deux bords (ISO 3377-2:2016)

Leder - Physikalische und mechanische Prüfungen -
Bestimmung der Weiterreißfestigkeit - Teil 2:
Zweikantenriss (ISO 3377-2:2016)

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European foreword

This document (EN ISO 3377-2:2016) has been prepared by Technical Committee IULTCS "International Union of Leather Technologists and Chemists Societies" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 289 "Leather" the secretariat of which is held by UNI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by September 2016, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by September 2016.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN ISO 3377-2:2002.

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Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 3377-2:2016 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 3377-2:2016 without any modification.

**Leather — Physical and mechanical
tests — Determination of tear load —**

**Part 2:
Double edge tear**

*Cuir — Essais physiques et mécaniques — Détermination de la force
de déchirement —*

Partie 2: Déchirement des deux bords





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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: [Foreword - Supplementary information](#)

ISO 3377-2 was prepared by the Physical Test Commission of the International Union of Leather Technologists and Chemists Societies (IUP Commission, IULTCS) in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 289, *Leather*, the secretariat of which is held by UNI, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

It is based on IUP 8 originally published in *J. Soc. Leather Trades Chemists* **44**, p. 368, (1960) and declared an official method of the IULTCS in 1961. This updated version was published in *J. Soc. Leather Tech. Chem.* **84**, p. 327, (2000) and reconfirmed as an official method in March 2001. The same principle is used but the text has been updated and includes the number of test pieces to be taken.

IULTCS, originally formed in 1897, is a world-wide organization of professional leather societies to further the advancement of leather science and technology. IULTCS has three Commissions, which are responsible for establishing international methods for the sampling and testing of leather. ISO recognizes IULTCS as an international standardizing body for the preparation of test methods for leather.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 3377-2:2002), of which it constitutes a minor revision to align item f) of Clause 7 with ISO 2419:2012.

ISO 3377 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Leather — Physical and mechanical tests — Determination of tear load*:

- *Part 1: Single edge tear*
- *Part 2: Double edge tear*

Leather — Physical and mechanical tests — Determination of tear load —

Part 2: Double edge tear

1 Scope

This part of ISO 3377 specifies a method for determining the tear strength of leather using a double edged tear. The method is sometimes described as the Baumann tear. It is applicable to all types of leather.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 2418, *Leather — Chemical, physical and mechanical and fastness tests — Sampling location*

ISO 2419, *Leather — Physical and mechanical tests — Sample preparation and conditioning*

ISO 2589, *Leather — Physical and mechanical tests — Determination of thickness*

ISO 7500-1, *Metallic materials — Verification of static uniaxial testing machines — Part 1: Tension/compression testing machines – Verification and calibration of the force-measuring system*

koniec náhľadu – text ďalej pokračuje v platenej verzii STN