STN	Výrobky založené na biomase. Stanovenie obsahu založeného na biomase. Časť 1: Stanovenie obsahu založeného na biomase použitím rádiouhlíkovej analýzy a elementárnej analýzy.	STN EN 16785-1
		65 9811

Bio-based products - Bio-based content - Part 1: Determination of the bio-based content using the radiocarbon analysis and elemental analysis

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy. This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

Táto norma bola oznámená vo Vestníku ÚNMS SR č. 06/16

Obsahuje: EN 16785-1:2015

123007

Úrad pre normalizáciu, metrológiu a skúšobníctvo SR, 2016 Podľa zákona č. 264/1999 Z. z. v znení neskorších predpisov sa môžu slovenské technické normy rozmnožovať a rozširovať iba so súhlasom Úradu pre normalizáciu, metrológiu a skúšobníctvo SR.

STN EN 16785-1: 2016

EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

EN 16785-1

December 2015

ICS 13.020.60; 71.040.40

English Version

Bio-based products - Bio-based content - Part 1: Determination of the bio-based content using the radiocarbon analysis and elemental analysis

Produits biosourcés - Teneur biosourcée - Partie 1: Détermination de la teneur biosourcée par une analyse au radiocarbone et une analyse élémentaire Biobasierte Produkte - Biobasierter Gehalt - Teil 1: Bestimmung des biobasierten Gehalts unter Verwendung der Radiokarbon- und Elementaranalyse

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 10 October 2015.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and United Kingdom.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels

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European foreword

This document (EN 16785-1:2015) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 411 "Bio-based products", the secretariat of which is held by NEN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by June 2016, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by June 2016.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

EN 16785 consists of the following parts:

- EN 16785-1, Bio-based products Bio-based content Part 1: Determination of the bio-based content using the radiocarbon analysis and elemental analysis (the present document)
- EN 16785-2, Bio-based products Bio-based content Part 2: Determination of the bio-based content using the material balance method

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

Introduction

Bio-based products from forestry and agriculture have a long history of application, such as paper, board and various chemicals and materials. The last decades have seen the emergence of new bio-based products in the market. Some of the reasons for the increased interest lie in the bio-based products' benefits in relation to the depletion of fossil resources and climate change. Bio-based products may also provide additional product functionalities. This has triggered a wave of innovation with the development of knowledge and technologies allowing new transformation processes and product development.

Acknowledging the need for common standards for bio-based products, the European Commission issued Mandate M/492¹), resulting in a series of standards developed by CEN/TC 411, with a focus on bio-based products other than food, feed and biomass for energy applications.

The standards of CEN/TC 411 "Bio-based products" provide a common basis on the following aspects:

- Common terminology;
- Bio-based content determination;
- Life Cycle Assessment (LCA);
- Sustainability aspects;
- Declaration tools.

It is important to understand what the term bio-based product covers and how it is being used. The term 'bio-based' means 'derived from biomass'. Bio-based products (bottles, insulation materials, wood and wood products, paper solvents, chemical intermediates, composite materials, etc.) are products which are wholly or partly derived from biomass. It is essential to characterize the amount of biomass contained in the product by, for instance, its bio-based content or bio-based carbon content.

The bio-based content of a product does not provide information on its environmental impact or sustainability, which may be assessed through LCA and sustainability criteria. In addition, transparent and unambiguous communication within bio-based value chains is facilitated by a harmonized framework for certification and declaration.

The purpose of this European Standard is to provide a method of determining the bio-based content of solid, liquid and gaseous products using the radiocarbon analysis and elemental analysis.

Element carbon, C, has an isotope, ¹⁴C, which allows for a clear distinction between carbon based substances in present living organisms and carbon based substances from fossil sources. Due to its radioactive decay, it is almost absent from fossil products older than 20 000 years to 30 000 years. Consequently, if the ¹⁴C is present in chemicals, then it originates from recent atmospheric CO_2 . The ¹⁴C content may thus be considered as a tracer of chemicals recently synthesized from atmospheric CO_2 particularly of recently produced products, and it is used in CEN/TS 16640 for determining the biobased carbon content.

The applied approach for carbon to determine the bio-based content of a sample based on isotopic measurements, cannot be used for other elements, such as oxygen, nitrogen or hydrogen.

However the content of each element can be determined by an elemental analysis which leads to the total content of each element. It does not differentiate the element according to its origin from bio-

¹⁾ A mandate is a standardization task embedded in European trade laws. Mandate M/492 is addressed to the European Standardization bodies, CEN, CENELEC and ETSI, for the development of horizontal European Standards for bio-based products.

based resources or fossil resources. Therefore, the combination of the ¹⁴C content determination and an elemental analysis does not give the bio-based content of a sample. To circumvent this difficulty, the method as given in this European Standard is proposed consisting in a statement from the manufacturer, whose values have to be validated by the combined results of the radiocarbon and the elemental analysis.

1 Scope

This part of EN 16785 specifies a method of determining the bio-based content in products, based on the radiocarbon analysis and elemental analysis.

As a direct analytical determination is not feasible, this method consists in requiring from the producer or his representative some data given in a statement, and comparing these data with the results of the radiocarbon and elemental analysis.

This European Standard is applicable to any solid, liquid and gaseous product containing carbon, provided that a statement is available about the elemental composition and the bio-based content of the product(s).

This method is not needed for the determination of the bio-based content in natural products wholly derived from biomass.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 16575:2014, Bio-based products -- Vocabulary

CEN/TS 16640:2014, Bio-based products — Determination of the bio based carbon content of products using the radiocarbon method

koniec náhľadu – text ďalej pokračuje v platenej verzii STN