

Stomatológia. Stomatologické rotačné nástroje. Frézy. Časť 1: Oceľové laboratórne frézy (ISO 7787-1: 2016).

**STN EN ISO 7787-1** 

85 6033

Dentistry - Laboratory cutters - Part 1: Steel laboratory cutters (ISO 7787-1:2016)

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy. This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

Táto norma bola oznámená vo Vestníku ÚNMS SR č. 10/16

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## EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE

#### **EN ISO 7787-1**

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

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#### **English Version**

# Dentistry - Laboratory cutters - Part 1: Steel laboratory cutters (ISO 7787-1:2016)

Médecine bucco-dentaire - Fraises de laboratoire - Partie 1: Fraises de laboratoire en acier (ISO 7787-1:2016)

Zahnheilkunde - Laborfräser - Teil 1: Laborfräser aus Stahl (ISO 7787-1:2016)

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CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels

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#### **European foreword**

This document (EN ISO 7787-1:2016) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 106 "Dentistry" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 55 "Dentistry" the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by November 2016, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by November 2016.

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#### **Endorsement notice**

The text of ISO 7787-1:2016 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 7787-1:2016 without any modification.

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 7787-1

Second edition 2016-05-01

# Dentistry — Laboratory cutters — Part 1:

Steel laboratory cutters

Médecine bucco-dentaire — Fraises de laboratoire — Partie 1: Fraises de laboratoire en acier



ISO 7787-1:2016(E)



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#### **Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see <a href="www.iso.org/directives">www.iso.org/directives</a>).

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For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: Foreword - Supplementary information

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 106, *Dentistry*, Subcommittee SC 4, *Dental instruments*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 7787-1:1984), which has been technically revised.

ISO 7787 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Dentistry — Laboratory cutters*:

- Part 1: Steel laboratory cutters
- Part 2: Carbide laboratory cutters
- Part 3: Tungsten carbide cutters for milling machines
- Part 4: Miniature carbide laboratory cutters

#### Introduction

This part of ISO 7787 is one of a series of International Standards relating to dental rotary instruments.

The various dimensional and other requirements specified for steel cutters are those considered important to ensure the interchangeability of these instruments.

### **Dentistry** — Laboratory cutters —

#### Part 1:

### Steel laboratory cutters

#### 1 Scope

This part of ISO 7787 specifies dimensional and other requirements for the nine most commonly used steel cutters which are predominantly used in the dental laboratory.

Other characteristics of laboratory cutters, for example, spiralled blades or cross-cut, are not covered by this part of ISO 7787.

NOTE These cutters are also used in podiatry.

#### 2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 1797<sup>1)</sup>, Dentistry — Shanks for rotary and oscillating instruments

ISO 1942, Dentistry — Vocabulary

ISO 2157, Dentistry — Nominal diameters and designation code numbers for rotary instruments

ISO 6360-3, Dentistry — Number coding system for rotary instruments — Part 3: Specific characteristics of burs and cutters

ISO 8325, Dentistry — Test methods for rotary instruments

## koniec náhľadu – text ďalej pokračuje v platenej verzii STN

<sup>1)</sup> To be published.