

STN	Zariadenia a príslušenstvo na skvapalnený zemný plyn. Navrhovanie pobrežných zariadení.	STN EN 1473 38 6615
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Installation and equipment for liquefied natural gas - Design of onshore installations

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy.
This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

Táto norma bola oznámená vo Vestníku ÚNMS SR č. 08/16

Obsahuje: EN 1473:2016

Oznámením tejto normy sa od 30.11.2016 ruší
STN EN 1473 (38 6615) z augusta 2007

123406

Úrad pre normalizáciu, metrológiu a skúšobníctvo SR, 2016
Podľa zákona č. 264/1999 Z. z. v znení neskorších predpisov sa môžu slovenské technické normy
rozmnožovať a rozširovať iba so súhlasom Úradu pre normalizáciu, metrológiu a skúšobníctvo SR.

EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN 1473

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

May 2016

ICS 75.200

Supersedes EN 1473:2007

English Version

Installation and equipment for liquefied natural gas - Design of onshore installations

Installations et équipements de gaz naturel liquéfié -
Conception des installations terrestres

Anlagen und Ausrüstung für Flüssigerdgas - Auslegung
von landseitigen Anlagen

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 4 March 2016.

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European foreword

This document (EN 1473:2016) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 282 "Installation and equipment for LNG", the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by November 2016, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by November 2016.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN 1473:2007.

In comparison with EN 1473:2007, the following changes have been made:

- the scope definition has been modified to cover interfaces and limits with floating solutions, plants refurbishing, renovation and expansion, and to better complement EN 14620;
- some requirements were revisited, such as tank containment types, new air vaporizer and sections that were subject to questions from the 2007 version;
- terms and definitions were adjusted to cope with new market development;
- the normative references were updated.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

Introduction

The objective of this European Standard is to give functional guidelines for on-shore LNG installations. It recommends procedures and practices that will result in safe and environmentally acceptable design, construction and operation of LNG plants.

It need not be applied retrospectively, but application is recommended when major modifications of existing installations are being considered.

This standard is also recommended for debottlenecking, revamping and plant life extension in the limits that will be defined by the local Authorities. The appliance of the European Directives to the existing facilities is part of the limits to be defined together with the local Authorities.

In case of plant expansion, this European Standard is applicable for the new facilities. The application of these recommendations for the tie-ins and connections to the existing facilities will be defined by the local Authorities. The limits of such application should consider the practicality of such appliance. In the same way the limits of the European Directives appliance will be accurately defined with the local Authorities.

1 Scope

This European Standard gives guidelines for the design, construction and operation of all onshore liquefied natural gas (LNG) installations for the liquefaction, storage, vaporization, transfer and handling of LNG.

This European Standard is valid for plants with LNG storage at pressure lower than 0,5 barg and capacity above 200 t and for the following plant types:

- LNG liquefaction installations (plant), between the designated gas inlet boundary limit, and the outlet boundary limit which is usually the ship manifold and/or truck delivery station when applicable; feed gas can be from gas field, associated gas from oil field, piped gas from transportation grid or from renewables;
- LNG regasification installations (plant), between the ship manifold and the designated gas outlet boundary limit;
- peak-shaving plants, between designated gas inlet and outlet boundary limits;
- the fixed part of LNG bunkering station.

A short description of each of these installations is given in Annex G.

Floating solutions (FPSO, FSRU, SRV), whether off-shore or nearby shore, are not covered by this European Standard even if some concepts, principles or recommendations could be applied. However, in case of berthed FSRU with LNG transfer across the jetty, the following recommendations apply for the jetty and topside facilities if the jetty is located within 3 000 m from the shore line.

In case of FSU type solution, the on-shore part is covered by these standard recommendations.

This standard is not applicable for installations specifically referred or covered by other standards, e.g. LNG fuelling stations, LNG road or rail tankers and LNG bunkering vessels.

The plants with a storage inventory from 50 t up to 200 t with tanks at a pressure higher than 0,5 barg are covered by EN 13645.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 809, *Pumps and pump units for liquids — Common safety requirements*

EN 1092-1, *Flanges and their joints — Circular flanges for pipes, valves, fittings and accessories, PN-designated — Part 1: Steel flanges*

EN 1127-1, *Explosive atmospheres — Explosion prevention and protection — Part 1: Basic concepts and methodology*

EN 1474 (all parts) *Installation and equipment for liquefied natural gas — Design and testing of loading/unloading arms*

EN 1514-1, *Flanges and their joints — Dimensions of gaskets for PN-designated flanges — Part 1: Non-metallic flat gaskets with or without inserts*

EN 1591 (all parts), *Flanges and their joints — Design rules for gasketed circular flange connections*

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- EN 1776, *Gas infrastructure — Gas measuring systems — Functional requirements*
- EN 1991-1-2, *Eurocode 1: Actions on structures — Part 1-2: General actions — Actions on structures exposed to fire*
- EN 1992-1-1, *Eurocode 2: Design of concrete structures — Part 1-1: General rules and rules for buildings*
- EN 1992-1-2, *Eurocode 2: Design of concrete structures — Part 1-2: General rules — Structural fire design*
- EN 1993-1-1, *Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures — Part 1-1: General rules and rules for buildings*
- EN 1993-1-2, *Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures — Part 1-2: General rules — Structural fire design*
- EN 1994-1-1, *Eurocode 4: Design of composite steel and concrete structures — Part 1-1: General rules and rules for buildings*
- EN 1994-1-2, *Eurocode 4 — Design of composite steel and concrete structures — Part 1-2: General rules - Structural fire design*
- EN 1997 (all parts), *Eurocode 7: Geotechnical design*
- EN 1998-1, *Eurocode 8: Design of structures for earthquake resistance — Part 1: General rules, seismic actions and rules for buildings*
- EN 1998-5, *Eurocode 8: Design of structures for earthquake resistance — Part 5: Foundations, retaining structures and geotechnical aspects*
- EN 10204, *Metallic products — Types of inspection documents*
- EN 12065, *Installations and equipment for liquefied natural gas — Testing of foam concentrates designed for generation of medium and high expansion foam and of extinguishing powders used on liquefied natural gas fires*
- EN 12066, *Installations and equipment for liquefied natural gas — Testing of insulating linings for liquefied natural gas impounding areas*
- EN 12162, *Liquid pumps - Safety requirements — Procedure for hydrostatic testing*
- EN 12308, *Installations and equipment for LNG — Suitability testing of gaskets designed for flanged joints used on LNG piping*
- EN 12434, *Cryogenic vessels — Cryogenic flexible hoses*
- EN 12567, *Industrial valves — Isolating valves for LNG — Specification for suitability and appropriate verification tests*
- EN 13445 (all parts), *Unfired pressure vessels*
- EN 13480 (all parts), *Metallic industrial piping*
- EN 14620-1:2006, *Design and manufacture of site built, vertical, cylindrical, flat-bottomed steel tanks for the storage of refrigerated, liquefied gases with operating temperatures between 0 °C and -165 °C — Part 1: General*

EN 14620 (all parts), *Design and manufacture of site built, vertical, cylindrical, flat-bottomed steel tanks for the storage of refrigerated, liquefied gases with operating temperatures between 0 °C and - 165 °C*

EN 60079-0, *Explosive atmospheres — Part 0: Equipment — General requirements (IEC 60079-0)*

EN 60079-1, *Explosive atmospheres — Part 1: Equipment protection by flameproof enclosures "d" (IEC 60079-1)*

EN 60079-2, *Explosive atmospheres — Part 2: Equipment protection by pressurized enclosure "p" (IEC 60079-2)*

EN 60079-5, *Explosive atmospheres — Part 5: Equipment protection by powder filling "q" (IEC 60079-5)*

EN 60079-6, *Explosive atmospheres — Part 6: Equipment protection by liquid immersion "o" (IEC 60079-6)*

EN 60079-7, *Explosive atmospheres — Part 7: Equipment protection by increased safety "e" (IEC 60079-7)*

EN 60079-10-1, *Explosive atmospheres — Part 10-1: Classification of areas — Explosive gas atmospheres (IEC 60079-10-1)*

EN 60079-10-2, *Explosive atmospheres — Part 10-2: Classification of areas — Explosive dust atmospheres (IEC 60079-10-2)*

EN 60079-11, *Explosive atmospheres — Part 11: Equipment protection by intrinsic safety "i" (IEC 60079-11)*

EN 60079-13, *Explosive atmospheres — Part 13: Equipment protection by pressurized room "p" (IEC 60079-13)*

EN 60079-14, *Explosive atmospheres — Part 14: Electrical installations design, selection and erection (IEC 60079-14)*

EN 60079-15, *Explosive atmospheres — Part 15: Equipment protection by type of protection "n" (IEC 60079-15)*

EN 60079-17, *Explosive atmospheres — Part 17: Electrical installations inspection and maintenance (IEC 60079-17)*

EN 60079-18, *Explosive atmospheres — Part 18: Equipment protection by encapsulation "m" (IEC 60079-18)*

EN 60079-19, *Explosive atmospheres — Part 19: Equipment repair, overhaul and reclamation (IEC 60079-19)*

EN 60079-20-1, *Explosive atmospheres — Part 20-1: Material characteristics for gas and vapour classification - Test methods and data (IEC 60079-20-1)*

EN 60079-25, *Explosive atmospheres — Part 25: Intrinsically safe electrical systems (IEC 60079-25)*

EN 60079-26, *Explosive atmospheres — Part 26: Equipment with Equipment Protection Level (EPL) Ga (IEC 60079-26)*

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EN 60079-27, *Explosive atmospheres — Part 27: Fieldbus intrinsically safe concept (FISCO) (IEC 60079-27)*

EN 61508-1, *Functional safety of electrical/electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems — Part 1: General requirements (IEC 61508-1)*

EN 62305 (all parts), *Protection against lightning (IEC 62305)*

EN ISO 1460, *Metallic coatings — Hot dip galvanized coatings on ferrous materials — Gravimetric determination of the mass per unit area (ISO 1460)*

EN ISO 1461, *Hot dip galvanized coatings on fabricated iron and steel articles — Specifications and test methods (ISO 1461)*

EN ISO 3452-1, *Non-destructive testing — Penetrant testing — Part 1: General principles (ISO 3452-1)*

EN ISO 9606-1, *Qualification testing of welders — Fusion welding — Part 1: Steels (ISO 9606-1)*

EN ISO 9712, *Non-destructive testing — Qualification and certification of NDT personnel (ISO 9712)*

EN ISO 10456, *Building materials and products — Hygrothermal properties — Tabulated design values and procedures for determining declared and design thermal values (ISO 10456)*

EN ISO 10497, *Testing of valves — Fire type-testing requirements (ISO 10497)*

EN ISO 12944 (all parts), *Paints and varnishes — Corrosion protection of steel structures by protective paint systems (ISO 12944)*

EN ISO 13709, *Centrifugal pumps for petroleum, petrochemical and natural gas industries (ISO 13709)*

EN ISO 15607, *Specification and qualification of welding procedures for metallic materials — General rules (ISO 15607)*

EN ISO 15609-1, *Specification and qualification of welding procedures for metallic materials — Welding procedure specification — Part 1: Arc welding (ISO 15609-1)*

EN ISO 15614-1, *Specification and qualification of welding procedures for metallic materials — Welding procedure test — Part 1: Arc and gas welding of steels and arc welding of nickel and nickel alloys (ISO 15614-1)*

EN ISO 16903, *Petroleum and natural gas industries — Characteristics of LNG, influencing the design, and material selection (ISO 16903)*

EN ISO 17636-1, *Non-destructive testing of welds — Radiographic testing — Part 1: X- and gamma-ray techniques with film (ISO 17636-1)*

EN ISO 17636-2, *Non-destructive testing of welds — Radiographic testing — Part 2: X- and gamma-ray techniques with digital detectors (ISO 17636-2)*

EN ISO 17637, *Non-destructive testing of welds — Visual testing of fusion-welded joints (ISO 17637)*

EN ISO 17640, *Non-destructive testing of welds — Ultrasonic testing — Techniques, testing levels, and assessment (ISO 17640)*

EN ISO 28460, *Petroleum and natural gas industries — Installation and equipment for liquefied natural gas — Ship-to-shore interface and port operations (ISO 28460)*

HD 60364-5-54, *Low-voltage electrical installations — Part 5-54: Selection and erection of electrical equipment — Earthing arrangements and protective conductors (IEC 60364-5-54)*

IEC/TR 60079-16, *Electrical apparatus for explosive gas atmospheres — Part 16: Artificial ventilation for the protection of analyser(s) houses*

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