

Characterization of waste - Halogen and sulfur content - Oxygen combustion in closed systems and determination methods

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy. This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

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English Version

Characterization of waste - Halogen and sulfur content - Oxygen combustion in closed systems and determination methods

Caractérisation des déchets - Teneur en halogènes et en soufre - Combustion sous oxygène en systèmes fermés et méthodes de dosage Charakterisierung von Abfällen - Halogen- und Schwefelgehalt - Sauerstoffverbrennung in geschlossenen Systemen und Bestimmungsmethoden

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 17 June 2016.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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European foreword

This document (EN 14582:2016) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 292 "Characterization of waste", the secretariat of which is held by NEN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by February 2017, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by February 2017.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

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Introduction

Sulfur and halogens (fluorine, chlorine, bromine and iodine) may be found in materials in various forms. During the combustion of these materials, corrosive and harmful compounds may be released. The determination of sulfur and halogens by oxygen combustion may be used to assess the suitability of waste for incineration.

The determination of the resultant halides and sulphate can be achieved by many different techniques, e.g. using atomic emission spectrometry, titrimetry or ion chromatography.

Validation data of these different techniques are given in Annex A (informative).

Another method, oxygen flask combustion by Schoeniger, did not pass the method validation due to lack of participants. This method is described in Annex B (informative).

Anyone dealing with waste and sludge analysis should be aware of the typical risks of that kind of material irrespective of the parameter to be determined. Waste and sludge samples may contain hazardous (e.g. toxic, reactive, flammable, infectious) substances, which can be liable to biological and/or chemical reaction. Consequently these samples should be handled with special care. Gases which may be produced by microbiological or chemical activity are potentially flammable and will pressurize sealed containers. Bursting bottles are likely to result in hazardous shrapnel, dust and/or aerosol. National regulations should be followed with respect to all hazards associated with this method.

1 Scope

This standard specifies a combustion method for the determination of halogen and sulfur contents in materials by combustion in a closed system containing oxygen (calorimetric bomb), and the subsequent analysis of the combustion product using different analytical techniques.

This method is applicable to solid, pasty and liquid samples containing more than $0.025 \, \text{g/kg}$ of halogen and/or $0.025 \, \text{g/kg}$ of sulfur content. The limit of detection depends on the element, the matrix and the determination technique used.

Insoluble halides and sulphate present in the sample or produced during the combustion step are not completely determined by these methods.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 14346, Characterization of waste - Calculation of dry matter by determination of dry residue or water content

EN 15002, Characterization of waste - Preparation of test portions from the laboratory sample

EN ISO 3696, Water for analytical laboratory use - Specification and test methods (ISO 3696)

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