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Telecommunication network equipment; ElectroMagnetic Compatibility (EMC) requirements; Harmonised Standard covering the essential requirements of the Directive 2014/30/EU

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**Telecommunication network equipment;
ElectroMagnetic Compatibility (EMC) requirements;
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Foreword

This Harmonised European Standard (EN) has been produced by ETSI Technical Committee Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM).

The present document has been prepared to provide one voluntary means of conforming to the essential requirements of Directive 2014/30/EU [i.31] of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States relating to electromagnetic compatibility (recast).

NOTE: The corresponding Commission's standardisation request to provide one voluntary means of conforming to the essential requirements Directive 2014/30/EU on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States relating to electromagnetic compatibility (recast) [i.31] is expected shortly.

Once the present document is cited in the Official Journal of the European Union under that Directive, compliance with the normative clauses of the present document given in table A.1 confers, within the limits of the scope of the present document, a presumption of conformity with the corresponding essential requirements of that Directive, and associated EFTA regulations.

National transposition dates	
Date of adoption of this EN:	6 June 2016
Date of latest announcement of this EN (doa):	30 September 2016
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Modal verbs terminology

In the present document "**shall**", "**shall not**", "**should**", "**should not**", "**may**", "**need not**", "**will**", "**will not**", "**can**" and "**cannot**" are to be interpreted as described in clause 3.2 of the [ETSI Drafting Rules](#) (Verbal forms for the expression of provisions).

"**must**" and "**must not**" are **NOT** allowed in ETSI deliverables except when used in direct citation.

1 Scope

The present document covers the EMC requirements for non-radio equipment intended to be used within a public telecommunications network, which provides telecommunications between Network Termination Points (NTPs) (i.e. excluding terminal equipment beyond the NTPs). Examples of such equipment are:

- Switching equipment. Such equipment includes:
 - local telephone exchanges;
 - remote switching concentrators;
 - international switches;
 - telex switches;
 - network packet switches;
 - base station controllers, radio network controllers;
 - network servers and gateways.
- Non-radio transmission equipment and ancillary equipment. Such equipment includes:
 - multiplexers;
 - line equipment and repeaters, e.g. equipment for:
 - Synchronous Digital Hierarchy (SDH);
 - Plesiochronous Digital Hierarchy (PDH);
 - Asynchronous Transfer Mode (ATM);

such as:

- Digital Cross Connect systems;
 - network terminations;
 - transmission equipment used in the access network like xDSL.
- Power supply equipment. Such equipment includes:
 - central power plant;
 - end of suite power supplies;
 - uninterruptible power supplies;
 - stabilized AC power supplies; and
 - other dedicated telecommunication network power supplies;
- but excludes equipment which is uniquely associated with or integrated in other equipment.
- Supervisory equipment. Such equipment includes:
 - network management equipment;
 - operator access maintenance equipment;
 - traffic measurement systems;
 - line test units;
 - functional test units.

NOTE: The function of *supervision* may either be performed by independent equipment or form part of other telecommunication network equipment. If the function of supervision forms part of a telecommunication network equipment, the performance may be evaluated simultaneously with other functions (such as switching and transmission) during EMC testing.

- Data centre equipment which is intended to be used within telecommunication network infrastructure:
 - Storage.
 - Processor.
 - Server.

The environmental classification locations used in the present document refers to ETSI TR 101 651 [i.22].

The requirements of the present document have been selected to ensure an adequate level of immunity for the apparatus covered by the scope of the present document. The levels do not, however, cover extreme cases which may occur at any location but with a low probability of occurrence. In special cases, situations may arise where the levels of disturbance may exceed the immunity test levels specified in the present document. In these instances, special mitigation measures may have to be employed.

General purpose equipment, which is used as a part of a telecommunication network, may be covered by the scope of other standards. For such equipment, if those other standards fully cover the requirements of the present document, no further assessment is necessary. Equipment which also fall within the scope of CENELEC EN 50083-2 [3] may require additional testing on the relevant RF ports. See clause 9.2 and annex D.

Equipment may provide different functions, i.e. switching equipment may also provide transmission functions and transmission equipment may provide storage capabilities etc. All available functions of the EUT are to be tested.

2 References

2.1 Normative references

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

Referenced documents which are not found to be publicly available in the expected location might be found at <http://docbox.etsi.org/Reference>.

NOTE: While any hyperlinks included in this clause were valid at the time of publication, ETSI cannot guarantee their long term validity.

The following referenced documents are necessary for the application of the present document.

- [1] CENELEC EN 55016-1-2 (2014): "Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods - Part 1-2: Radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus - Coupling devices for conducted disturbance measurements".
- [2] CENELEC EN 55016-2-3 (2010 + Amendment 1: 2010 + Amendment 2: 2014): "Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods - Part 2-3: Methods of measurement of disturbances and immunity - Radiated disturbance measurements".
- [3] CENELEC EN 50083-2 (2012): "Cable networks for television signals, sound signals and interactive services - Part 2: Electromagnetic compatibility for equipment".
- [4] CENELEC EN 55022 (2010): "Information technology equipment - Radio disturbance characteristics - Limits and methods of measurement".

NOTE: The use of CENELEC EN 55022 is controlled by the dates defined in the Official Journal.

- [5] CENELEC EN 61000-3-2 (2014): "Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 3-2: Limits - Limits for harmonic current emissions (equipment input current <= 16 A per phase)".
- [6] CENELEC EN 61000-3-3 (2013): "Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 3-3: Limits - Limitation of voltage changes, voltage fluctuations and flicker in public low-voltage supply systems, for equipment with rated current <= 16 A per phase and not subject to conditional connection".
- [7] CENELEC EN 61000-3-11 (2000): "Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 3-11: Limits - Limitation of voltage changes, voltage fluctuations and flicker in public low-voltage supply systems - Equipment with rated current <= 75 A and subject to conditional connection".
- [8] CENELEC EN 61000-3-12 (2011): "Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 3-12: Limits - Limits for harmonic currents produced by equipment connected to public low-voltage systems with input current > 16 A and <= 75 A per phase".
- [9] CENELEC EN 61000-4-2 (2009): "Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 4-2: Testing and measurement techniques - Electrostatic discharge immunity test".
- [10] CENELEC EN 61000-4-3 (2006 + Amendment 1: 2008 + Amendment 2: 2010 + Interpretation Sheet: 2009): "Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 4-3: Testing and measurement techniques - Radiated, radio-frequency, electromagnetic field immunity test".
- [11] CENELEC EN 61000-4-4 (2012): "Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 4-4: Testing and measurement techniques - Electrical fast transient/burst immunity test".
- [12] CENELEC EN 61000-4-5 (2006): "Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 4-5: Testing and measurement techniques - Surge immunity test".

NOTE: The dated reference of CENELEC EN 61000-4-5 has not been updated to the latest version because of the significant technical changes in comparison with the referenced revision. For some test laboratories, updating equipment will be a significant additional cost hence more time is required for implementation.

- [13] CENELEC EN 61000-4-6 (2009): "Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 4-6: Testing and measurement techniques - Immunity to conducted disturbances, induced by radio-frequency fields".

NOTE: The dated reference of CENELEC EN 61000-4-6 has not been updated to the latest version because of the significant technical changes in comparison with the referenced revision. For some test laboratories, updating equipment will be a significant additional cost hence more time is required for implementation.

- [14] CENELEC EN 61000-4-11 (2004): "Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) -- Part 4-11: Testing and measurement techniques - Voltage dips, short interruptions and voltage variations immunity tests".
- [15] ETSI ETS 300 132-1 (edition 1) (09-1996): "Equipment Engineering (EE); Power supply interface at the input to telecommunications equipment; Part 1: Operated by alternating current (ac) derived from direct current (dc) sources".
- [16] ETSI EN 300 132-2 (V2.4.6) (12-2011): "Environmental Engineering (EE); Power supply interface at the input to telecommunications and datacom (ICT) equipment; Part 2: Operated by -48 V direct current (dc)".
- [17] IEC 60050-161 (1990): "International Electrotechnical Vocabulary. Chapter 161: Electromagnetic compatibility".
- [18] IEC 60050-714 (1992): "International Electrotechnical Vocabulary - Chapter 714: Switching and signalling in telecommunications".
- [19] Void.
- [20] Recommendation ITU-T O.41 (1994): "Psophometer for use on telephone-type circuits".
- [21] Void.
- [22] Void.

- [23] Void.
- [24] Void.
- [25] Void.
- [26] Void.
- [27] Void.
- [28] ETSI EN 300 132-3-1 (V2.1.1) (02-2012): "Environmental Engineering (EE); Power supply interface at the input to telecommunications and datacom (ICT) equipment; Part 3: Operated by rectified current source, alternating current source or direct current source up to 400 V; Sub-part 1: Direct current source up to 400 V".
- [29] Void.
- [30] Void.
- [31] CENELEC EN 55032 (2015): "Electromagnetic compatibility of multimedia equipment - Emission requirements".

NOTE: The use of CENELEC EN 55032 is controlled by the dates defined in the Official Journal.

- [32] CENELEC EN 50083 series (2012): "Cable networks for television signals, sound signals and interactive services".

2.2 Informative references

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE: While any hyperlinks included in this clause were valid at the time of publication, ETSI cannot guarantee their long term validity.

The following referenced documents are not necessary for the application of the present document but they assist the user with regard to a particular subject area.

- [i.1] ETSI EN 300 011-1 (V1.2.2): "Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN); Primary rate User Network Interface (UNI); Part 1: Layer 1 specification".
- [i.2] ETSI EN 300 012-1 (V1.2.2): "Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN); Basic User-Network Interface (UNI); Part 1: Layer 1 specification".
- [i.3] ETSI EN 300 166 (V1.2.1): "Transmission and Multiplexing (TM); Physical and electrical characteristics of hierarchical digital interfaces for equipment using the 2 048 kbit/s - based plesiochronous or synchronous digital hierarchies".
- [i.4] ETSI ETS 300 232 (1993 + Amendment 1: 1996): "Transmission and Multiplexing (TM); Optical interfaces for equipments and systems relating to the Synchronous Digital Hierarchy (SDH) [ITU-T Recommendation G.957 (1995), modified)".
- [i.5] ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-3 (2014): "Information technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Local and metropolitan area networks - Specific requirements - Part 3: Carrier sense multiple access with collision detection (CSMA/CD) access method and physical layer specifications".
- [i.6] Void.
- [i.7] Void.
- [i.8] Recommendation ITU-T G.712 (2001): "Transmission performance characteristics of pulse code modulation channels".

- [i.9] Recommendation ITU-T G.812 (2004): "Timing requirements of slave clocks suitable for use as node clocks in synchronization networks".
- [i.10] Recommendation ITU-T G.813 (2003): "Timing characteristics of SDH equipment slave clocks (SEC)".
- [i.11] Void.
- [i.12] Recommendation ITU-T G.961 (1993 + Erratum 1: 2000): "Digital transmission system on metallic local lines for ISDN basic rate access".
- [i.13] Recommendation ITU-T O.150 (1996 + Corrigendum 1: 2002): "General requirements for instrumentation for performance measurements on digital transmission equipment".
- [i.14] Recommendation ITU-T Q.552 (2001): "Transmission characteristics at 2-wire analogue interfaces of digital exchanges".
- [i.15] Recommendation ITU-T V.10 (1993): "Electrical characteristics for unbalanced double-current interchange circuits operating at data signalling rates nominally up to 100 kbit/s".
- [i.16] Recommendation ITU-T V.11 (1996): "Electrical characteristics for balanced double-current interchange circuits operating at data signalling rates up to 10 Mbit/s".
- [i.17] Recommendation ITU-T V.24 (2000): "List of definitions for interchange circuits between Data Terminal Equipment (DTE) and Data Circuit-terminating Equipment (DCE)".
- [i.18] Recommendation ITU-T V.28 (1993): "Electrical characteristics for unbalanced double-current interchange circuits".
- [i.19] Recommendation ITU-T V.36 (1988): "Modems for synchronous data transmission using 60-108 kHz group band circuits".
- [i.20] Recommendation ITU-T X.24 (1988): "List of definitions for interchange circuits between Data Terminal Equipment (DTE) and Data Circuit-terminating Equipment (DCE) on public data networks".
- [i.21] Recommendation ITU-T X.25 (1996 + Corrigendum 1: 1998): "Interface between Data Terminal Equipment (DTE) and Data Circuit-terminating Equipment (DCE) for terminals operating in the packet mode and connected to public data networks by dedicated circuit".
- [i.22] ETSI TR 101 651 (V2.1.1): "Electromagnetic compatibility and radio spectrum matters (ERM); Classification of the electromagnetic environment conditions for equipment in telecommunication networks".
- [i.23] Void.
- [i.24] Council Directive 2004/108/EC of 15 December 2004 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to electromagnetic compatibility and repealing Directive 89/336/EEC (EMC Directive).
- [i.25] Recommendation ITU-T G.783 (2006 + Erratum 1: 2006 + Amendment 1: 2008 + Amendment 2: 2010): "Characteristics of synchronous digital hierarchy (SDH) equipment functional blocks".
- [i.26] Recommendation ITU-T G.798 (2012 + Amendment 1: 2014 + Amendment 2: 2015): "Characteristics of optical transport network hierarchy equipment functional blocks".
- [i.27] Void.
- [i.28] IEEE 1284TM (2000): "IEEE Standard Signalling Method for a Bidirectional Parallel Peripheral Interface for Personal Computers".
- [i.29] IEEE 1394TM (2008): "IEEE Standard for High Performance Serial Bus Bridges".

- [i.30] Directive 98/48/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 July 1998 amending Directive 98/34/EC laying down a procedure for the provision of information in the field of technical standards and regulations.
- [i.31] Directive 2014/30/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States relating to electromagnetic compatibility (recast).
- [i.32] Recommendation ITU-T G.996.1 (2001 + Amendment 1: 2003): "Test procedures for digital subscriber line (DSL) transceivers".
- [i.33] ETSI TS 101 135 (V1.5.3): "Transmission and Multiplexing (TM); High bit-rate Digital Subscriber Line (HDSL) transmission systems on metallic local lines; HDSL core specification and applications for combined ISDN-BA and 2 048 kbit/s transmission".
- [i.34] ETSI TS 101 524-1 (V1.1.1): "Transmission and Multiplexing (TM); Access transmission system on metallic access cables; Symmetrical single pair high bitrate Digital Subscriber Line (SDSL); Part 1: Functional requirements".
- [i.35] ETSI TS 101 270-1 (V1.4.1): "Transmission and Multiplexing (TM); Access transmission systems on metallic access cables; Very high speed Digital Subscriber Line (VDSL); Part 1: Functional requirements".
- [i.36] Recommendation ITU-T G.992.1 (1999 + Annex H: 2000 + Corrigendum 1: 2001 + Corrigendum 2: 2002 + Amendment 1: 2003 + Corrigendum of Amendment 1: 2003): "Asymmetric digital subscriber line (ADSL) transceivers".
- [i.37] Recommendation ITU-T G.992.3 (2009 + Corrigendum 1: 2009 + Amendment 1: 2010 + Amendment 2: 2010 + Amendment 3: 2010 + Corrigendum 2: 2011 + Amendment 4: 2011 + Amendment 5: 2012 + Corrigendum 3: 2013): "Asymmetric digital subscriber line transceivers 2 (ADSL2)".
- [i.38] Recommendation ITU-T G.992.5 (2009 + Corrigendum 1: 2010): "Asymmetric digital subscriber line 2 transceivers (ADSL2) - Extended bandwidth ADSL2 (ADSL2plus)".
- [i.39] Recommendation ITU-T G.993.1 (2004): "Very high speed digital subscriber line transceivers (VDSL)".
- [i.40] Recommendation ITU-T G.993.2 (2015): "Very high speed digital subscriber line transceivers 2 (VDSL2)".
- [i.41] Recommendation ITU-T G.991.1 (1998): "High bit rate digital subscriber line (HDSL) transceivers".
- [i.42] Recommendation ITU-T G.991.2 (2013 + Amendment 1: 2004 + Amendment 2: 2005 + Amendment 2 Erratum 1: 2005 + Amendment 3: 2005): "Single-pair high-speed digital subscriber line (SHDSL) transceivers".

koniec náhľadu – text d'alej pokračuje v platenej verzii STN