

STN	Ovládacie a ochranné prístroje v kábli pre režim nabíjania 2 elektrických vozidiel (IC-CPD).	STN EN 62752 34 1590
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In-cable control and protection device for mode 2 charging of electric road vehicles (IC-CPD)

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy.
This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

Táto norma bola oznámená vo Vestníku ÚNMS SR č. 03/17

Obsahuje: EN 62752:2016, IEC 62752:2016

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EUROPEAN STANDARD
NORME EUROPÉENNE
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EN 62752

August 2016

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Supersedes EN 61851-1:2011 (partially)

English Version

In-cable control and protection device for mode 2 charging of
electric road vehicles (IC-CPD)
(IEC 62752:2016)

Appareil de contrôle et de protection intégré au câble pour
la charge en mode 2 des véhicules électriques (IC-CPD)
(IEC 62752:2016)

Ladeleitungsintegrierte Steuer- und Schutzeinrichtung für
die Ladebetriebsart 2 von Elektro-Straßenfahrzeugen (IC-
CPD)
(IEC 62752:2016)

This European Standard was approved by CENELEC on 2016-04-08. CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CENELEC member.

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European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization
Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique
Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels

European foreword

The text of document 23E/919/FDIS, future edition 1 of IEC 62752, prepared by SC 23E “Circuit-breakers and similar equipment for household use” of IEC/TC 23 “Electrical accessories” was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and approved by CENELEC as EN 62752:2016.

The following dates are fixed:

- latest date by which the document has to be (dop) 2017-02-19
implemented at national level by
publication of an identical national
standard or by endorsement
- latest date by which the national (dow) 2017-12-31
standards conflicting with the
document have to be withdrawn

This European Standard partially supersedes EN 61851-1:2011 for what concerns the product IC-CPD as a cable assembly for mode 2 EV charging. The DOW will be 2017-12-31.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CENELEC [and/or CEN] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CENELEC by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports essential requirements of EU Directive(s).

For the relationship with EU Directives see informative Annexes ZZA and ZZB, which are integral parts of this document.

Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard IEC 62752:2016 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

In the official version, for Bibliography, the following notes have to be added for the standards indicated:

IEC 60269-1:2006	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 60269-1:2007 (not modified).
IEC 60364 Series	NOTE	Harmonized as HD 384/HD 60364 Series.
IEC 60364-7-722	NOTE	Harmonized as HD 60364-7-722.
IEC 60999-1:1999	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 60999-1:2000 (not modified).
IEC 60947-1:2007	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 60947-1:2007 (not modified).
IEC 61008-1:2010	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 61008-1:2012 (modified).
IEC 62423:2009	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 62423:2009 (modified).

Annex ZA (normative)

Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE 1 When an International Publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

NOTE 2 Up-to-date information on the latest versions of the European Standards listed in this annex is available here: www.cenelec.eu

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>EN/HD</u>	<u>Year</u>
IEC 60065	-	Audio, video and similar electronic apparatus - Safety requirements	EN 60065	-
IEC 60068-2-1	-	Environmental testing - Part 2-1: Tests - Test A: Cold	EN 60068-2-1	-
IEC 60068-2-5	-	Environmental testing - Part 2-5: Tests - Test Sa: Simulated solar radiation at ground level and guidance for solar radiation testing	EN 60068-2-5	-
IEC 60068-2-11	-	Basic environmental testing procedures - Part 2-11: Tests - Test Ka: Salt mist	EN 60068-2-11	-
IEC 60068-2-27	-	Environmental testing - Part 2-27: Tests - Test Ea and guidance: Shock	EN 60068-2-27	-
IEC 60068-2-30	-	Environmental testing - Part 2-30: Tests - Test Db: Damp heat, cyclic (12 h + 12 h cycle)	EN 60068-2-30	-
IEC 60068-2-31	-	Environmental testing - Part 2-31: Tests - Test Ec: Rough handling shocks, primarily for equipment-type specimens	EN 60068-2-31	-
IEC 60068-2-64	-	Environmental testing - Part 2-64: Tests - Test Fh: Vibration, broadband random and guidance	EN 60068-2-64	-
IEC 60068-3-4	-	Environmental testing - Part 3-4: Supporting documentation and guidance - Damp heat tests	EN 60068-3-4	-
IEC 60112	-	Method for the determination of the proof and the comparative tracking indices of solid insulating materials	EN 60112	-
IEC 60227	Series	Polyvinyl chloride insulated cables of rated voltages up to and including 450/750 V	-	-
IEC 60245	Series	Rubber insulated cables - Rated voltages up to and including 450/750 V	-	-
IEC 60309	Series	Plugs, socket-outlets and couplers for industrial purposes	EN 60309	Series

EN 62752:2016

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>EN/HD</u>	<u>Year</u>
IEC 60309-1	1999	Plugs, socket-outlets and couplers for industrial purposes - Part 1: General requirements	EN 60309-1 +A11	1999 2004
+A1 (mod)	2005		+A1	2007
+A2	2012		+A2	2012
IEC 60309-2	-	Plugs, socket-outlets and couplers for industrial purposes - Part 2: Dimensional interchangeability requirements for pin and contact-tube accessories	EN 60309-2	-
IEC 60364-4-44 (mod)	2007	Low-voltage electrical installations - Part 4-44: Protection for safety - Protection against voltage disturbances and electromagnetic disturbances	HD 60364-4-442	2012
IEC 60384-14	Series	Fixed capacitors for use in electronic equipment - Part 14: Sectional specification - Fixed capacitors for electromagnetic interference suppression and connection to the supply mains	EN 60384-14	Series
IEC 60417-DB	-	Graphical symbols for use on equipment	-	-
IEC 60529	1989	Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP Code)	EN 60529 + corr. May	1991 1993
IEC 60664-1	2007	Insulation coordination for equipment within low-voltage systems - Part 1: Principles, requirements and tests	EN 60664-1	2007
IEC 60664-3	-	Insulation coordination for equipment within low-voltage systems - Part 3: Use of coating, potting or moulding for protection against pollution	EN 60664-3	-
IEC 60695-2-10	-	Fire hazard testing - Part 2-10: Glowing/hot-wire based test methods - Glow-wire apparatus and common test procedure	EN 60695-2-10	-
IEC 60695-2-11	-	Fire hazard testing - Part 2-11: Glowing/hot-wire based test methods - Glow-wire flammability test method for end-products (GWEPT)	EN 60695-2-11	-
IEC 60884-1	2002	Plugs and socket-outlets for household and similar purposes - Part 1: General requirements		-
+A1	2006		-	-
+A2	2013		-	-
IEC 61249-2	Series	Materials for printed boards and other interconnecting structures	EN 61249-2	Series
IEC 61540	-	Electrical accessories - Portable residual current devices without integral overcurrent protection for household and similar use (PRCDs)	HD 639 S1	-

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>EN/HD</u>	<u>Year</u>
IEC 61543	1995	Residual current-operated protective devices (RCDs) for household and similar use - Electromagnetic compatibility	EN 61543 + corr. December +A11 +A12	1995 1997 2003 2005
+A1	2004		-	-
+A2	2005		+A2	2006
IEC 61851-1	2010	Electric vehicle conductive charging system - Part 1: General requirements	EN 61851-1	2011
IEC 62196-1	-	Plugs, socket-outlets, vehicle connectors and vehicle inlets - Conductive charging of electric vehicles - Part 1: General requirements	EN 62196-1	-
IEC 62196-2	-	Plugs, socket-outlets, vehicle connectors and vehicle inlets - Conductive charging of electric vehicles - Part 2: Dimensional compatibility and interchangeability requirements for a.c. pin and contact-tube accessories	EN 62196-2	-
IEC/TS 62763	2013	Pilot function through a control pilot circuit using PWM modulation and a control pilot wire	-	-
CISPR 14	Series	Electromagnetic compatibility - Requirements for household appliances, electric tools and similar apparatus	EN 55014	Series
ISO 178	-	Plastics - Determination of flexural properties	EN ISO 178	-
ISO 179	Series	Plastics - Determination of Charpy impact properties	EN ISO 179	Series
ISO 179-1	-	Plastics - Determination of Charpy impact properties - Part 1: Non-instrumented impact test	EN ISO 179-1	-
ISO 2409	-	Paints and varnishes - Cross-cut test	EN ISO 2409	-
ISO 4628-3	-	Paints and varnishes - Evaluation of degradation of coatings - Designation of quantity and size of defects, and of intensity of uniform changes in appearance - Part 3: Assessment of degree of rusting	EN ISO 4628-3	-
ISO 4892-2	2013	Plastics - Methods of exposure to laboratory light sources - Part 2: Xenon-arc lamps	EN ISO 4892-2	2013
ISO 16750-5	2010	Road vehicles - Environmental conditions and testing for electrical and electronic equipment - Part 5: Chemical loads	-	-
ISO 17409	2015	Electrically propelled road vehicles - Connection to an external electric power supply - Safety requirements	-	-

Annex ZB (normative)

Special national conditions

Special national condition: National characteristic or practice that cannot be changed even over a long period, e.g. climatic conditions, electrical earthing conditions.

NOTE If it affects harmonization, it forms part of the European Standard or Harmonization Document.

For the countries in which the relevant special national conditions apply these provisions are normative, for other countries they are informative.

<u>Country</u>	<u>Clause</u>	<u>Special national condition</u>
Denmark	1	IC-CPD: For IC-CPDs supplied with a plug for household and similar use, repeated continuous loads of long duration, shall be limited to 6 A.
Finland	1	IC-CPD: The following additional requirement applies: for IC-CPDs supplied with a plug for household and similar use the maximum charging current is 8 A for long lasting charging.
Norway	4.3.4	IC-CPD: In Norway, pluggable types where connector is part of the ICCB shall not be used.
Switzerland	5.3.2	IC-CPD: In Switzerland, simplified control pilot circuit is not allowed.
Switzerland	5.3.2	IC-CPD: In Switzerland, the use of EN 60309-2 accessories is recommended for mode 2 connections for more than 8 A (2 kVA).
France	8.1	IC-CPD: In France, the use of solid brass pins is required.
France	8.3.1	IC-CPD: In France, For a rated current above 8 A, rewirable connections of the household plug are not allowed. Connection between the household plugs and cable shall use terminations (see definition 3.2.3).
Switzerland	8.3.1	IC-CPD: In Switzerland, the use of EN 60309-2 accessories is recommended for mode 2 connections for more than 8 A (2 kVA).
Belgium	9.7.7.4	IC-CPD: In Belgium, an IC-CPD shall be able to function properly in both LNE and LLE configurations, provided the correct voltage is available.

Annex ZC (informative)

A-deviations

A-deviation: National deviation due to regulations, the alteration of which is for the time being outside the competence of the CEN-CENELEC national member.

This European Standard falls under Directives 2014/35/EU and 2014/30/EU.

NOTE (from CEN/CENELEC IR Part 2:2015, 2.16) Where standards fall under EC Directives or Regulations, it is the view of the Commission of the European Communities (OJ No C 59; 1982-03-09) that the effect of the decision of the Court of Justice in case 815/79 Cremonini/Vrankovich (European Court Reports 1980, p. 3583) is that compliance with A-deviations is no longer mandatory and that the free movement of products complying with such a standard should not be restricted within the EC except under the safeguard procedure provided for in the relevant Directive or Regulation.

A-deviations in an EFTA-country are valid instead of the relevant provisions of the European Standard in that country until they have been removed.

<u>Country</u>	<u>Clause</u>	<u>A-deviation</u>
Denmark	General	The requirements in this standard cannot replace or change any part of the Danish National requirements for plugs for household and similar use according to DS 60884-2-D1.

Annex ZZA (informative)

Relationship between this European standard and the essential requirements of Directive 2014/30/EU [2014 OJ L96] aimed to be covered

This European standard has been prepared under a Commission's standardisation request as regards harmonised standards in support of Directive 2014/30/EU relating to electromagnetic compatibility, to provide one voluntary means of conforming to essential requirements of Directive 2014/30/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States relating to electromagnetic compatibility [2014 OJ L96].

Once this standard is cited in the Official Journal of the European Union under that Directive, compliance with the normative clauses of this standard given in Table ZZA.1 confers, within the limits of the scope of this standard, a presumption of conformity with the corresponding essential requirements of that Directive, and associated EFTA regulations.

**Table ZZA.1 – Correspondence between this European standard and Annex I of Directive
2014/30/EU [2014 OJ L96]**

Essential requirements of Directive 2014/30/EU	Clause(s) / sub-clause(s) of this EN	Remarks / Notes
All requirements are covered by complying clause 9.26 of the standard	§9.26	

WARNING 1: Presumption of conformity stays valid only as long as a reference to this European standard is maintained in the list published in the Official Journal of the European Union. Users of this standard should consult frequently the latest list published in the Official Journal of the European Union.

WARNING 2: Other Union legislation may be applicable to the product(s) falling within the scope of this standard.

Annex ZZB (informative)

Relationship between this European standard and the safety objectives of Directive 2014/35/EU [2014 OJ L96] aimed to be covered

This European standard has been prepared under a Commission's standardisation request relating to harmonised standards in the field of the Low Voltage Directive, M/511, to provide one voluntary means of conforming to safety objectives of Directive 2014/35/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States relating to the making available on the market of electrical equipment designed for use within certain voltage limits [2014 OJ L96].

Once this standard is cited in the Official Journal of the European Union under that Directive, compliance with the normative clauses of this standard given in Table ZZB.1 confers, within the limits of the scope of this standard, a presumption of conformity with the corresponding safety objectives of that Directive, and associated EFTA regulations.

**Table ZZB.1 – Correspondence between this European standard and Annex I of Directive
2014/35/EU [2014 OJ L96]**

Safety objectives of Directive 2014/35/EU	Clause(s) / sub-clause(s) of this EN	Remarks / Notes
Within the limits of the scope, all requirements are covered by complying all clauses of the standard.	All normative clauses	

WARNING 1: Presumption of conformity stays valid only as long as a reference to this European standard is maintained in the list published in the Official Journal of the European Union. Users of this standard should consult frequently the latest list published in the Official Journal of the European Union.

WARNING 2: Other Union legislation may be applicable to the product(s) falling within the scope of this standard.



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Edition 1.0 2016-03

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE

In-cable control and protection device for mode 2 charging of electric road vehicles (IC-CPD)

Appareil de contrôle et de protection intégré au câble pour la charge en mode 2 des véhicules électriques (IC-CPD)



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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE

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Appareil de contrôle et de protection intégré au câble pour la charge en mode 2 des véhicules électriques (IC-CPD)

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CONTENTS

FOREWORD.....	10
INTRODUCTION.....	12
1 Scope.....	13
2 Normative references.....	14
3 Terms and definitions	16
3.1 Terms and definitions relating to plugs and socket-outlets.....	17
3.2 Terms and definitions relating to terminals.....	18
3.3 Terms and definitions relating to residual current functions	19
3.3.1 Terms and definitions relating to currents flowing from live parts to earth.....	19
3.3.2 Terms and definitions relating to the energization of the residual current function	20
3.3.3 Terms and definitions relating to the operation and to the functions of the IC-CPD	20
3.3.4 Terms and definitions relating to values and ranges of energizing quantities.....	22
3.3.5 Terms and definitions relating to values and ranges of influencing quantities.....	24
3.3.6 Conditions of operation	24
3.3.7 Terms and definitions relating to control functions between electric vehicle and IC-CPD.....	25
3.4 Terms and definitions relating to tests	25
3.5 Terms and definitions relating to construction	26
4 Classification.....	26
4.1 According to the supply	26
4.1.1 General	26
4.1.2 IC-CPD supplied from one phase and neutral (LNSE or LNE).....	26
4.1.3 IC-CPD supplied from two phases (LLSE or LLE).....	26
4.1.4 IC-CPD supplied from three phases and neutral (LLLNSE or LLLNE)	26
4.2 According to the construction	26
4.2.1 General	26
4.2.2 IC-CPD including the function box separated from the plug and connector.....	26
4.2.3 IC-CPD with the function box integrated together with the plug.....	26
4.2.4 Modular IC-CPD.....	27
4.3 According to the method of connecting the cable(s)	27
4.3.1 General	27
4.3.2 Non-rewirable IC-CPDs	27
4.3.3 IC-CPDs wired by the manufacturer.....	27
4.3.4 Pluggable IC-CPD.....	27
4.4 Classification according to the protective conductor path	27
4.4.1 General	27
4.4.2 IC-CPDs with switched protective conductor	27
4.4.3 IC-CPDs with non-switched protective conductor	28
4.5 Classification according to behaviour in case of open protective conductor.....	28
4.5.1 General	28

4.5.2	IC-CPD with verification of the availability of the upstream protective conductor.....	28
4.5.3	IC-CPD without verification of the availability of the upstream protective conductor.....	28
5	Characteristics of IC-CPDs	28
5.1	Summary of characteristics	28
5.2	Rated quantities and other characteristics	29
5.2.1	Rated voltages.....	29
5.2.2	Rated current (I_n).....	29
5.2.3	Rated residual operating current ($I_{\Delta n}$)	29
5.2.4	Rated residual non-operating current ($I_{\Delta no}$).....	29
5.2.5	Rated frequency.....	29
5.2.6	Rated making and breaking capacity (I_m)	29
5.2.7	Rated residual making and breaking capacity ($I_{\Delta m}$)	30
5.2.8	Operating characteristics in case of residual currents comprising a d.c. component.....	30
5.2.9	Insulation coordination including creepage distances and clearances	30
5.2.10	Coordination with short-circuit protection devices (SCPDs)	30
5.3	Standard and preferred values	30
5.3.1	Preferred values of rated operational voltage (U_e)	30
5.3.2	Preferred values of rated current (I_n).....	30
5.3.3	Standard values of rated residual operating current ($I_{\Delta n}$)	31
5.3.4	Standard value of rated residual non-operating current ($I_{\Delta no}$)	31
5.3.5	Standard minimum value of the non-operating overcurrent through the IC-CPD	31
5.3.6	Preferred values of rated frequency	31
5.3.7	Minimum value of the rated making and breaking capacity (I_m)	31
5.3.8	Minimum value of the rated residual making and breaking capacity ($I_{\Delta m}$)	31
5.3.9	Standard value of the rated conditional short-circuit current (I_{nc})	32
5.3.10	Standard value of the rated conditional residual short-circuit current ($I_{\Delta c}$)	32
5.3.11	Limit values of break time.....	32
6	Marking and other product information	32
6.1	Data to be marked on the IC-CPD.....	32
6.2	Information to be provided to the end-user.....	34
7	Standard conditions for operation in service and for installation	35
7.1	Standard conditions	35
7.2	Conditions for installations	36
8	Requirements for construction and operation.....	36
8.1	Mechanical design	36
8.2	Pluggable electrical connections of pluggable IC-CPDs according to 4.3.4	37
8.2.1	General	37
8.2.2	Degree of protection of pluggable electrical connection against solid foreign objects and water for pluggable IC-CPD	37
8.2.3	Breaking capacity of pluggable electrical connection for pluggable IC-CPD	38
8.2.4	Additional requirements.....	38
8.3	Construction	38
8.3.1	General	38

8.3.2	Terminations of IC-CPDs.....	39
8.3.3	Enclosure of IC-CPDs according to 4.3.3.....	39
8.3.4	Terminal screws or nuts of IC-CPDs according to 4.3.3.....	39
8.3.5	Strain on the conductors of IC-CPDs according to 4.3.3.....	40
8.3.6	Additional requirements for IC-CPDs according to 4.3.3.....	40
8.3.7	Insulating parts which keep the live parts in position	40
8.3.8	Screws for IC-CPD according to 4.3.3.....	40
8.3.9	Means for suspension from a wall or other mounting surfaces.....	40
8.3.10	Plug as an integral part of plug-in equipment	40
8.3.11	Flexible cables and cords and their connection	41
8.4	Electrical performance.....	42
8.4.1	Protective conductor path.....	42
8.4.2	Contact mechanism.....	42
8.4.3	Clearances and creepage distances (see Annex C)	43
8.5	Protection against electric shock	45
8.5.1	General	45
8.5.2	Requirements relating to plugs, whether incorporated or not in integral items	46
8.5.3	Degree of protection of the function box	46
8.5.4	Requirements relating to vehicle connectors	46
8.6	Dielectric properties	46
8.7	Temperature rise.....	47
8.8	Operating characteristics.....	47
8.8.1	General	47
8.8.2	Safe connection operating characteristics.....	47
8.8.3	Operating characteristics with a.c. residual currents and residual currents having a d.c. component	47
8.8.4	Operating characteristics with smooth d.c. residual current	48
8.8.5	Behaviour of the IC-CPD after a residual current operation	48
8.8.6	Residual pulsating direct currents which may result from rectifying circuits supplied from two phases	48
8.8.7	Residual pulsating direct currents which may result from rectifying circuits supplied from three phases.....	48
8.9	Mechanical and electrical endurance	48
8.10	Performance at short-circuit currents	49
8.11	Resistance to mechanical shock and impact	49
8.12	Resistance to heat	49
8.13	Resistance to abnormal heat and to fire	49
8.14	Performance of the test function	49
8.15	Behaviour in case of loss of the supply voltage	50
8.16	Resistance of IC-CPDs against unwanted tripping due to surge currents to earth resulting from impulse voltages.....	50
8.17	Control pilot function controller	50
8.18	Reliability.....	50
8.19	Resistance to tracking	50
8.20	Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC).....	51
8.21	Behaviour of the IC-CPD at low ambient air temperature	51
8.22	Operation with supply failure and hazardous live protective conductor conditions	51

8.23	Verification of a standing current in the protective conductor in normal service	51
8.24	Behaviour at specific environmental conditions	51
8.25	Resistance to vibration and shock	51
9	Tests	52
9.1	General	52
9.1.1	Opening and closing of contacts	52
9.1.2	Type tests	52
9.1.3	Test sequences	53
9.1.4	Routine tests	54
9.2	Test conditions	54
9.3	Test of indelibility of marking	54
9.4	Verification of protection against electric shock	55
9.5	Test of dielectric properties	55
9.5.1	Resistance to humidity	55
9.5.2	Insulation resistance of the main circuit	56
9.5.3	Dielectric strength of the main circuit	57
9.5.4	Secondary circuit of detection transformers	57
9.5.5	Verification of impulse withstand voltages (across clearances and across solid insulation) and of leakage current across open contacts	57
9.6	Temperature-rise test	60
9.6.1	Test conditions	60
9.6.2	Test procedure	60
9.6.3	Measurement of the temperature rise of different parts	61
9.6.4	Temperature rise of a part	61
9.7	Verification of the operating characteristic	61
9.7.1	General	61
9.7.2	Test circuit	61
9.7.3	Residual sinusoidal alternating currents tests	62
9.7.4	Verification of the correct operation with residual currents having a d.c. component	64
9.7.5	Verification of behaviour in case of composite residual current	65
9.7.6	Verification of the correct operation in case of smooth d.c. residual current	66
9.7.7	Miswiring and supply failure tests	67
9.7.8	Verification of protective conductor contact behaviour	71
9.7.9	Verification that the protective conductor is connected to the electric vehicle	72
9.7.10	Verification of standing current in the protective conductor connection in normal service	72
9.7.11	Verification of the correct operation in case of residual direct currents which may result from rectifying circuits supplied from two phases	72
9.7.12	Verification of the correct operation in case of residual direct currents which may result from rectifying circuits supplied from three phases	73
9.8	Verification of mechanical and electrical endurance	73
9.8.1	Endurance of plug and vehicle connector part	73
9.8.2	Endurance of the residual current function of the IC-CPD	73
9.9	Verification of the behaviour of the IC-CPD under overcurrent conditions	75
9.9.1	List of the overcurrent tests	75
9.9.2	Short-circuit tests	75

9.9.3	Verification of the making and breaking capacity of the plug of the IC-CPD	81
9.10	Verification of resistance to mechanical shock and impact.....	81
9.10.1	General	81
9.10.2	Drop test.....	81
9.10.3	Test for screwed glands of IC-CPDs	82
9.10.4	Mechanical strength test on IC-CPDs provided with cords	82
9.11	Test of resistance to heat	82
9.11.1	General	82
9.11.2	Temperature test in heating cabinet.....	82
9.11.3	Ball pressure test for insulating material necessary to retain in position current-carrying parts	83
9.11.4	Ball pressure test for insulating material not necessary to retain in position current-carrying parts	83
9.12	Resistance of insulating material to abnormal heat and to fire	84
9.13	Verification of the self test	84
9.14	Verification of the behaviour of IC-CPDs in case of loss of the supply voltage.....	85
9.14.1	Verification of correct operation at the minimum operating voltage (U_x)	85
9.14.2	Verification of the automatic opening in case of loss of the supply voltage	85
9.14.3	Verification of the reclosing function	86
9.15	Verification of the limiting values of the non-operating current under overcurrent conditions	86
9.16	Verification of resistance against unwanted tripping due to surge currents to earth resulting from impulse voltages.....	86
9.17	Verification of reliability	86
9.17.1	Climatic test.....	86
9.17.2	Test at a temperature of 45 °C	88
9.18	Resistance to ageing.....	89
9.19	Resistance to tracking	89
9.20	Test on pins provided with insulating sleeves.....	90
9.21	Test of mechanical strength of non-solid pins of plugs.....	90
9.22	Verification of the effects of strain on the conductors	90
9.23	Checking of the torque exerted by IC-CPDs on fixed socket-outlets	90
9.24	Tests of the cord anchorage	90
9.25	Flexing test of non-rewirable IC-CPDs	91
9.26	Verification of the electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)	92
9.27	Tests replacing verifications of creepage distances and clearances.....	93
9.27.1	General	93
9.27.2	Abnormal conditions.....	93
9.27.3	Temperature rise resulting from fault conditions.....	93
9.28	Verifications for single electronic components used in IC-CPDs	94
9.28.1	General	94
9.28.2	Capacitors	94
9.28.3	Resistors and inductors.....	94
9.29	Chemical loads	96
9.30	Heat test under solar radiation.....	96
9.31	Resistance to ultra-violet (UV) radiation.....	96
9.32	Damp and salt mist test for marine and coastal environments.....	97
9.32.1	Test for internal metallic parts	97

9.32.2	Test for external metallic parts only	97
9.32.3	Test criteria	97
9.33	Hot damp test for tropical environments	97
9.34	Vehicle drive-over	97
9.34.1	General	97
9.34.2	Test at crushing force 5 000 N.....	98
9.34.3	Test at crushing force 11 000 N.....	98
9.34.4	Performance after the tests	98
9.35	Low storage temperature test	98
9.36	Vibration and shock test	99
Annex A (normative) Test sequences and number of samples to be submitted for verification of conformity to this standard.....		140
A.1	Verification of conformity	140
A.2	Test sequences.....	140
A.3	Number of samples to be submitted for full test procedure	142
A.4	Number of samples to be submitted for simplified test procedures in case of submitting simultaneously a range of IC-CPDs of the same fundamental design.....	144
Annex B (normative) Routine tests		146
Annex C (normative) Determination of clearances and creepage distances		147
C.1	Overview.....	147
C.2	Orientation and location of a creepage distance	147
C.3	Creepage distances where more than one material is used	147
C.4	Creepage distances split by a floating conductive part	147
C.5	Measurement of creepage distances and clearances.....	147
Annex D (informative) Switched-protective conductor application		152
D.1	Explanation of switched-protective conductor (SPE) function and application.....	152
D.2	Examples of incorrect supply wiring	153
Annex E (informative) Example of IC-CPD for mode 2 charging		156
Annex F (informative) Types of IC-CPD according to construction and assembly		157
Annex G (informative) Methods for determination of short-circuit power factor		158
G.1	Overview.....	158
G.2	Method I – Determination from d.c. components.....	158
G.3	Method II – Determination with pilot generator	158
Bibliography		160
Figure 1 – Desired characteristics for maintaining the same level of protection over the frequency range.....		61
Figure 2 – Test circuit for the verification of operating characteristic (9.7.3), endurance test (9.8.2) and reduced supply voltage (9.14.1)		101
Figure 3 – Test circuit for the verification when plugged in incompatible supply systems (9.7.7.4)		104
Figure 4 – Verification of correct operation for hazardous live PE (see Table 14 and Table 15).....		107
Figure 5 – Verification of temperature rise of the protective conductor.....		108
Figure 6 – Verification of open neutral for LNSE types, and open line for LLSE types		109
Figure 7 – Verification of a standing current in the protective conductor in normal service		110

Figure 8 – Test circuit for the verification of the making and breaking capacity and the short-circuit coordination with an SCPD (see 9.9.2)	114
Figure 9 – Standard test wire 1,0 mm	114
Figure 10 – Test circuit for the verification of the correct operation in the case of residual pulsating direct currents (see 9.7.4)	116
Figure 11 – Test circuit for the verification of the correct operation in the case of residual pulsating direct currents superimposed by a smooth direct current (see 9.7.4.3).....	118
Figure 12 – Verification of open protective conductor (see 9.7.7.5)	120
Figure 13 – Arrangement for compression test for verification of protection against electric shock	121
Figure 14 – Ball-pressure test apparatus	121
Figure 15 – Test circuit for IC-CPD according to 4.1.3 to verify the correct operation in case of residual pulsating direct currents which may result from rectifying circuits supplied from two phases.....	122
Figure 16 – Tests circuit for IC-CPD according to 4.1.4 to verify the correct operation in case of residual pulsating direct currents which may result from rectifying circuits supplied from three phases	123
Figure 17 – Apparatus for testing the cord retention.....	124
Figure 18 – Apparatus for flexing test.....	125
Figure 19 – Arrangement for mechanical strength test on IC-CPDs provided with cords (9.10.4)	126
Figure 20 – Stabilizing period for reliability test (9.17.1.4).....	126
Figure 21 – Reliability test cycle (9.17.1.4)	127
Figure 22 – Example for test circuit for verification of ageing of electronic components (9.18)	128
Figure 23 – Current ring wave 0,5 μ s/100 kHz	129
Figure 24 – Example of test circuit for the verification of resistance to unwanted tripping	129
Figure 25 – Minimum creepage distances and clearances as a function of peak value of voltage (see 9.27.3 a))	130
Figure 26 – Minimum creepage distances and clearances as a function of peak value of operating voltage (see 9.27.3 a)).....	131
Figure 27 – Test cycle for low temperature test	132
Figure 28 – Test circuit for verification of connection of protective conductor to the EV, according to 9.7.9	133
Figure 29 – Verification of correct operation in case of smooth d.c. leakage current, according to 9.7.6	134
Figure 30 – Example of a test circuit for the verification of correct operation in case of residual sinusoidal alternating currents composed of multi-frequency components	135
Figure 31 – Test circuit for endurance test according to 9.8	136
Figure 32 – The use of the IC-CPD	137
Figure 33 – Informative wave shape of inrush current for tests according to 9.8.2.....	138
Figure 34 – Test finger.....	139
Figure D.1 – Examples of incorrect supply wirings for LLSE types.....	154
Figure D.2 – Examples of incorrect supply wirings for LNSE types	155
Figure E.1 – Example for IC-CPD showing the different parts and functions	156
Figure F.1 – Example of IC-CPD including function box, cables, plug and connector according to 4.2.2	157

Figure F.2 – Example of plug integrated function box according to 4.2.3	157
Figure F.3 – Example of modular IC-CPD according to 4.2.4a).....	157
Figure F.4 – Example of modular IC-CPD according to 4.2.4b).....	157
Table 1 – Preferred values of rated current and corresponding preferred values of rated voltages.....	31
Table 2 – Limit values of break time for a.c. residual currents at rated frequency	32
Table 3 – Limit values of break time for smooth d.c. residual currents	32
Table 4 – Limit values of break time for residual pulsating direct currents which may result from rectifying circuits supplied from two or three phases.....	32
Table 5 – Standard conditions for operation in service	35
Table 6 – Minimum cross-sectional area of flexible cable or cord	41
Table 7 – Minimum clearances and creepage distances (rated voltage 230 V, 230/400 V).....	44
Table 8 – Temperature-rise values	47
Table 9 – List of type tests	53
Table 10 – Test voltage for verification of impulse withstand voltage.....	59
Table 11 – Tripping current ranges for IC-CPDs in case of pulsating d.c. current.....	64
Table 12 – Different frequency component values of test currents and starting current values (I_{Δ}) for verifying the operating in case of steady increased residual current.....	66
Table 13 – Operating current ranges for composite residual current.....	66
Table 14 – Supply failure and hazardous live protective conductor (PE) connections for test with reference to correct supply connections for LNSE / LNE and LLSE / LLE types.....	68
Table 15 – Supply failure and hazardous live protective conductor (PE) connections for test with reference to correct supply connections for LLLNSE / LLLNE types.....	69
Table 16 – Tests to verify the behaviour of IC-CPDs under overcurrent conditions	75
Table 17 – Minimum values of I^2t and I_p	76
Table 18 – List of tests of resistance to mechanical shock and impact.....	81
Table 19 – Torque applied to the spanner for the test	82
Table 20 – Tests already covered for EMC by this standard	92
Table 21 – Maximum permissible temperatures under abnormal conditions	95
Table 22 – PSD value depending on frequency for vibration testing	99
Table A.1 – Test sequences.....	141
Table A.2 – Number of samples to be submitted for full test procedure.....	143
Table A.3 – Reduction of number of samples.....	145

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

**IN-CABLE CONTROL AND PROTECTION DEVICE FOR MODE 2
CHARGING OF ELECTRIC ROAD VEHICLES (IC-CPD)**

FOREWORD

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International Standard IEC 62752 has been prepared by subcommittee 23E: Circuit-breakers and similar equipment for household use, of IEC technical committee 23: Electrical accessories.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
23E/919/FDIS	23E/938/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

In this standard, the following print types are used:

- Requirements proper, in roman type;
- *Test specifications, in italic type;*
- NOTES, in smaller roman type.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

NOTE The attention of National Committees is drawn to the fact that equipment manufacturers and testing organizations may need a transitional period following publication of a new, amended or revised IEC publication in which to make products in accordance with the new requirements and to equip themselves for conducting new or revised tests.

New specific requirements for IC-CPD are provided in comparison to IEC 61851-1:2010, Clause 11, which was applied to IC-CPD before the availability of this standard.

It is the recommendation of the committee that the content of 5.1, 6.1 and 8.8.4, as indicated, of this publication be adopted for implementation nationally at the end of the transitional period, which is 2017-12-31.

INTRODUCTION

The essential purpose of this standard is safe and reliable access of electric vehicles to a supply system. The definition for mode 2 charging of electric vehicle is described in IEC 61851-1.

For all charging modes, protection against electric shock in case of failure of basic protection and/or fault protection is provided, at least by a type A RCD (see IEC 60364-7-722 and IEC 61851-1).

For mode 2 charging including the situation where it cannot be guaranteed that the installation is equipped with RCDs, for example charging the electric vehicle at an unknown installation, a dedicated protection is used for the connected electric vehicle. The intention of this standard is to describe the relevant requirements for an in-cable control and protection device (IC-CPD) to be used for mode 2 charging.

The IC-CPD is not a protection device for use in fixed installations.

IN-CABLE CONTROL AND PROTECTION DEVICE FOR MODE 2 CHARGING OF ELECTRIC ROAD VEHICLES (IC-CPD)

1 Scope

This International Standard applies to in-cable control and protection devices (IC-CPDs) for mode 2 charging of electric road vehicles, hereafter referred to as IC-CPD including control and safety functions.

This standard applies to portable devices performing simultaneously the functions of detection of the residual current, of comparison of the value of this current with the residual operating value and of opening of the protected circuit when the residual current exceeds this value.

The IC-CPD according to this standard

- has a control pilot function controller in accordance with IEC TS 62763;
- checks supply conditions and prevents charging in case of supply faults under specified conditions;
- may have a switched protective conductor.

These IC-CPDs are intended for use in TN-, and TT-systems.

The use of IC-CPDs in IT systems may be limited.

Residual currents with frequencies different from the rated frequency, d.c. residual currents and specific environmental situation are considered.

This standard is applicable to IC-CPDs performing the safety and control functions as required in IEC 61851-1 for mode 2 charging of electric vehicles.

This standard is applicable to IC-CPDs for single-phase circuits not exceeding 250 V or multi-phase circuits not exceeding 480 V, their maximum rated current being 32 A.

NOTE 1 In Denmark, the following additional requirement applies: for IC-CPDs supplied with a plug for household and similar use the maximum charging current is 8 A, if the charging cycle can exceed 2 h.

NOTE 2 In Finland, the following additional requirement applies: for IC-CPDs supplied with a plug for household and similar use the maximum charging current is 8 A for long lasting charging.

This standard is applicable to IC-CPDs to be used in a.c. circuits only, with preferred values of rated frequency 50 Hz, 60 Hz or 50/60 Hz. IC-CPDs according to this standard are not intended to be used to supply electric energy towards the connected grid.

This standard is applicable to IC-CPDs having a rated residual operating current not exceeding 30 mA and are intended to provide additional protection for the circuit downstream of the IC-CPD in situations where it cannot be guaranteed that the installation is equipped with an RCD with $I_{\Delta n} \leq 30$ mA.

The IC-CPD consists of:

- a plug for connection to a socket-outlet in the fixed installation;
- one or more subassemblies containing the control and protection features;
- a cable between the plug and the subassemblies (optional);

- a cable between the subassemblies and the vehicle connector (optional);
- a vehicle connector for connection to the electric vehicle.

For plugs for household and similar use the respective requirements of the national standard and specific requirements defined by the national committee of the country where the product is placed on the market apply. If no national requirements exist, IEC 60884-1 may be used. For industrial plugs IEC 60309-2 applies. For specific applications and areas non interchangeable industrial plugs may be used. In this case IEC 60309-1 applies

NOTE 3 In Denmark: the requirements in this standard cannot replace or change any part of the Danish National requirements for plugs for household and similar use according to DS 60884-2-D1.

Plugs, connectors and cables which are part of the IC-CPD are not tested according to this standard. These parts are tested separately according to their specific product standard.

NOTE 4 In the following countries, requirements for EV (mode 2) Cord Sets are covered by NMX-J 677-ANCE-2013/ CSA C22.2 No. 280-13/ UL 2594: Standard for Electric Vehicle Supply Equipment: US, CA, MX.

The switching contacts of the IC-CPD are not required to provide isolation, as isolation can be ensured by disconnecting the plug.

The IC-CPD may have a non-replaceable integral fuse in the phase(s) and/or neutral current path.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60065, *Audio, video and similar electronic apparatus – Safety requirements*

IEC 60068-2-1, *Environmental testing – Part 2-1: Tests – Test A: Cold*

IEC 60068-2-5, *Environmental testing – Part 2-5: Tests – Test Sa: Simulated solar radiation at ground level and guidance for solar radiation testing*

IEC 60068-2-11, *Basic environmental testing procedures – Part 2-11: Tests – Test Ka: Salt mist*

IEC 60068-2-27, *Environmental testing – Part 2-27: Tests – Test Ea and guidance: Shock*

IEC 60068-2-30, *Environmental testing – Part 2-30: Tests – Test Db: Damp heat, cyclic (12 h + 12 h cycle)*

IEC 60068-2-31, *Environmental testing – Part 2-31: Tests – Test Ec: Rough handling shocks, primarily for equipment-type specimens*

IEC 60068-2-64, *Environmental testing – Part 2-64: Tests – Test Fh: Vibration, broadband random and guidance*

IEC 60068-3-4, *Environmental testing – Part 2-34: Supporting documentation and guidance – Damp heat tests*

IEC 60112, *Method for the determination of the proof and the comparative tracking indices of solid insulating materials*

IEC 60227 (all parts), *Polyvinyl chloride insulated cables of rated voltages up to and including 450/750 V*

IEC 60245 (all parts), *Rubber insulated cables – Rated voltages up to and including 450/750V*

IEC 60309 (all parts), *Plugs, socket-outlets and couplers for industrial purposes*

IEC 60309-1:1999, *Plugs, socket-outlets and couplers for industrial purposes – Part 1: General requirements*

IEC 60309-1:1999/AMD1:2005

IEC 60309-1:1999/AMD2:2012

IEC 60309-2, *Plugs, socket-outlets and couplers for industrial purposes – Part 2: Dimensional interchangeability requirements for pin and contact-tube accessories*

IEC 60364-4-44:2007, *Low-voltage electrical installations – Part 4-44: Protection for safety – Protection against voltage disturbances and electromagnetic disturbances*

IEC 60384-14 (all parts), *Fixed capacitors for use in electronic equipment – Part 14: Sectional specification – Fixed capacitors for electromagnetic interference suppression and connection to the supply mains*

IEC 60417, *Graphical symbols for use on equipment* (available at: <<http://www.graphical-symbols.info/equipment>>)

IEC 60529:1989, *Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP Code)*

IEC 60664-1:2007, *Insulation coordination for equipment within low-voltage systems – Part 1: Principles, requirements and tests*

IEC 60664-3, *Insulation coordination for equipment within low-voltage systems – Part 3: Use of coating, potting or moulding for protection against pollution*

IEC 60695-2-10, *Fire hazard testing – Part 2-10: Glowing/hot-wire based test methods – Glow-wire apparatus and common test procedure*

IEC 60695-2-11, *Fire hazard testing – Part 2-11: Glowing/hot-wire based test methods – Glow-wire flammability test method for end-products (GWEPT)*

IEC 60884-1:2002, *Plugs and socket-outlets for household and similar purposes – Part 1: General requirements*¹

IEC 60884-1:2002/AMD1:2006

IEC 60884-1:2002/AMD2:2013

IEC 61249-2 (all parts), *Materials for printed boards and other interconnecting structures*

IEC 61540, *Electrical accessories – Portable residual current devices without integral overcurrent protection for household and similar use (PRCDs)*

¹ A consolidated edition (3.2) exists including IEC 60884-1 (2002) and its Amendment 1 (2006) and Amendment 2 (2013).

IEC 61543:1995, *Residual current-operated protective devices (RCDs) for household and similar use – Electromagnetic compatibility*

IEC 61543:1995/AMD1:2004

IEC 61543:1995/AMD2:2005

IEC 61851-1:2010, *Electric vehicle conductive charging system – Part 1: General requirements*

IEC 62196-1, *Plugs, socket-outlets, vehicle connectors and vehicle inlets – Conductive charging of electric vehicles – Part 1: General requirements*

IEC 62196-2, *Plugs, socket-outlets, vehicle connectors and vehicle inlets – Conductive charging of electric vehicles – Part 2: Dimensional compatibility and interchangeability requirements for a.c. pin and contact-tube accessories*

IEC TS 62763:2013, *Pilot function through a control pilot circuit using PWM (pulse width modulation) and a control pilot wire*

CISPR 14 (all parts), *Electromagnetic compatibility – Requirements for household appliances, electric tools and similar apparatus*

ISO 178, *Plastics – Determination of flexural properties*

ISO 179 (all parts), *Plastics – Determination of Charpy impact properties*

ISO 179-1, *Plastics – Determination of Charpy impact properties – Part 1: Non-instrumented impact test*

ISO 2409, *Paints and varnishes – Cross-cut test*

ISO 4628-3, *Paints and varnishes – Evaluation of degradation of coatings – Designation of quantity and size of defects, and of intensity of uniform changes in appearance – Part 3: Assessment of degree of rusting*

ISO 4892-2:2013, *Plastics – Methods of exposure to laboratory light sources – Part 2: Xenon-arc lamps*

ISO 16750-5:2010, *Road vehicles – Environmental conditions and testing for electrical and electronic equipment – Part 5: Chemical loads*

ISO 17409:2015, *Electrically propelled road vehicles – Connection to an external electric power supply – Safety requirements*

koniec náhľadu – text ďalej pokračuje v platenej verzii STN