

<b>STN</b>	<b>Mikrobiológia potravinového reťazca</b> <b>Horizontálna metóda na dôkaz <i>Vibrio spp.</i></b> <b>Časť 1: Dôkaz potenciálne</b> <b>enteropatogénnych baktérií <i>Vibrio</i></b> <b><i>parahaemolyticus</i>, <i>Vibrio cholerae</i> a <i>Vibrio</i></b> <b><i>vulnificus</i> (ISO 21872-1: 2017)</b>	<b>STN</b> <b>EN ISO 21872-1</b>  56 0098
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Microbiology of food and animal feeding stuffs - Horizontal method for the detection of potentially enteropathogenic *Vibrio* spp. - Part 1: Detection of *Vibrio parahaemolyticus* and *Vibrio cholerae* (ISO 21872-1:2017)

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy.  
This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

Táto norma bola oznámená vo Vestníku ÚNMS SR č. 01/18

Obsahuje: EN ISO 21872-1:2017, ISO 21872-1:2017

**125538**

Úrad pre normalizáciu, metrológiu a skúšobníctvo Slovenskej republiky, 2018  
Podľa zákona č. 264/1999 Z. z. o technických požiadavkách na výrobky a o posudzovaní zhody a o zmene a doplnení niektorých zákonov v znení neskorších predpisov sa slovenská technická norma a časti slovenskej technickej normy môžu rozmnožovať alebo rozširovať len so súhlasom slovenského národného normalizačného orgánu.

EUROPEAN STANDARD

**EN ISO 21872-1**

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

July 2017

ICS 07.100.30

English Version

**Microbiology of food and animal feeding stuffs - Horizontal method for the detection of potentially enteropathogenic *Vibrio* spp. - Part 1: Detection of *Vibrio parahaemolyticus* and *Vibrio cholerae* (ISO 21872-1:2017)**

Microbiologie des aliments - Méthode horizontale pour la recherche des *Vibrio* spp. potentiellement entéropathogènes - Partie 1: Recherche de *Vibrio parahaemolyticus* et *Vibrio cholerae* (ISO 21872-1:2017)

Mikrobiologie von Lebensmitteln und Futtermitteln - Horizontales Verfahren zum Nachweis von potentiell enteropathogenen *Vibrio* spp. - Teil 1: Nachweis von *Vibrio parahaemolyticus* und *Vibrio cholerae* (ISO 21872-1:2017)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 14 May 2017.

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**CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels**

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## **European foreword**

This document (EN ISO 21872-1:2017) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 34 “Food products” in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 275 “Food analysis - Horizontal methods” the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by January 2018 and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by January 2018.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

### **Endorsement notice**

The text of ISO 21872-1:2017 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 21872-1:2017 without any modification.

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**Microbiology of the food chain —  
Horizontal method for the  
determination of *Vibrio* spp. —**

**Part 1:  
Detection of potentially  
enteropathogenic *Vibrio*  
*parahaemolyticus*, *Vibrio cholerae* and  
*Vibrio vulnificus***

*Microbiologie de la chaîne alimentaire — Méthode horizontale pour  
la détermination des *Vibrio* spp. —*

*Partie 1: Recherche des espèces de *Vibrio* parahaemolyticus, *Vibrio*  
cholerae et *Vibrio* vulnificus potentiellement entéropathogènes*



## ISO 21872-1:2017(E)



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ISO copyright office  
Ch. de Blandonnet 8 • CP 401  
CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva, Switzerland  
Tel. +41 22 749 01 11  
Fax +41 22 749 09 47  
copyright@iso.org  
www.iso.org

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## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see [www.iso.org/directives](http://www.iso.org/directives)).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see [www.iso.org/patents](http://www.iso.org/patents)).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: [www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html](http://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html).

This document was prepared by the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 275, *Food analysis — Horizontal methods*, in collaboration with ISO Technical Committee TC 34, *Food products*, Subcommittee SC 9, *Microbiology*, in accordance with the agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This first edition cancels and replaces ISO/TS 21872-1:2007, which has been technically revised. It also incorporates ISO/TS 21872-1:2007/Cor.1:2008.

The main changes are as follows:

- introduction of optional molecular identification methods for major food borne *Vibrio* spp. (*V. parahaemolyticus*, including potentially enteropathogenic strains, *V. vulnificus* and *V. cholerae*);
- performance characteristics of the method have been added in [Annex E](#).

A list of all parts in the ISO 21872 series can be found on the ISO website.

## ISO 21872-1:2017(E)

### Introduction

Because of the large variety of food and feed products, the horizontal method described in this document may not be appropriate in every detail for certain products. In this case, different methods, which are specific to these products may be used if absolutely necessary for justified technical reasons. Nevertheless, every attempt will be made to apply this horizontal method as far as possible.

The main changes, listed in the foreword, introduced in this document compared to ISO/TS 21872-1:2007 are considered as major (see ISO 17468).

When this document is next reviewed, account will be taken of all information then available regarding the extent to which this horizontal method has been followed and the reasons for deviations from this method in the case of particular products.

The harmonization of test methods cannot be immediate and, for certain groups of products, International Standards and/or national standards may already exist that do not comply with this horizontal method. It is hoped that when such standards are reviewed they will be changed to comply with this document so that eventually the only remaining departures from this horizontal method will be those necessary for well-established technical reasons.

# Microbiology of the food chain — Horizontal method for the determination of *Vibrio* spp. —

## Part 1:

### Detection of potentially enteropathogenic *Vibrio parahaemolyticus*, *Vibrio cholerae* and *Vibrio vulnificus*

**WARNING** — In order to safeguard the health of laboratory personnel, it is essential that tests for detection of *Vibrio* spp., and particularly toxigenic *Vibrio cholerae*, be conducted only in laboratories equipped for this purpose and under the supervision of an experienced microbiologist, and that great care is exercised in the disposal of contaminated material.

## 1 Scope

This document specifies a horizontal method for the detection of enteropathogenic *Vibrio* spp., which causes human illness in or via the intestinal tract. The species detectable by the methods specified include *Vibrio parahaemolyticus*, *Vibrio cholerae* and *Vibrio vulnificus*.

It is applicable to the following:

- products intended for human consumption and the feeding of animals;
- environmental samples in the area of food production and food handling.

NOTE 1 This method may not be appropriate in every detail for certain products (see Introduction).

NOTE 2 The World Health Organization (WHO) has identified that *V. parahaemolyticus*, *V. cholerae* and *V. vulnificus* are the major food-borne *Vibrio* spp. However, the method in this document can also be appropriate for the identification of other *Vibrio* spp. causing illness in humans.<sup>[1]</sup>

## 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 6887-1:2017, *Microbiology of the food chain — Preparation of test samples, initial suspension and decimal dilutions for microbiological examination — Part 1: General rules for the preparation of the initial suspension and decimal dilutions*

ISO 6887-3, *Microbiology of the food chain — Preparation of test samples, initial suspension and decimal dilutions for microbiological examination — Part 3: Specific rules for the preparation of fish and fishery products*

ISO 7218, *Microbiology of food and animal feeding stuffs — General requirements and guidance for microbiological examinations*

ISO 11133, *Microbiology of food, animal feed and water — Preparation, production, storage and performance testing of culture media*

ISO 22118, *Microbiology of food and animal feeding stuffs — Polymerase chain reaction (PCR) for the detection and quantification of food-borne pathogens — Performance characteristics*

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ISO 22119, *Microbiology of food and animal feeding stuffs — Real-time polymerase chain reaction (PCR) for the detection of food-borne pathogens — General requirements and definitions*

ISO 22174, *Microbiology of food and animal feeding stuffs — Polymerase chain reaction (PCR) for the detection of food-borne pathogens — General requirements and definitions*

**koniec náhľadu – text ďalej pokračuje v platenej verzii STN**