STN

Ropný, petrochemický a plynárenský priemysel Skúšobné metódy na kontrolu kvality mikroštruktúry feritickej/austenitickej (duplexnej) nehrdzavejúcej ocele (ISO 17781: 2017)

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Petroleum, petrochemical and natural gas industries - Test methods for quality control of microstructure of ferritic/austenitic (duplex) stainless steels (ISO 17781:2017)

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy. This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

Táto norma bola oznámená vo Vestníku ÚNMS SR č. 12/17

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Industries du pétrole, de la pétrochimie et du gaz naturel - Méthodes d'essai de contrôle de la qualité de la microstructure des aciers inoxydables (duplex) austénitiques/ferritiques (ISO 17781:2017) Erdöl-, petrochemische und Erdgasindustrie -Prüfverfahren für die Qualitätslenkung von Microstrukturen von austenitisch/ferritisch nichtrostendem Duplexstahl (ISO 17781:2017)

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European foreword

This document (EN ISO 17781:2017) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 67 "Materials, equipment and offshore structures for petroleum, petrochemical and natural gas industries" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 12 "Materials, equipment and offshore structures for petroleum, petrochemical and natural gas industries" the secretariat of which is held by NEN.

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Industries du pétrole, de la pétrochimie et du gaz naturel — Méthodes d'essai de contrôle de la qualité de la microstructure des aciers inoxydables (duplex) austénitiques/ferritiques



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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

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For an explanation on the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 67, *Materials, equipment and offshore structures for petroleum, petrochemical and natural gas industries*.

Introduction

The aim of this document is to establish common test methods for quality control of microstructure of ferritic/austenitic (duplex) stainless steels for the oil and gas industry, enabling the manufacturers to apply the same test procedures for their clients.

Duplex stainless steels have a dual phase microstructure consisting of ferrite and austenite. Ideally, these phases are present in equal proportions; although in alloys which are commercially available, the ferrite phase volume fraction can vary between 35 % and 65 % for products in the solution annealed condition. They are characterized by high-chromium (19 % to 33 %) and low-nickel contents compared with austenitic stainless steels.

Duplex stainless steels are prone to precipitation of intermetallic phases, carbides and/or nitrides possibly causing embrittlement and reduced corrosion resistance. The formation of intermetallic phases such as Sigma, σ , and Chi, χ , occurs depending on exposure time in the approximate temperature range 590 °C to 1000 °C (1094 °F to 1832 °F) and decomposition of ferrite to Alpha Prime occurs in the range 300 °C to 540 °C (572 °F to 1004 °F).

The microstructure of components or fabrication welds is affected by amongst others the thermal-mechanical history associated with hot working, solution annealing and with subsequent forming and welding. The destructive test methods with acceptance criteria specified herein are considered relevant to verify that exposure time at above stated temperature ranges have been within acceptable limits and to ensure that desired corrosion resistance and mechanical properties are obtained in final products.

Petroleum, petrochemical and natural gas industries — Test methods for quality control of microstructure of ferritic/austenitic (duplex) stainless steels

1 Scope

This document specifies quality control testing methods and test conditions for the characterization of microstructure in relation to relevant properties in ferritic/austenitic (duplex) stainless steel components supplied in the solution annealed condition and fabrication welds in the as welded condition.

This document supplements the relevant product and fabrication standards with respect to destructive testing methods including sampling of test specimens, test conditions and test acceptance criteria to show freedom from deleterious intermetallic phases and precipitates in duplex stainless steels. In addition, this document specifies the documentation of testing and test results by the testing laboratory.

NOTE 1 This document is based upon experience with duplex stainless steels in offshore oil and gas industry applications including topside and subsea hydrocarbon service, sea water service, as well as structural use.

NOTE 2 The austenite spacing is relevant to the susceptibility of duplex stainless steels to hydrogen-induced stress cracking (HISC) in subsea applications where cathodic protection is applied. This falls outside the scope of this document. Reference is made to DNV/GL RP-F112[4].

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 148-1, Metallic materials — Charpy pendulum impact test — Part 1: Test method

ISO 15614-1¹⁾, Specification and qualification of welding procedures for metallic materials — Welding procedure test — Part 1: Arc and gas welding of steels and arc welding of nickel and nickel alloys)

ASTM A 370, Standard test methods and definitions for mechanical testing of steel products

ASTM A 1058, Standard test methods and definitions for mechanical testing of steel products — Metric

ASTM A 1084, Standard test method for detecting detrimental phases in lean duplex austenitic/ferritic stainless steels

ASTM E 3, Standard practice for preparation of metallographic specimens

ASTM E 562, Standard test method for determining volume fraction by systematic manual point count

ASTM E 1245, Standard practice for determining the inclusion or second-phase constituent content of metals by automatic image analysis

ASTM G 48, Standard test methods for pitting and crevice corrosion resistance of stainless steels and related alloys by use of ferric chloride solution

koniec náhľadu – text ďalej pokračuje v platenej verzii STN

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¹⁾ For the purpose of this document, the following documents are considered equivalent: ASME Boiler and pressure vessel code, section IX Welding and brazing qualifications^[2].