

STN	<p>Bezdrôtové mikrofóny Zvukové zariadenia PMSE až do 3 GHz Časť 2: Prijímače triedy B Harmonizovaná norma vzťahujúca sa na základné požiadavky podľa článku 3.2 smernice 2014/53/EÚ</p>	<p>STN EN 300 422-2 V2.1.1</p>
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Wireless Microphones; Audio PMSE up to 3 GHz; Part 2: Class B Receivers; Harmonised Standard covering the essential requirements of article 3.2 of Directive 2014/53/EU

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy.
This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

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ETSI EN 300 422-2 V2.1.1 (2017-02)



**Wireless Microphones;
Audio PMSE up to 3 GHz;
Part 2: Class B Receivers;**

**Harmonised Standard covering the essential requirements
of article 3.2 of Directive 2014/53/EU**

Reference

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Foreword

This Harmonised European Standard (EN) has been produced by ETSI Technical Committee Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM).

The present document has been prepared under the Commission's standardisation request C(2015) 5376 final [i.16] to provide one voluntary means of conforming to the essential requirements of Directive 2014/53/EU on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States relating to the making available on the market of radio equipment and repealing Directive 1999/5/EC [i.12].

Once the present document is cited in the Official Journal of the European Union under that Directive, compliance with the normative clauses of the present document given in table A.1 confers, within the limits of the scope of the present document, a presumption of conformity with the corresponding essential requirements of that Directive and associated EFTA regulations.

The present document is part 2 of a multi-part deliverable. Full details of the entire series can be found in part 1 [i.17].

National transposition dates	
Date of adoption of this EN:	13 February 2017
Date of latest announcement of this EN (doa):	31 May 2017
Date of latest publication of new National Standard or endorsement of this EN (dop/e):	30 November 2017
Date of withdrawal of any conflicting National Standard (dow):	30 November 2018

Modal verbs terminology

In the present document "**shall**", "**shall not**", "**should**", "**should not**", "**may**", "**need not**", "**will**", "**will not**", "**can**" and "**cannot**" are to be interpreted as described in clause 3.2 of the [ETSI Drafting Rules](#) (Verbal forms for the expression of provisions).

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Executive summary

With the introduction of Directive 2014/53/EU [i.12], the present multi-part deliverable has been reformatted into multiple parts to accommodate the different types of equipment represented, i.e. different receivers for audio Programme Making and Special Events (PMSE) and Assistive Listening Devices (ALD). Part 2 covers Class B receivers.

The present document seeks to improve spectrum efficiency and has introduced new technology to assist in maximizing the use of available spectrum.

The present document seeks to provide a platform for Wideband Multichannel Audio Systems (WMAS).

Although the present document covers spectrum up to 3 GHz, it should be emphasized that multi-channel audio PMSE systems used in professional productions are best suited to spectrum under 2 GHz for reasons of propagation and body interaction. Further information on audio PMSE is available in ECC Report 204 [i.13].

Introduction

With the introduction of Directive 2014/53/EU [i.12], receiver parameters are now included and the removal of the 9 kHz lower limit has brought inductive loop systems and receivers into this multi-part deliverable. Inductive loop transmitters are covered within ETSI EN 303 340 [i.18] along with test receivers; hearing aids containing inductive loop receivers (often referred to as T coil) are now covered in ETSI EN 300 422-4 [i.21]. The frequency range of the present document has been reduced to accommodate inductive loop receivers.

The present document is a testing standard based on spectrum utilization parameters and does not include performance characteristics that may be required by the user nor requirements for interfacing equipment.

This multi-part deliverable was originated in 1991 when Assistive Listening Devices (ALD) were a very small part of the Radio Microphone Industry; in recent years major advances in both the volume and functionality of ALDs has caused a rethink in how to best present the testing regime in a clear and concise manner. After a number of discussions the present document covers audio PMSE as Parts 1, 2, and 3, and ALDs as Part 4.

Systems including assistive listening devices (Aids for the handicapped) with analogue or digital modulations and operating in the range 863 MHz to 865 MHz may be tested to either the present document or to ETSI EN 301 357-1 [i.1] with due consideration of power and operating frequency.

ALDs may in some cases require stereo transmission to present both left and right audio information to the wearer. For that reason, devices that transmit information to the hearing impaired may require two channel operation. It is expected that two or more channel devices will be tested separately when determining bandwidth and associated measurements. Channels may involve the use of two separate frequencies or wider bandwidth.

Since the initial adoption of ETSI I-ETS 300 422 [i.2] there has been the introduction of further types of equipment into the market - cordless headphones/loudspeakers, Low power Band II and consumer in-ear monitoring. These are low power wideband systems that have some characteristics in common with radio microphones but are not compatible with multichannel radio microphones. This equipment is covered by ETSI EN 301 357-1 [i.1] and annex 10 of CEPT/ERC/REC 70-03 [i.6].

Additional standards or specifications may be required for equipment:

- 1) intended to interface to Public Networks, e.g. PSTN. This facility may be subjected to regulatory conditions;
or
- 2) other relevant radio standards.

1 Scope

The present document specifies the technical characteristics and methods of measurement for the following types of equipment:

- a) Assistive Listening Devices (ALDs);
- b) Radio Microphones;
- c) In-Ear Monitoring Systems;
- d) Wireless Multichannel Audio Systems (WMAS);
- e) Tour Guide Systems;

with Class B receivers which have reduced performance requirements with respect to sensitivity, adjacent channel selectivity, and receiver blocking compared to those with Class A receivers. It does not necessarily include all the characteristics that may be required by a user, nor does it necessarily represent the optimum performance achievable. Equipment with Class B receivers will support the operation of fewer wireless audio channels in a given amount of spectrum than Class A receivers.

The present document applies to equipment operating on radio frequencies up to 3 GHz (as shown in table 1) using analogue, digital and hybrid (using both analogue and digital) modulation.

The maximum power recommended for equipment covered by this multi-part deliverable is 250 mW for radio microphones and 10 mW for ALDs.

An exception to this are the Public Hearing Aids defined in the CEPT Report 004 [i.7] and subsequent EC Decision 2005/928/EC [i.9] and EC Decision 2006/771/EC [i.8] on the ex ERMES band (169,4 MHz to 169,8125 MHz) where 500 mW is defined.

The present document covers the essential requirements of Article 3.2 of Directive 2014/53/EU under the conditions identified in annex A. The present document also covers radio microphones used in the 863 MHz to 865 MHz band, with a maximum power of 10 mW.

Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) requirements are covered by ETSI EN 301 489-9 [i.4].

National regulations on:

- 1) maximum power output;
- 2) licensing status;

will take precedence over those detailed in the latest version of:

- EC Decision 2005/928/EC [i.9];
- ECC/DEC/(05)02 [i.10];
- the EC SRD Decision [i.8]; or
- CEPT/ERC/REC 70-03 [i.6], annex 10 (see <http://www.erodocdb.dk/>);
- EC Decision 2014/641/EU [i.11].

Unless otherwise stated in the EC SRD Decision, ECC Decision or National Interfaces, Radio Microphones can be subject to individual licence.

Table 1: Radiocommunications service frequency bands

	Radiocommunications service frequency bands
Transmit	up to 3 000 MHz
Receive	up to 3 000 MHz

2 References

2.1 Normative references

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The following referenced documents are necessary for the application of the present document.

- [1] Void.
- [2] IEC 60244-13:1991: "Methods of measurement for radio transmitters - Part 13: Performance characteristics for FM sound broadcasting".

2.2 Informative references

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE: While any hyperlinks included in this clause were valid at the time of publication, ETSI cannot guarantee their long term validity.

The following referenced documents are not necessary for the application of the present document but they assist the user with regard to a particular subject area.

- [i.1] ETSI EN 301 357-1: "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Cordless audio devices in the range 25 MHz to 2 000 MHz; Part 1: Technical characteristics and test methods".
- [i.2] ETSI I-ETS 300 422: "Radio Equipment and Systems (RES); Technical characteristics and test methods for wireless microphones in the 25 MHz to 3 GHz frequency range".
- [i.3] Recommendation ITU-R BS.559-2: "Objective measurement of radio-frequency protection ratios in LF, MF, and HF broadcasting".
- [i.4] ETSI EN 301 489-9: "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) standard for radio equipment and services; Part 9: Specific conditions for wireless microphones, similar Radio Frequency (RF) audio link equipment, cordless audio and in-ear monitoring devices".
- [i.5] ETSI TR 102 273 (all parts): "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Improvement on Radiated Methods of Measurement (using test site) and evaluation of the corresponding measurement uncertainties".
- [i.6] CEPT/ERC/REC 70-03: "Relating to the use of Short Range Devices (SRD)".
- [i.7] CEPT Report 004: "Report from CEPT to the European Commission in response to the Mandate to: Review the frequency band 169,4 - 169,8 MHz".
- [i.8] Commission Decision 2006/771/EC of 9 November 2006 on harmonisation of the radio spectrum for use by short-range devices.
- [i.9] EC Decision 2005/928/EC: "Commission Decision of 20 December 2005 on the harmonisation of the 169,4-169,8125 MHz frequency band in the Community", OJ L 344, 27.12.2005, p. 47-51.

- [i.10] ECC/DEC/(05)02: "ECC Decision of 18 March 2005 on the use of the Frequency Band 169,4-169,8125 MHz".
- [i.11] Commission Implementing Decision 2014/641/EU of 1 September 2014 on harmonised technical conditions of radio spectrum use by wireless audio programme making and special events equipment in the Union (notified under document C(2014) 6011) (Text with EEA relevance).
- [i.12] Directive 2014/53/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 April 2014 on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States relating to the making available on the market of radio equipment and repealing Directive 1999/5/EC.
- [i.13] ECC Report 204: "Spectrum Use and future requirements for PMSE".
- [i.14] Recommendation ITU-R SM.2152 (09-2009): "Definitions of Software Defined Radio (SDR) and Cognitive Radio System (CRS)".
- [i.15] ETSI EG 203 336: "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Guide for the selection of technical parameters for the production of Harmonised Standards covering article 3.1(b) and article 3.2 of Directive 2014/53/EU".
- [i.16] Commission Implementing Decision C(2015) 5376 final of 4.8.2015 on a standardisation request to the European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardisation and to the European Telecommunications Standards Institute as regards radio equipment in support of Directive 2014/53/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council.
- [i.17] ETSI EN 300 422-1: "Wireless Microphones; Audio PMSE up to 3 GHz; Part 1: Class A Receivers; Harmonised Standard covering the essential requirements of article 3.2 of Directive 2014/53/EU".
- [i.18] ETSI EN 303 340: "Digital Terrestrial TV Broadcast Receivers; Harmonised Standard covering the essential requirements of article 3.2 of Directive 2014/53/EU".
- [i.19] Void.
- [i.20] ANSI C63.5-2006: "American National Standard for Calibration of Antennas Used for Radiated Emission Measurements in Electro Magnetic Interference".
- [i.21] ETSI EN 300 422-4: "Wireless Microphones; Audio PMSE up to 3 GHz; Part 4: Assistive Listening Devices including personal sound amplifiers and inductive systems; Sub-part 1: Analogue receivers (FM); Harmonised Standard covering the essential requirements of article 3.2 of Directive 2014/53/EU".
- [i.22] ETSI TR 100 028 (all parts) (12-2001): "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Uncertainties in the measurement of mobile radio equipment characteristics".

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