

STN	<p>Automatizácia v budovách a riadiace systémy (BACS) Časť 5: Dátový komunikačný protokol (ISO 16484-5: 2017)</p>	<p>STN EN ISO 16484-5</p>
		74 7400

Building automation and control systems (BACS) - Part 5: Data communication protocol (ISO 16484-5:2017)

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy.
This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

Táto norma bola označená vo Vestníku ÚNMS SR č. 12/17

Obsahuje: EN ISO 16484-5:2017, ISO 16484-5:2017

Oznámením tejto normy sa ruší
STN EN ISO 16484-5 (74 7400) z októbra 2014

125953

Úrad pre normalizáciu, metrológiu a skúšobníctvo Slovenskej republiky, 2018

Podľa zákona č. 264/1999 Z. z. o technických požiadavkách na výrobky a o posudzovaní zhody a o zmene a doplnení niektorých zákonov v znení neskorších predpisov sa slovenská technická norma a časti slovenskej technickej normy môžu rozmnôžovať alebo rozširovať len so súhlasom slovenského národného normalizačného orgánu.

EUROPEAN STANDARD
NORME EUROPÉENNE
EUROPÄISCHE NORM

EN ISO 16484-5

July 2017

ICS 35.240.99; 91.140.01

Supersedes EN ISO 16484-5:2014

English Version

**Building automation and control systems (BACS) - Part 5:
Data communication protocol (ISO 16484-5:2017)**

Systèmes d'automatisation et de gestion technique du
bâtiment - Partie 5: Protocole de communication de
données (ISO 16484-5:2017)

Systeme der Gebäudeautomation - Teil 5:
Datenkommunikationsprotokoll (ISO 16484-5:2017)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 18 July 2017.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and United Kingdom.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION
COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION
EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels

Contents	Page
European foreword.....	3

European foreword

This document (EN ISO 16484-5:2017) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 205 "Building environment design" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 247 "Building Automation, Controls and Building Management" the secretariat of which is held by SNV.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by January 2018 and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by January 2018.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN ISO 16484-5:2014.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 16484-5:2017 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 16484-5:2017 without any modification.

Sixth edition
2017-06

**Building automation and control
systems (BACS) —**

**Part 5:
Data communication protocol**

*Systèmes d'automatisation et de gestion technique du bâtiment —
Partie 5: Protocole de communication de données*



Reference number
ISO 16484-5:2017(E)

© ISO 2017

Úrad pre normalizáciu, metrológiu a skúšobníctvo Slovenskej republiky

**COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT**

© ISO 2017, Published in Switzerland

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office
Ch. de Blandonnet 8 • CP 401
CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva, Switzerland
Tel. +41 22 749 01 11
Fax +41 22 749 09 47
copyright@iso.org
www.iso.org

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. International Standards are drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 205, *Building environment design*.

This sixth edition cancels and replaces the fifth edition (ISO 16484-5:2014), which has been technically revised. See the detailed list of changes on pages 1 312 to 1 327.

A list of all the parts in the ISO 16484 series, can be found on the ISO website.

CONTENTS

Foreword	iii
Introduction	xii
1 PURPOSE	1
2 SCOPE	1
3 DEFINITIONS	1
3.1 Terms Adopted from International Standards	1
3.2 Terms Defined for this Standard	2
3.3 Abbreviations and Acronyms Used in this Standard	7
4 BACnet PROTOCOL ARCHITECTURE	10
4.1 The BACnet Collapsed Architecture	11
4.2 BACnet Network Topology	13
4.3 Security	15
5 THE APPLICATION LAYER	16
5.1 The Application Layer Model	16
5.2 Segmentation of BACnet Messages	20
5.3 Transmission of BACnet APDUs	21
5.4 Application Protocol State Machines	25
5.5 Application Protocol Time Sequence Diagrams	42
5.6 Application Layer Service Conventions	50
6 THE NETWORK LAYER	51
6.1 Network Layer Service Specification	51
6.2 Network Layer PDU Structure	53
6.3 Messages for Multiple Recipients	58
6.4 Network Layer Protocol Messages	59
6.5 Network Layer Procedures	62
6.6 BACnet Routers	64
6.7 Point-To-Point Half-Routers	69
7 DATA LINK/PHYSICAL LAYERS: Ethernet (ISO 8802-3) LAN	73
7.1 The Use of ISO 8802-2 Logical Link Control (LLC)	73
7.2 Parameters Required by the LLC Primitives	73
7.3 Parameters Required by the MAC Primitives	73
7.4 Physical Media	73
8 DATA LINK/PHYSICAL LAYERS: ARCNET (ATA 878.1) LAN	74
8.1 The Use of ISO 8802-2 Logical Link Control (LLC)	74
8.2 Parameters Required by the LLC Primitives	74
8.3 Mapping the LLC Services to the ARCNET MAC Layer	74
8.4 Parameters Required by the MAC Primitives	74
8.5 Physical Media	74
9 DATA LINK/PHYSICAL LAYERS: MASTER-SLAVE/TOKEN PASSING (MS/TP) LAN	76
9.1 Service Specification	76
9.2 Physical Layer	78
9.3 MS/TP Frame Format	89
9.4 Overview of the MS/TP Network	91
9.5 MS/TP Medium Access Control	91
9.6 Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC)	110
9.7 Interfacing MS/TP LANs with Other BACnet LANs	111
9.8 Responding BACnet User Processing of Messages from MS/TP	111
9.9 Repeaters	112
9.10 COBS (Consistent Overhead Byte Stuffing) Encoding	113
10 DATA LINK/PHYSICAL LAYERS: POINT-TO-POINT (PTP)	117
10.1 Overview	117
10.2 Service Specification	117
10.3 Point-to-Point Frame Format	121
10.4 PTP Medium Access Control Protocol	124
11 DATA LINK/PHYSICAL LAYERS: LonTalk (ISO/IEC 14908.1) LAN	145
11.1 The Use of ISO 8802-2 Logical Link Control (LLC)	145
11.2 Parameters Required by the LLC Primitives	145
11.3 Mapping the LLC Services to the LonTalk Application Layer	145

11.4	Parameters Required by the Application Layer Primitives	145
11.5	Physical Media	146
12	MODELING CONTROL DEVICES AS A COLLECTION OF OBJECTS	147
12.1	Object Characteristics and Requirements	147
12.2	Analog Input Object Type	152
12.3	Analog Output Object Type	158
12.4	Analog Value Object Type	164
12.5	Averaging Object Type	170
12.6	Binary Input Object Type	174
12.7	Binary Output Object Type	180
12.8	Binary Value Object Type	188
12.9	Calendar Object Type	195
12.10	Command Object Type	197
12.11	Device Object Type	203
12.12	Event Enrollment Object Type	214
12.13	File Object Type	222
12.14	Group Object Type	225
12.15	Life Safety Point Object Type	227
12.16	Life Safety Zone Object Type	234
12.17	Loop Object Type	240
12.18	Multi-state Input Object Type	248
12.19	Multi-state Output Object Type	253
12.20	Multi-state Value Object Type	259
12.21	Notification Class Object Type	265
12.22	Program Object Type	270
12.23	Pulse Converter Object Type	276
12.24	Schedule Object Type	283
12.25	Trend Log Object Type	289
12.26	Access Door Object Type	298
12.27	Event Log Object Type	306
12.28	Load Control Object Type	313
12.29	Structured View Object Type	322
12.30	Trend Log Multiple Object Type	327
12.31	Access Point Object Type	336
12.32	Access Zone Object Type	352
12.33	Access User Object Type	360
12.34	Access Rights Object Type	363
12.35	Access Credential Object Type	369
12.36	Credential Data Input Object Type	378
12.37	CharacterString Value Object Type	384
12.38	DateTime Value Object Type	390
12.39	Large Analog Value Object Type	395
12.40	BitString Value Object Type	402
12.41	OctetString Value Object Type	408
12.42	Time Value Object Type	412
12.43	Integer Value Object Type	417
12.44	Positive Integer Value Object Type	424
12.45	Date Value Object Type	431
12.46	DateTime Pattern Value Object Type	436
12.47	Time Pattern Value Object Type	441
12.48	Date Pattern Value Object Type	446
12.49	Network Security Object Type	451
12.50	Global Group Object Type	454
12.51	Notification Forwarder Object Type	461
12.52	Alert Enrollment Object Type	468
12.53	Channel Object Type	471
12.54	Lighting Output Object Type	480
12.55	Binary Lighting Output Object Type	493
12.56	Network Port Object Type	502

12.57	Timer Object Type	525
12.58	Elevator Group Object Type	537
12.59	Lift Object Type	540
12.60	Escalator Object Type	551
12.61	Accumulator Object Type	558
13	ALARM AND EVENT SERVICES	567
13.1	Change of Value Reporting	568
13.2	Event Reporting	572
13.3	Event Algorithms	583
13.4	Fault Algorithms	612
13.5	AcknowledgeAlarm Service	619
13.6	ConfirmedCOVNotification Service	621
13.7	UnconfirmedCOVNotification Service	623
13.8	ConfirmedEventNotification Service	624
13.9	UnconfirmedEventNotification Service	626
13.10	GetAlarmSummary Service	628
13.11	GetEnrollmentSummary Service	630
13.12	GetEventInformation Service	633
13.13	LifeSafetyOperation Service	635
13.14	SubscribeCOV Service	637
13.15	SubscribeCOVProperty Service	639
13.16	SubscribeCOVPropertyMultiple Service	642
13.17	ConfirmedCOVNotificationMultiple Service	647
13.18	UnconfirmedCOVNotificationMultiple Service	650
14	FILE ACCESS SERVICES	652
14.1	AtomicReadFile Service	653
14.2	AtomicWriteFile Service	656
15	OBJECT ACCESS SERVICES	658
15.1	AddListElement Service	658
15.2	RemoveListElement Service	660
15.3	CreateObject Service	662
15.4	DeleteObject Service	664
15.5	ReadProperty Service	665
15.6	Deleted Clause	667
15.7	ReadPropertyMultiple Service	668
15.8	ReadRange Service	671
15.9	WriteProperty Service	678
15.10	WritePropertyMultiple Service	680
15.11	WriteGroup Service	683
16	REMOTE DEVICE MANAGEMENT SERVICES	685
16.1	DeviceCommunicationControl Service	685
16.2	ConfirmedPrivateTransfer Service	687
16.3	UnconfirmedPrivateTransfer Service	689
16.4	ReinitializeDevice Service	690
16.5	ConfirmedTextMessage Service	692
16.6	UnconfirmedTextMessage Service	694
16.7	TimeSynchronization Service	695
16.8	UTCTimeSynchronization Service	696
16.9	Who-Has and I-Have Services	697
16.10	Who-Is and I-Am Services	699
17	VIRTUAL TERMINAL SERVICES	701
17.1	Virtual Terminal Model	701
17.2	VT-Open Service	705
17.3	VT-Close Service	707
17.4	VT-Data Service	708
17.5	Default Terminal Characteristics	710
18	ERROR, REJECT, and ABORT CODES	714
18.1	Error Class - DEVICE	714
18.2	Error Class - OBJECT	714

18.3	Error Class - PROPERTY	715
18.4	Error Class - RESOURCES	716
18.5	Error Class - SECURITY	716
18.6	Error Class - SERVICES	718
18.7	Error Class - COMMUNICATION	719
18.8	Error Class - VT	721
18.9	Reject Reason	721
18.10	Abort Reason	722
18.11	Confirmed Service Common Errors	723
19	BACnet PROCEDURES	724
19.1	Backup and Restore	724
19.2	Command Prioritization	727
19.3	Device Restart Procedure	731
19.4	Determining Maximum Conveyable APDU	732
19.5	Value Source Mechanism	733
20	ENCODING BACnet PROTOCOL DATA UNITS	736
20.1	Encoding the Fixed Part of BACnet APDUs	736
20.2	Encoding the Variable Part of BACnet APDUs	746
21	FORMAL DESCRIPTION OF APPLICATION PROTOCOL DATA UNITS	760
22	CONFORMANCE AND INTEROPERABILITY	845
22.1	Conformance to BACnet	845
22.2	BACnet Interoperability	846
23	EXTENDING BACnet TO ACCOMMODATE VENDOR PROPRIETARY INFORMATION	848
23.1	Extending Enumeration Values	848
23.2	Using the PrivateTransfer Services to Invoke Non-Standardized Services	849
23.3	Adding Proprietary Properties to a Standardized Object	849
23.4	Adding Proprietary Object Types to BACnet	849
23.5	Restrictions on Extending BACnet	850
24	NETWORK SECURITY	851
24.1	Overview	851
24.2	Security Wrapper	855
24.3	Security Messages	859
24.4	Securing an APDU	875
24.5	Securing an NPDU	877
24.6	Securing BVLL Messages	877
24.7	Securing Messages	881
24.8	Network Security Network Trust Levels	884
24.9	Network Security Policies	884
24.10	Network Security	885
24.11	End-to-End Security	886
24.12	Wrapping and Unwrapping Secure Messages	886
24.13	Authenticating Messages	888
24.14	User Authentication	891
24.15	Time Synchronization Requirements	891
24.16	Integrating the Security Layer into the BACnet Stack	893
24.17	BACnet Security In A NAT Environment	900
24.18	BACnet Security Proxy	900
24.19	Deploying Secure Device on Non-Security Aware Networks	900
24.20	Deploying Secure Single Network Installations	900
24.21	Security Keys	900
24.22	Key Server	902
25	REFERENCES	906
ANNEX A - PROTOCOL IMPLEMENTATION CONFORMANCE STATEMENT (NORMATIVE)		910
ANNEX B - GUIDE TO SPECIFYING BACnet DEVICES (INFORMATIVE)		913
ANNEX C - Removed		914
ANNEX D - Removed		915
ANNEX E - EXAMPLES OF BACnet APPLICATION SERVICES (INFORMATIVE)		916
E.1	Alarm and Event Services	916
E.2	File Access Services	920

E.3 Object Access Services	921
E.4 Remote Device Management Services	927
ANNEX F - EXAMPLES OF APDU ENCODING (INFORMATIVE)	932
F.1 Example Encodings for Alarm and Event Services	932
F.2 Example Encodings for File Access Services	942
F.3 Example Encodings for Object Access Services	944
F.4 Example Encodings for Remote Device Management Services	953
F.5 Example Encodings for Virtual Terminal Services	957
ANNEX G - CALCULATION OF CRC (INFORMATIVE)	960
G.1 Calculation of the Header CRC	960
G.2 Calculation of the Data CRC	965
G.3 Calculation of the Encoded CRC-32K	969
ANNEX H - COMBINING BACnet NETWORKS WITH NON-BACnet NETWORKS (NORMATIVE)	973
H.1 BACnet Gateways	973
H.2 Requirements and Best Practices for BACnet Gateway Implementations	973
H.3 Using BACnet with the DARPA Internet Protocols	975
H.4 Using BACnet with the IPX Protocol	976
H.5 Using BACnet with EIB/KNX	978
H.6 Using BACnet with the Former BACnet/WS Web Services Interface Defined by Annex N	986
H.7 Virtual MAC Addressing	988
ANNEX I - COMMANDABLE PROPERTIES WITH MINIMUM ON AND OFF TIMES (INFORMATIVE)	990
ANNEX J - BACnet/IP (NORMATIVE)	992
J.1 General	992
J.2 BACnet Virtual Link Layer	992
J.3 BACnet/IP Directed Messages	996
J.4 BACnet/IP Broadcast Messages	996
J.5 Addition of Foreign B/IP Devices to an Existing B/IP Network	998
J.6 Routing Between B/IP and non-B/IP BACnet Networks	1000
J.7 Routing Between Two B/IP BACnet Networks	1000
J.8 Use of IP Multicast within BACnet/IP	1006
ANNEX K - BACnet INTEROPERABILITY BUILDING BLOCKS (BIBBs) (NORMATIVE)	1008
K.1 Data Sharing BIBBs	1008
K.2 Alarm and Event Management BIBBs	1022
K.3 Scheduling BIBBs	1033
K.4 Trending BIBBs	1037
K.5 Device and Network Management BIBBs	1040
K.6 Network Security BIBBs	1047
ANNEX L - DESCRIPTIONS AND PROFILES OF STANDARDIZED BACnet DEVICES (NORMATIVE)	1050
L.1 Operator Interface Profiles	1050
L.2 Life Safety Operator Interface Profiles	1052
L.3 Access Control Operator Interface Profiles	1055
L.4 Controller Profiles	1058
L.5 Life Safety Controller Profiles	1061
L.6 Access Control Controller Profiles	1062
L.7 Miscellaneous Profiles	1063
L.8 BACnet General (B-GENERAL) Profile	1066
ANNEX M - GUIDE TO EVENT NOTIFICATION PRIORITY ASSIGNMENTS (INFORMATIVE)	1067
M.1 Life Safety Message Group (0 - 31)	1067
M.2 Property Safety Message Group (32 - 63)	1068
M.3 Supervisory Message Group (64 - 95)	1068
M.4 Trouble Message Group (96 - 127)	1069
M.5 Miscellaneous Higher Priority Message Group (128 - 191)	1069
M.6 Miscellaneous Lower Priority Message Group (192 - 255)	1070
ANNEX N - FORMER BACnet/WS WEB SERVICES INTERFACE (INFORMATIVE)	1071
N.1 Data Model	1071
N.2 Paths	1072
N.3 Normalized Points	1072
N.4 Reference Nodes	1073
N.5 Localization	1073

N.6 Security	1073
N.7 Sessions	1074
N.8 Attributes	1074
N.9 Standard Nodes	1079
N.10 Encodings	1080
N.11 Service Options	1081
N.12 Services	1083
N.13 Errors	1100
N.14 Extending BACnet/WS	1101
ANNEX O - BACnet OVER ZigBee AS A DATA LINK LAYER (NORMATIVE)	1102
O.1 General	1102
O.2 ZigBee Overview	1102
O.3 Definitions	1103
O.4 Unicast Addressing	1103
O.5 Broadcast Addressing	1103
O.6 BACnet/ZigBee Data Link Layer (BZLL)	1104
O.7 Maximum Payload Size	1107
O.8 Vendor Specific Commands	1107
ANNEX P - BACnet ENCODING OF STANDARD AUTHENTICATION FACTOR FORMATS (NORMATIVE)	1108
ANNEX Q - XML DATA FORMATS (NORMATIVE)	1113
Q.1 Introduction	1113
Q.2 XML Document Structure	1116
Q.3 Expressing Data	1119
Q.4 Expressing Metadata	1119
Q.5 Expressing Values	1120
Q.6 Binary Encoding and Access Rules	1122
Q.7 Extensibility	1122
Q.8 BACnet URI Scheme	1124
ANNEX R - MAPPING NETWORK LAYER ERRORS (NORMATIVE)	1125
ANNEX S - EXAMPLES OF SECURE BACnet MESSAGES (INFORMATIVE)	1127
S.1 Example of an Initial Key Distribution	1127
S.2 Example of Device Startup	1130
S.3 Examples of Secured Confirmed Requests	1133
S.4 Security Challenge Example	1139
S.5 Secure-BVLL Example	1141
ANNEX T - COBS (CONSISTENT OVERHEAD BYTE STUFFING) FUNCTIONS (INFORMATIVE)	1142
T.1 Preparing a COBS-Encoded MS/TP Frame for Transmission	1142
T.2 Decoding an Extended MS/TP Frame upon Reception	1144
T.3 Example COBS-Encoded Frame - Who-Has Service	1146
ANNEX U - BACnet/IPv6 (NORMATIVE)	1148
U.1 General	1148
U.2 BACnet/IPv6 BACnet Virtual Link Layer	1149
U.3 BACnet/IPv6 Directed Messages	1153
U.4 BACnet/IPv6 Broadcast Messages	1153
U.5 BACnet /IPv6 VMAC Table Management	1157
ANNEX V - MIGRATION FROM SOAP SERVICES (INFORMATIVE)	1158
V.1 Services	1158
V.2 Service Options	1160
ANNEX W - BACnet/WS RESTful WEB SERVICES INTERFACE (NORMATIVE)	1161
W.1 Data Model	1161
W.2 Paths	1161
W.3 Security	1162
W.4 Sessions	1171
W.5 Standard Data Items	1171
W.6 Metadata	1176
W.7 Functions	1176
W.8 Query Parameters	1177
W.9 Representation of Data	1179
W.10 Representation of Metadata	1180

W.11 Representation of Logs	1180
W.12 Filtering Items	1186
W.13 Limiting Number of Items	1187
W.14 Selecting Children	1188
W.15 Controlling Content of Data Representations	1188
W.16 Specifying Ranges	1191
W.17 Localized Values	1193
W.18 Accessing Individual Tags and Bits	1194
W.19 Semantics	1194
W.20 Links and Relationships	1194
W.21 Foreign XML and Other Media Types	1194
W.22 Logical Modeling	1195
W.23 Mapped Modeling	1195
W.24 Commandability	1196
W.25 Writability and Visibility	1196
W.26 Working with Optional Data	1197
W.27 Working with Optional Metadata	1198
W.28 Creating Data	1198
W.29 Setting Data	1199
W.30 Deleting Data	1201
W.31 Parentally Inherited Values	1201
W.32 Concurrency Control	1202
W.33 Server Support for Data Definitions	1202
W.34 Server Support for Metadata	1202
W.35 Client Implementation Guidelines	1203
W.36 Subscriptions	1204
W.37 Reading Multiple Resources	1205
W.38 Writing Multiple Resources	1206
W.39 Mapping of BACnet Systems	1207
W.40 Errors	1210
W.41 Examples	1212
ANNEX X - EXTENDED DISCOVERY OF DEVICES, PROFILES, AND VIEWS (NORMATIVE)	1241
X.1 Profiles	1241
X.2 xdd Files	1242
X.3 Example of Definition of Objects, Properties, and Datatypes.	1243
X.4 Views	1245
X.5 PICS Declarations	1250
ANNEX Y - ABSTRACT DATA MODEL (NORMATIVE)	1251
Y.1 Model Components	1251
Y.2 Trees	1253
Y.3 Base Types	1255
Y.4 Common Metadata	1255
Y.5 Named Values	1267
Y.6 Named Bits	1270
Y.7 Primitive Values	1271
Y.8 Range Restrictions	1273
Y.9 Engineering Units	1275
Y.10 Length Restrictions	1276
Y.11 Collections	1277
Y.12 Primitive Data	1279
Y.13 Constructed Data	1282
Y.14 Data of Undefined Type	1285
Y.15 Logical Modeling	1286
Y.16 Links	1286
Y.17 Change Indications	1288
Y.18 Definitions, Types, Instances, and Inheritance	1288
Y.19 Data Revisions	1294
Y.20 BACnet-Specific Base Types	1296
Y.21 BACnet-Specific Metadata	1297

ANNEX Z - JSON DATA FORMATS (NORMATIVE)	1301
Z.1 Introduction	1301
Z.2 JSON Document Structure	1304
Z.3 Expressing Data	1307
Z.4 Expressing Metadata	1307
Z.5 Expressing Values	1308
Z.6 Extensibility	1310
HISTORY OF REVISIONS	1312

Introduction

BACnet, the ASHRAE building automation and control networking protocol, has been designed specifically to meet the communication needs of building automation and control systems for applications such as heating, ventilating, and air-conditioning control, lighting control, access control, and fire detection systems. The BACnet protocol provides mechanisms by which computerized equipment of arbitrary function may exchange information, regardless of the particular building service it performs. As a result, the BACnet protocol may be used by head-end computers, general-purpose direct digital controllers, and application specific or unitary controllers with equal effect.

The motivation for this Standard was the widespread desire of building owners and operators for "interoperability," the ability to integrate equipment from different vendors into a coherent automation and control system - and to do so competitively. To accomplish this, the Standard Project Committee (SPC) solicited and received input from dozens of interested firms and individuals; reviewed all relevant national and international data communications standards, whether de facto or the result of committee activity; and spent countless hours in debate and discussion of the pros and cons of each element of the protocol.

What has emerged from the committee deliberations is a network protocol model with these principal characteristics:

(a) All network devices (except MS/TP slaves) are peers, but certain peers may have greater privileges and responsibilities than others.

(b) Each network device is modeled as a collection of network-accessible, named entities called "objects." Each object is characterized by a set of attributes or "properties." While this Standard prescribes the most widely applicable object types and their properties, implementors are free to create additional object types if desired. Because the object model can be easily extended, it provides a way for BACnet to evolve in a backward compatible manner as the technology and building needs change.

(c) Communication is accomplished by reading and writing the properties of particular objects and by the mutually acceptable execution of other protocol "services." While this Standard prescribes a comprehensive set of services, mechanisms are also provided for implementors to create additional services if desired.

(d) Because of this Standard's adherence to the ISO concept of a "layered" communication architecture, the same messages may be exchanged using various network access methods and physical media. This means that BACnet networks may be configured to meet a range of speed and throughput requirements with commensurately varying cost. Multiple BACnet networks can be interconnected within the same system forming an internetwork of arbitrarily large size. This flexibility also provides a way for BACnet to embrace new networking technologies as they are developed.

BACnet was designed to gracefully improve and evolve as both computer technology and demands of building automation systems change. Upon its original publication in 1995, a Standing Standards Project Committee was formed to deliberate enhancements to the protocol under ASHRAE rules for "continuous maintenance." Much has happened since the BACnet standard was first promulgated. BACnet has been translated into Chinese, Japanese, and Korean, and embraced across the globe. BACnet devices have been designed, built and deployed on all seven continents. Suggestions for enhancements and improvements have been continually received, deliberated, and, ultimately, subjected to the same consensus process that produced the original standard. This publication is the result of those deliberations and brings together all of the corrections, refinements, and improvements that have been adopted.

Among the features that have been added to BACnet are: increased capabilities to interconnect systems across wide area networks using Internet Protocols, new objects and services to support fire detection, other life safety applications, lighting, physical access control, and elevator monitoring, capabilities to backup and restore devices, standard ways to collect trend data, new tools to make specifying BACnet systems easier, a mechanism for making interoperable extensions to the standard visible, and many others. The successful addition of these features demonstrates that the concept of a protocol deliberately crafted to permit extension of its capabilities over time as technology and needs change is viable and sound.

All communication protocols are, in the end, a collection of arbitrary solutions to the problems of information exchange and all are subject to change as time and technology advance. BACnet is no exception. Still, it is the hope of those who have contributed their time, energies, and talents to this work that BACnet will help to fulfill, in the area of building automation and control, the promise of the information age for the public good!

1 PURPOSE

The purpose of this standard is to define data communication services and protocols for computer equipment used for monitoring and control of HVAC&R and other building systems and to define, in addition, an abstract, object-oriented representation of information communicated between such equipment, thereby facilitating the application and use of digital control technology in buildings.

2 SCOPE

2.1 This protocol provides a comprehensive set of messages for conveying encoded binary, analog, and alphanumeric data between devices including, but not limited to:

- (a) hardware binary input and output values,
- (b) hardware analog input and output values,
- (c) software binary and analog values,
- (d) text string values,
- (e) schedule information,
- (f) alarm and event information,
- (g) files, and
- (h) control logic.

2.2 This protocol models each building automation and control computer as a collection of data structures called "objects," the properties of which represent various aspects of the hardware, software, and operation of the device. These objects provide a means of identifying and accessing information without requiring knowledge of the details of the device's internal design or configuration.

koniec náhľadu – text ďalej pokračuje v platenej verzii STN