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Medical gloves for single use - Guidance for selection

Táto technická normalizačná informácia obsahuje anglickú verziu CEN/TR 16953:2017.
This Technical standard information includes the English version of CEN/TR 16953:2017.

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Auswahl

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CEN/TR 16953:2017 (E)

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CEN/TR 16953:2017 (E)**European foreword**

This document (CEN/TR 16953:2017) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 205 “Non-active medical devices”, the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association.

This Technical Report gives information for use in the EN 455 series of standards. EN 455, *Medical gloves for single use*, which consists of the following parts:

- *Part 1: Requirements and testing for freedom from holes*
- *Part 2: Requirements and testing for physical properties*
- *Part 3: Requirements and testing for biological evaluation*
- *Part 4: Requirements and testing for shelf life determination*

Introduction

This Technical Report sets out guidance for users and choosers for selection, storage and use of gloves for medical applications.

Glove selection is technically complex and should be undertaken by suitably qualified professionals.

Medical gloves have been shown to be a barrier to agents responsible for the transmission of infections. In order to help ensure effectiveness, it is essential that the gloves fit properly, are free from holes, and have adequate physical properties over their entire shelf life to resist barrier failure during use. In addition it is important that adequate information is provided on any risks to the health of glove users or patients that use of the gloves can cause, e.g. allergic reactions. These issues are addressed in the EN 455 series.

EN Standards once mandated by the EU Commission are referred to as 'harmonized' and are binding on CEN Member States. Products which comply with harmonized standards are assumed to comply with relevant Essential Requirements. 'Horizontal' standards apply across a range of different types of product (e.g. sterility or labelling). 'Vertical' standards apply to a specific type of product e.g. medical gloves.

CE marking is a key indicator of a product's compliance with EU legislation and enables the free movement of products within the European market. By affixing the CE marking on a product, a manufacturer is declaring conformity with all legal requirements to achieve CE marking and therefore ensuring validity for that product to be sold throughout the EEA, the member states of the EU and European Free Trade Association countries - Iceland, Norway, Liechtenstein and Turkey. Further information regarding CE marking can be found in Annex C.

Single-use medical gloves fall into two main device classifications depending on degree of invasiveness of their use.

Non sterile Examination gloves are class I medical devices and are CE marked by the manufacturer without third party regulatory approval. They are usually, but not necessarily, ambidextrous and bulk-packed. Sterile examination gloves are class I sterile medical devices designed for short non-invasive aseptic procedures (generally less than 60 min) in patient care. They require regulatory approval for their sterility. Because they are intended for short procedures only, examination gloves are generally thinner, and less robust than surgical grade gloves. They are usually sold in a limited number of sizes. The force at break requirements for such gloves are specified at levels which are lower than for surgical gloves but are based on many years cumulative experience of minimum requirements needed to ensure acceptable performance in use. Values differ for different materials and are reflected in the requirements of EN 455-2. They are sold either powdered with donning powder or as 'powder free'. Powder free gloves may have surface treatments or added chemical agents to assist in easy donning.

Surgical gloves are class IIa medical devices and are designed for invasive procedures. CE marking requires approval of a Notified Body. They are sold sterile in a range of full and half sizes and packed in pairs of handed gloves. Packaging is normally in an easy peel pack that can deliver sterile inner wrapped gloves onto the sterile surgical field. Sterility is achieved by e.g. gamma or electron beam irradiation or by ethylene oxide treatment. Surgical gloves are sterilized to a sterility assurance level (SAL) of 10^{-6} (according to EN 556-1) which gives a one in a million probability of finding a non sterile device. Force at break requirements are more rigorous than for examination gloves and reflect the levels that can be achieved for the materials concerned balanced against other in-use factors such as comfort, dexterity and sensitivity of touch.

CEN/TR 16953:2017 (E)**1 Scope**

This Technical Report provides information for those choosing or using sterile and non-sterile gloves for medical applications based on a risk assessment. It deals with gloves worn primarily for the protection of the patient and glove user from biological cross contamination.

NOTE Gloves worn specifically for the protection of the glove user from e.g. chemical and biological hazards are covered by the EU-Directive on Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and the related standards e.g. EN 16523-1, EN 374-2, EN 374-4, EN ISO 374-1 and EN ISO 374-5.

This document describes the rationale behind the requirements of the EN 455 series and explores the possible trade-offs in glove selection between the various factors which affect glove, physical properties, biocompatibility, comfort and sensitivity. The strengths and weaknesses of various alternative glove materials and the potential biological hazards presented by their use are also explored.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 455 (series), *Medical gloves for single use*

EN ISO 374-5, *Protective gloves against dangerous chemicals and micro-organisms - Part 5: Terminology and performance requirements for micro-organisms risks (ISO 374-5)*

EN ISO 10993-10, *Biological evaluation of medical devices - Part 10: Tests for irritation and skin sensitization (ISO 10993-10)*

ISO 2859-1, *Sampling procedures for inspection by attributes — Part 1: Sampling schemes indexed by acceptance quality limit (AQL) for lot-by-lot inspection*

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