# STN Skúšanie výkonnosti s použitím normalizovanej skúšobnej trate (ISO 5801: 2017) STN EN ISO 5801

Fans - Performance testing using standardized airways (ISO 5801:2017)

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy. This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

Táto norma bola oznámená vo Vestníku ÚNMS SR č. 03/18

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# EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

**EN ISO 5801** 

October 2017

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Supersedes EN ISO 5801:2008

#### **English Version**

# Fans - Performance testing using standardized airways (ISO 5801:2017)

Ventilateurs - Essais aérauliques sur circuits normalisés (ISO 5801:2017)

Ventilatoren - Leistungsmessung auf genormten Prüfständen (ISO 5801:2017)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 18 May 2017.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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# EN ISO 5801:2017 (E)

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EN ISO 5801:2017 (E)

## **European foreword**

This document (EN ISO 5801:2017) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 117 "Fans" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 156 "Ventilation for buildings" the secretariat of which is held by BSI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by April 2018, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by April 2018.

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The text of ISO 5801:2017 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 5801:2017 without any modification.

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 5801

Third edition 2017-09

# Fans — Performance testing using standardized airways

Ventilateurs — Essais aérauliques sur circuits normalisés



STN EN ISO 5801: 2018

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#### Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see <a href="www.iso.org/directives">www.iso.org/directives</a>).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see <a href="www.iso.org/patents">www.iso.org/patents</a>).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: <a href="https://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html">www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html</a>.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 117, Fans.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 5801:2007), which has been technically revised. It also incorporates the Technical Corrigendum ISO 5801:2007/Cor.1:2008.

#### Introduction

This document is the result of almost 50 years of discussion, comparative testing and detailed analyses by leading specialists from the fan industry and research organizations throughout the world.

It was demonstrated many years ago that the codes for fan performance testing established in different countries do not always lead to the same results.

The need for an International Standard has been evident for some time and Technical Committee ISO/TC 117 started its work in 1963. Important progress has been achieved over the years and, although the International Standard itself was not yet published, the successive revisions of various national standards led to much better agreement among them.

It has become possible since 1997 to complete this document by agreement on certain essential points. It is to be borne in mind that the test equipment, especially for large fans, is very expensive and it was necessary to include in this document many setups from various national codes in order to authorize their future use. This explains the sheer volume of the first edition (ISO 5801:1997).

The second edition (ISO 5801:2007) of this document was the result of a survey of ISO members, deleting those methods that were the least frequently used. A significant reduction in the number of pages had been achieved.

For the third edition, the contents were reorganized to define and allow all possible configurations of defined component parts as standardized test setups. A further significant reduction of volume has been achieved by streamlining the content.

Essential features of this document are as follows.

— Installation categories and test configurations (see <u>Clause 5</u> and <u>Clause 6</u>).

Since the connections of a duct to a fan inlet and/or outlet affect the fan's performance, a number of installation categories and test configurations need to be recognized.

— Common segments (see <u>Clause 8</u>).

It is essential that all standardized test airways to be used with fans need to have portions in common adjacent to the fan inlet and/or outlet sufficient to ensure consistent determination of fan pressure.

Geometric variations of these common segments are strictly limited.

— **Flow rate measurement** (see <u>12.5</u> and <u>Annex A</u>).

Determination of flow rate has been separated from the determination of fan pressure. A number of standardized methods may be used.

— **Test results** (see <u>Clause 15</u>).

Methods of measurement and calculation for the flow rate, for the fan pressure and for the fan efficiencies are established taking into account all compressibility effects of the air. For fan pressure less than 2 000 Pa, the change of density between fan inlet and fan outlet is allowed to be neglected. Other compressibility effects are allowed to be neglected for reference velocity values not higher than 65 m/s (see <u>Clause 13</u>).

# Fans — Performance testing using standardized airways

## 1 Scope

This document specifies procedures for the determination of the performance of fans of all types except those designed solely for air circulation, e.g. ceiling fans and table fans. Testing of jet fans is described in ISO 13350.

This document provides estimates of uncertainty of measurement and rules for the conversion, within specified limits, of test results for changes in speed, gas handled and, in the case of model tests, size are given.

#### 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 5136, Acoustics — Determination of sound power radiated into a duct by fans and other air-moving devices — In-duct method

ISO 5167–1, Measurement of fluid flow by means of pressure differential devices inserted in circular cross-section conduits running full — Part 1: General principles and requirements

ISO 5802, Industrial fans — Performance testing in situ

 $ISO\ 13347\ (all\ parts),\ Industrial\ fans\ --\ Determination\ of\ fan\ sound\ power\ levels\ under\ standardized\ laboratory\ conditions$ 

ISO 13348, Industrial fans — Tolerances, methods of conversion and technical data presentation

ISO 13349, Fans — Vocabulary and definitions of categories

ISO 13350, Fans — Performance testing of jet fans

IEC 60034-1:2010, Rotating electrical machines — Part 1: Rating and performance

IEC 60034-2-1:2014, Rotating electrical machines — Part 2-1: Standard methods for determining losses and efficiency from tests (excluding machines for traction vehicles)

IEC 60051-2, Direct acting indicating analogue electrical measuring instruments and their accessories — Part 2: Special requirements for ammeters and voltmeters

IEC 60051-3, Direct acting indicating analogue electrical measuring instruments and their accessories — Part 3: Special requirements for wattmeters and varmeters

# koniec náhľadu – text ďalej pokračuje v platenej verzii STN