STN

Trvanlivosť parametra reakcie na oheň Triedy výrobkov na báze dreva ošetrených retardérom horenia na vnútorné a vonkajšie konečné použitie

STN EN 16755

49 0682

Durability of reaction to fire performance - Classes of fire-retardant treated wood products in interior and exterior end use applications

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy. This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

Táto norma bola oznámená vo Vestníku ÚNMS SR č. 02/18

Obsahuje: EN 16755:2017

126364

EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE **EUROPÄISCHE NORM**

EN 16755

October 2017

ICS 13.220.40; 13.220.50; 71.100.50

English Version

Durability of reaction to fire performance - Classes of fireretardant treated wood products in interior and exterior end use applications

Durabilité des performances de réaction au feu -Classement des produits à base de bois ignifugés pour utilisation finale en intérieur et en extérieur

Dauerhaftigkeit des Verhaltens bei Brandeinwirkung -Klassen der mit Feuerschutzmitteln behandelten Holzprodukte für Anwendungen im Innen- und Außenbereich

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 2 July 2017.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and United Kingdom.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels

Cont	ents	Page
Europe	ean foreword	3
Introd	uction	4
1	Scope	5
2	Normative references	5
3	Terms and definitions	6
4	Symbols and abbreviations	
5	Requirements	
5.1	Wood products and non-fire-retardant coating systems	6
5.2	Reaction to fire performance	
5.2.1	Initial classification for reaction to fire	7
5.2.2	Reaction to fire performance before and after accelerated or natural weathering	
5.3	Durability of reaction to fire performance	
5.3.1	General	
5.3.2	DRF Class INT1	
5.3.3 5.3.4	DRF Class INT2 DRF Class EXT	_
5.3.4 5.3.5	Practise to use DRF classes	
6	Classification report	11
Annex	A (normative) Hygroscopic properties of fire-retardant treated wood products	
	including those with fire-retardant coatings	12
A.1	General	
A.2	Field of application	
A.3	Sampling, sample handling and preparation	
A.3.1	General procedure	
A.3.2	Procedure for end use products	
A.4	Test method	
A.4.1	Principle	
A.4.2 A.4.3	Equipment Testing environment	
	5	
	B (normative) Accelerated weathering of fire-retardant treated wood for fire testing	
B.1	General	
B.2	Field of application	
B.3	Sampling, sample handling and preparation	
B.4	Test method	
B.4.1	Principle	
B.4.2 B.4.3	Equipment Testing environment	
	C (informative) Example of classification report — Classification report: Durability classes of reaction to fire performance of fire-retardant wood products in interior and exterior end use applications according to EN 16755:2017	
D.I. 11		
RIDIIOS	graphy	26

European foreword

This document (EN 16755:2017) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 175 "Round and sawn timber", the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by April 2018, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by April 2018.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

Introduction

Fire-retardant treatments may considerably improve the reaction to fire properties of wood products and these may result in wood products having the highest fire performance characteristics achievable with any combustible product. However, the reaction to fire performance may be reduced by exposure to wet and/or humid conditions [11] and the ability of the treated products to continue to perform even when exposed to these conditions needs to be demonstrated.

Two aspects of the reaction to fire durability of fire-retardant wood products need to be considered. One is the risk for high moisture content and migration of the fire-retardant chemicals within the wood product and salt crystallization on the product surface that may fall off and reduce the improved fire properties. These hygroscopic properties of the treated wood product can be evaluated by exposure to high relative humidity.

The other aspect is the risk for decreased fire performance due to loss of the fire-retardant chemicals by leaching in exterior applications, e.g. facade claddings. Maintained fire performance after weathering needs to be verified.

This standard is based on the Technical Specification CEN/TS 15912, on a Nordtest standard [20] and on experience from North America [10, 9].

1 Scope

This European Standard describes the characteristics for fire-retardant treated wood products.

 $NOTE\,1$ It is based on maintaining performance undiminished throughout the desired service life in the anticipated conditions of use.

The European Standard prescribes the classification requirements for the durability of the reaction to fire performance of fire-retardant treated wood products to be used in interior and exterior end use conditions.

This European Standard applies to wood which has been treated during a production process with fire retardant products applied either by a penetration process or by a superficial process, such as with a film forming or intumescent fire retardant coating. It covers fire-retardant treated products that are coated with an ordinary paint.

Mechanical properties and biological durability of fire-retardant treated wood products are not covered by this European Standard.

NOTE 2 This standard can be used for other manufactured wood products.

This standard covers wood products. It doesn't cover wood-based panels.

NOTE 3 Wood based panels for construction are described in EN 13986.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 927-3, Paints and varnishes — Coating materials and coating systems for exterior wood — Part 3: Natural weathering test

EN 927-6, Paints and varnishes — Coating materials and coating systems for exterior wood — Part 6: Exposure of wood coatings to artificial weathering using fluorescent UV lamps and water

EN 13238, Reaction to fire tests for building products — Conditioning procedures and general rules for selection of substrates

EN 13501-1, Fire classification of construction products and building elements — Part 1: Classification using data from reaction to fire tests

EN 13823, Reaction to fire tests for building products — Building products excluding floorings exposed to the thermal attack by a single burning item

ISO 5660-1, Reaction-to-fire tests — Heat release, smoke production and mass loss rate — Part 1: Heat release rate (cone calorimeter method) and smoke production rate (dynamic measurement)

koniec náhľadu – text ďalej pokračuje v platenej verzii STN