

STN	Zdravotnícka informatika Identifikácia liekov Dátové prvky a štruktúry na jednoznačnú identifikáciu a výmenu informácií o regulovanom farmaceutickom výrobku (ISO 11616: 2017)	STN EN ISO 11616 84 8114
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Health informatics - Identification of medicinal products - Data elements and structures for the Unique Identification and Exchange of regulated Pharmaceutical Product Information (ISO 11616:2017)

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy.
This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

Táto norma bola oznámená vo Vestníku ÚNMS SR č. 05/18

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EUROPEAN STANDARD
NORME EUROPÉENNE
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EN ISO 11616

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Supersedes EN ISO 11616:2012

English Version

**Health informatics - Identification of medicinal products -
Data elements and structures for the Unique Identification
and Exchange of regulated Pharmaceutical Product
Information (ISO 11616:2017)**

Informatique de santé - Identification des médicaments
- Éléments de données et structures pour
l'identification unique et l'échange d'informations
réglementées sur les produits pharmaceutiques (ISO
11616:2017)

Medizinische Informatik - Identifikation von
Arzneimitteln - Datenelemente und -strukturen zur
Identifikation und zum Austausch von
pharmazeutischen Produktkennzeichen (ISO
11616:2017)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 17 November 2017.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION
COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION
EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

EN ISO 11616:2017 (E)

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European foreword

This document (EN ISO 11616:2017) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 215 "Health informatics" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 251 "Health informatics" the secretariat of which is held by NEN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by June 2018, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by June 2018.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

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According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 11616:2017 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 11616:2017 without any modification.

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

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11616

Second edition
2017-10

Health informatics — Identification of medicinal products — Data elements and structures for unique identification and exchange of regulated pharmaceutical product information

Informatique de santé — Identification des médicaments — Éléments de données et structures pour l'identification unique et l'échange d'informations réglementées sur les produits pharmaceutiques



Reference number
ISO 11616:2017(E)

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardisation) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organisations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardisation.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 215, *Health informatics*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 11616:2012), which has been technically revised.

ISO 11616:2017(E)**Introduction**

This document was developed in response to a worldwide demand for internationally harmonised specifications for Medicinal Products. It is part of a set of five ISO Standards and four ISO Technical Specifications which together provide the basis for the unique Identification of Medicinal Products (IDMP).

These sets of standards and technical specifications comprise:

- ISO 11615;
- ISO/TS 20443;
- ISO 11616;
- ISO/TS 20451;
- ISO 11238;
- ISO/TS 19844;
- ISO 11239;
- ISO/TS 20440;
- ISO 11240.

The purpose of this document is to present data elements, structures and their relationships in order to uniquely identify and exchange regulated pharmaceutical product information. This document provides an accurate and consistent mechanism to fully represent the relationship of pharmaceutical product identifier(s) (PhPID) with the following:

- Medicinal Product Identifier(s) (MPIDs);
- Package Component Identifier(s) (PCIDs);
- Investigational Medicinal Product Identifier(s) (IMPIDs);
- Investigational Package Component Identifier(s) (IPCIDs).

These standards and technical specifications for the identification of Medicinal Products support the activities of medicines regulatory agencies worldwide by region. These include a variety of regulatory activities related to development, registration and life cycle management of Medicinal Products, as well as pharmacovigilance and risk management.

To meet the primary objectives of the regulation of medicines and pharmacovigilance, it is necessary to reliably exchange Medicinal Product information in a robust and consistent manner. The IDMP standards therefore support, at a minimum, the following interactions:

- regulatory medicines authority to regulatory medicines authority;
- pharmaceutical company to regulatory medicines authority;
- sponsor of a clinical trial to regulatory medicines authority;
- regulatory medicines authority to other stakeholders (as applicable);
- regulatory medicines authority to worldwide-maintained data sources.

The necessary messaging specifications are included as an integral part of the IDMP standards to secure the interactions above. This is critical to describing and protecting the integrity of the interactions listed above for the submission of regulated Medicinal Product information in the context of unique product identification and acknowledgement of receipt (which includes the validation of transmitted information).

Unique identifiers produced in conformance with the IDMP standards are aimed at supporting applications where it is necessary to reliably identify and trace the use of Medicinal Products.

There are many terms in use to describe basic concepts in the regulatory, pharmaceutical and healthcare standards development domain for different purposes and in different contexts. The terms and definitions given in this document are to be applied for the concepts which are required to uniquely identify, characterise and exchange regulated Medicinal Products and associated information.

The terms and definitions adopted in this document are intended to facilitate the interpretation and application of legal and regulatory requirements but they are without prejudice to any legally binding document. In case of doubt or potential conflict, the terms and definitions contained in legally binding documents prevail.

This document has been developed in conjunction with the Common Product Model (CPM) and Structured Product Labelling (SPL) in HL7.

Health informatics — Identification of medicinal products — Data elements and structures for unique identification and exchange of regulated pharmaceutical product information

1 Scope

This document is intended to provide specific levels of information relevant to the identification of a Medicinal Product or group of Medicinal Products. It defines the data elements, structures and relationships between data elements that are required for the exchange of regulated information, in order to uniquely identify pharmaceutical products. This identification is to be applied throughout the product lifecycle to support pharmacovigilance, regulatory and other activities worldwide. In addition, this document is essential to ensure that pharmaceutical product information is assembled in a structured format with transmission between a diverse set of stakeholders for both regulatory and clinical (e.g. e-prescribing, clinical decision support) purposes. This ensures interoperability and compatibility for both the sender and the recipient.

This document is not intended to be a scientific classification for pharmaceutical products. Rather, it is a formal association of particular data elements categorised in prescribed combinations and uniquely identified when levelling degrees of information are incomplete. This allows for Medicinal Products to be unequivocally identified on a global level.

References to other normative IDMP and messaging standards for pharmaceutical product information are included in [Clause 2](#), to be applied in the context of this document.

Medicinal products for veterinary use are out of scope of this document.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 3166-1, *Codes for the representation of names of countries and their subdivisions — Part 1: Country codes*

ISO 11238, *Health informatics — Identification of Medicinal Products — Data elements and structures for the unique identification and exchange of regulated information on substances*

ISO 11239, *Health informatics — Identification of Medicinal Products — Data elements and structures for the unique identification and exchange of regulated information on pharmaceutical dose forms, units of presentation, routes of administration and packaging*

ISO 11240, *Health informatics — Identification of Medicinal Products — Data elements and structures for the unique identification and exchange of units of measurement*

ISO 11615:2017, *Health informatics — Identification of Medicinal Products — Data elements and structures for the unique identification and exchange of regulated Medicinal Product information*

ISO/TS 19844, *Health informatics — Identification of Medicinal Products — Implementation guidelines for data elements and structures for the unique identification and exchange of regulated information on substances*

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ISO/TS 20440, Health informatics — Identification of Medicinal Products — Implementation guide for ISO 11239 data elements and structures for the unique identification and exchange of regulated information on pharmaceutical dose forms, units of presentation, routes of administration and packaging

ISO/TS 20443, Health informatics — Identification of Medicinal Products — Implementation guidelines for ISO 11615 data elements and structures for the unique identification and exchange of regulated Medicinal Product information

ISO/TS 20451, Health informatics — Identification of Medicinal Products — Implementation guidelines for ISO 11616 data elements and structures for the unique identification and exchange of regulated pharmaceutical product information

HL7 Version 3 Standard, Common Clinical Product Model

HL7 Version 3 Standard, Common Product Model CMETS

HL7 Version 3 Standard, Regulated Product Submission

HL7 Version 3 Standard, Structured Product Labelling

koniec náhľadu – text ďalej pokračuje v platenej verzii STN