

Kovové materiály Metóda skúšky na stanovenie kvázikryštalickej Iomovej húževnatosti zvarov (ISO 15653: 2018)

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Metallic materials - Method of test for the determination of quasistatic fracture toughness of welds (ISO 15653:2018)

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy. This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

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Metallic materials - Method of test for the determination of quasistatic fracture toughness of welds (ISO 15653:2018)

Matériaux métalliques - Méthode d'essai pour la détermination de la ténacité quasi statique à la rupture des soudures (ISO 15653:2018) Metallische Werkstoffe - Prüfverfahren zur Bestimmung der quasistatischen Bruchzähigkeit von Schweißverbindungen (ISO 15653:2018)

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EN ISO 15653:2018 (E)

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European foreword

This document (EN ISO 15653:2018) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 164 "Mechanical testing of metals" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 121 "Welding and allied processes" the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by July 2018, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by July 2018.

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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

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Metallic materials — Method of test for the determination of quasistatic fracture toughness of welds

Matériaux métalliques — Méthode d'essai pour la détermination de la ténacité quasi statique à la rupture des soudures



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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 164, *Mechanical testing of metals*, Subcommittee SC 4, *Toughness testing* — *Fracture* (F), *Pendulum* (P), *Tear* (T).

This second edition of ISO 15653 cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 15653:2010), which has been technically revised.

The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- new formulae for the calculation of single-point determination of CTOD (12.2.2) have been added;
- introduction for reverse bending in <u>C.3</u> has been added;
- assessment of pop-in in D.1 has been clarified;
- new formula for the calculation for single-point determination of CTOD in shallow notched specimens in E.4 has been added.

Metallic materials — Method of test for the determination of quasistatic fracture toughness of welds

1 Scope

This document specifies methods for determining fracture toughness in terms of stress intensity factor (K), crack tip opening displacement or CTOD (δ) and experimental equivalent of the J-integral for welds in metallic materials (J).

This document complements ISO 12135, which covers all aspects of fracture toughness testing of parent metal and which needs to be used in conjunction with this document. This document describes methods for determining point values of fracture toughness. It should not be considered a way of obtaining a valid *R*-curve (resistance-to-crack-extension curve). However, the specimen preparation methods described in this document could be usefully employed when determining *R*-curves for welds. The methods use fatigue precracked specimens which have been notched, after welding, in a specific target area in the weld. Methods are described to evaluate the suitability of a weld for notch placement within the target area, which is either within the weld metal or within the weld heat-affected zone (HAZ), and then, where appropriate, to evaluate the effectiveness of the fatigue crack in sampling these areas.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 12135:2016, Metallic materials — Unified method of test for the determination of quasistatic fracture toughness

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