сты	Bezpečnosť strojových zariadení Aplikácia ochranných zariadení na detekciu prítomnosti osôb	STN EN IEC 62046
STN		33 2206

Safety of machinery - Application of protective equipment to detect the presence of persons

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy. This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

Táto norma bola oznámená vo Vestníku ÚNMS SR č. 10/18

Obsahuje: EN IEC 62046:2018, IEC 62046:2018

Oznámením tejto normy sa od 02.05.2021 ruší STN P CLC/TS 62046 (33 2206) z februára 2009

127380

Úrad pre normalizáciu, metrológiu a skúšobníctvo Slovenskej republiky, 2018 Slovenská technická norma a technická normalizačná informácia je chránená zákonom č. 60/2018 Z. z. o technickej normalizácii.

EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

EN IEC 62046

July 2018

ICS 13.110

Supersedes CLC/TS 62046:2008

English Version

Safety of machinery - Application of protective equipment to detect the presence of persons (IEC 62046:2018)

Sécurité des machines - Application des équipements de protection à la détection de la présence de personnes (IEC 62046:2018) Sicherheit von Maschinen - Anwendung von Schutzausrüstungen zur Anwesenheitserkennung von Personen (IEC 62046:2018)

This European Standard was approved by CENELEC on 2018-05-02. CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CENELEC member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CENELEC member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CENELEC members are the national electrotechnical committees of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.



European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

© 2018 CENELEC All rights of exploitation in any form and by any means reserved worldwide for CENELEC Members.

EN IEC 62046:2018

European foreword

The text of document 44/803/FDIS, future edition 1 of IEC 62046, prepared by IEC/TC 44 "Safety of machinery - Electrotechnical aspects" was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and approved by CENELEC as EN IEC 62046:2018.

The following dates are fixed:

•	latest date by which the document has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement	(dop)	2019-02-02
•	latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the document have to be withdrawn	(dow)	2021-05-02

This document supersedes CLC/TS 62046:2008.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CENELEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard IEC 62046:2018 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

In the official version, for Bibliography, the following notes have to be added for the standards indicated:

IEC 60947-4-1	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 60947-4-1.
IEC 61496-1	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 61496-1.
IEC 61496-2	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 61496-2.
IEC 61496-3	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 61496-3.
ISO 13854	NOTE	Harmonized as EN ISO 13854.
ISO 13856 Series	NOTE	Harmonized as EN ISO 13856 Series.
ISO 13856-1:2013	NOTE	Harmonized as EN ISO 13856-1:2013 (not modified).
ISO 13856-2:2013	NOTE	Harmonized as EN ISO 13856-2:2013 (not modified).
ISO 13856-3:2013	NOTE	Harmonized as EN ISO 13856-3:2013 (not modified).
ISO 13857	NOTE	Harmonized as EN ISO 13857.
ISO 14118:2017	NOTE	Harmonized as EN ISO 14118:2018 (not modified).
ISO 14119:2013	NOTE	Harmonized as EN SO 14119:2013 (not modified).
ISO 14120:2015	NOTE	Harmonized as EN ISO 14120:2015 (not modified).

EN IEC 62046:2018

Annex ZA

(normative)

Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE 1 Where an International Publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

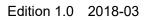
NOTE 2 Up-to-date information on the latest versions of the European Standards listed in this annex is available here: <u>www.cenelec.eu</u>.

Publication	<u>Year</u>	Title	<u>EN/HD</u>	<u>Year</u>
IEC 62061	-	Safety of machinery - Functional safety of safety-related electrical, electronic and programmable electronic control systems	EN 62061	-
ISO 12100	2010	Safety of machinery - General principles for design - Risk assessment and risk reduction	EN ISO 12100	2010 ¹
ISO 13849	Series	Safety of machinery - Safety-related parts of control systems	EN ISO 13849	Series
ISO 13855	2010	Safety of machinery - Positioning of safeguards with respect to the approach speeds of parts of the human body	EN ISO 13855	2010

¹ EN ISO 12100:2010 constitutes a consolidation without technical changes of EN ISO 12100-1:2003, EN ISO 12100-2:2003 and related amendments and EN ISO 14121-1:2007. Documentation (e.g. risk assessment, type-C standards) based on these replaced documents need not be updated or revised.







INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



Safety of machinery – Application of protective equipment to detect the presence of persons





THIS PUBLICATION IS COPYRIGHT PROTECTED Copyright © 2018 IEC, Geneva, Switzerland

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either IEC or IEC's member National Committee in the country of the requester. If you have any questions about IEC copyright or have an enquiry about obtaining additional rights to this publication, please contact the address below or your local IEC member National Committee for further information.

IEC Central Office 3, rue de Varembé CH-1211 Geneva 20 Switzerland Tel.: +41 22 919 02 11 info@iec.ch www.iec.ch

About the IEC

The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is the leading global organization that prepares and publishes International Standards for all electrical, electronic and related technologies.

About IEC publications

The technical content of IEC publications is kept under constant review by the IEC. Please make sure that you have the latest edition, a corrigenda or an amendment might have been published.

IEC Catalogue - webstore.iec.ch/catalogue

The stand-alone application for consulting the entire bibliographical information on IEC International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports and other documents. Available for PC, Mac OS, Android Tablets and iPad.

IEC publications search - webstore.iec.ch/advsearchform

The advanced search enables to find IEC publications by a variety of criteria (reference number, text, technical committee,...). It also gives information on projects, replaced and withdrawn publications.

IEC Just Published - webstore.iec.ch/justpublished

Stay up to date on all new IEC publications. Just Published details all new publications released. Available online and also once a month by email.

Electropedia - www.electropedia.org

The world's leading online dictionary of electronic and electrical terms containing 21 000 terms and definitions in English and French, with equivalent terms in 16 additional languages. Also known as the International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) online.

IEC Glossary - std.iec.ch/glossary

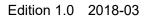
67 000 electrotechnical terminology entries in English and French extracted from the Terms and Definitions clause of IEC publications issued since 2002. Some entries have been collected from earlier publications of IEC TC 37, 77, 86 and CISPR.

IEC Customer Service Centre - webstore.iec.ch/csc

If you wish to give us your feedback on this publication or need further assistance, please contact the Customer Service Centre: sales@iec.ch.







INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



Safety of machinery – Application of protective equipment to detect the presence of persons

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

ICS 13.110

ISBN 978-2-8322-5519-3

Warning! Make sure that you obtained this publication from an authorized distributor.

- 2 -

IEC 62046:2018 © IEC 2018

CONTENTS

FC	DREWO	RD	6
IN	TRODU	CTION	8
1	Scop	e	10
2	•	ative references	
2		s, definitions and abbreviated terms	
5			
	3.1 3.2	Terms and definitions	
4	-	ction of protective measures	
4		•	
	4.1	Procedure (relationship with ISO 12100)	
	4.2	Machine characteristics	
	4.2.1 4.2.2	Suitability of protective equipment	
	4.3	Environmental characteristics	
	4.4	General	
	4.4.1		
	4.4.2	•	
	4.4.3	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	4.4.4	Human characteristics	
	4.5.1	General	
	4.5.2		
	4.5.3		
	4.5.4		
	4.6	Protective equipment characteristics	
	4.6.1	ESPEs	
	4.6.2		
	4.7	Optional machine control system functions associated with the application of	
		protective equipment	29
	4.7.1	General	29
	4.7.2	Stopping performance monitoring (SPM)	30
	4.7.3	Muting	30
	4.7.4	Reinitiation of machine operation by the protective equipment	30
	4.7.5	Start interlock	30
	4.7.6	Restart interlock	30
	4.7.7	External device monitoring (EDM)	30
	4.7.8	Provision of machine control functions	
5	Gene	ral application requirements	31
	5.1	Positioning and configuration of the protective equipment detection zone	31
	5.2	Integration with the safety-related control system	31
	5.3	Performance of protective equipment	
	5.3.1	General	32
	5.3.2		
	5.4	Stopping performance monitoring (SPM)	
	5.5	Start interlock	34
	5.6	Restart interlock	
	5.7	Muting	35

	5.7.1		
	5.7.2		
	5.7.3	5	
	5.7.4	1	
	5.8	Reinitiation of machine operation by the protective equipment	
6	Parti	cular application requirements for specific protective equipment	40
	6.1	AOPDs	40
	6.1.1	General	40
	6.1.2	Light beam device(s)	40
	6.1.3	5	
	6.2	AOPDDRs	45
	6.3	Vision based protective devices VBPD	46
	6.4	Pressure-sensitive mats and floors	47
	6.4.1	Pressure sensitive floors	47
	6.4.2	Pressure sensitive mats	47
7	Inspe	ection and test	48
	7.1	General	48
	7.2	Functional checks	49
	7.3	Periodic inspection and test	50
	7.4	Initial inspection and test	50
	7.5	Application specific tests	51
8	Infor	mation for safe use	52
A	nnex A	(informative) Application examples	53
	A.1	General	
	A.2	Protective equipment used as a trip device	
	A.3	Use of protective equipment as a combined trip and presence sensing	
	,	device	54
	A.3.1	Example 1	54
	A.3.2	2 Example 2	54
	A.3.3	B Example 3: horizontal AOPD	55
	A.3.4	Example 4; vertical AOPD	56
	A.3.5	5 Example 5	57
	A.4	Perimeter guarding	58
A	nnex B	(informative) Additional recommendations for the application of AOPDDRs	59
	B.1	General	59
	B.2	Example of the use of an AOPDDR on stationary machinery	61
	B.3	Example of the use of an AOPDDR on an automatic guided vehicle (AGV)	62
	B.4	AOPDDR used for the detection of the body or parts of a body with orthogonal approach	63
	B.4.1		
	B.4.2	-	
	B.5	Examples of the use of an AOPDDR as a whole-body trip device	
	B.6	Examples for the use of an AOPDDR as parts of a body trip device	
A	nnex C	(informative) Application example of a vision based protective system	
		PST)	67
A		(informative) Examples for the configuration of photoelectric muting sensors nused to allow access by materials	69
	D.1	General	
	D.2	Four beams	

D.2.2 D.2.3 D.2.4 D.2.5 D.2.6 D.2.7 D.2.8	Four beams – timing control Four beams – sequence control Four beams with additional swinging doors Methods to avoid manipulation of the muting function Connection of the sensors to a two input muting control Two sensors – positioning of the sensors	73 74 75
D.2.4 D.2.5 D.2.6 D.2.7	Four beams with additional swinging doors Methods to avoid manipulation of the muting function Connection of the sensors to a two input muting control	74 75
D.2.5 D.2.6 D.2.7	Methods to avoid manipulation of the muting function Connection of the sensors to a two input muting control	75
D.2.6 D.2.7	Connection of the sensors to a two input muting control	
D.2.7		77
	Two sensors – positioning of the sensors	
D.2.8		78
	Two sensors – timing control	81
D.2.9	Two muting sensor beams in combination with swinging doors	82
D.2.10	Height of the crossing point of the muting sensor beams	84
D.3 Tw	o parallel muting sensor beams – exit only	85
D.4 Pr	ptection of conveyor systems working in a coordinated manner	88
Bibliography		90
Figure 1 – Re	elationship of this International Standard to other standards	9
Figure 2 – Ri	sk reduction process	~~
	sk reduction process	
Figure 3 – De	etection principle of through-beam AOPD	
		27
Figure 4 – Tł	etection principle of through-beam AOPD	27 27
Figure 4 – Th Figure 5 – Re	etection principle of through-beam AOPD arough-beam AOPD using mirrors	27 27 27
Figure 4 – Th Figure 5 – Re Figure 6 – De	etection principle of through-beam AOPD nrough-beam AOPD using mirrors etro-reflective AOPD	27 27 27 28
Figure 4 – Th Figure 5 – Ro Figure 6 – Do Figure 7 – Do	etection principle of through-beam AOPD nrough-beam AOPD using mirrors etro-reflective AOPD etection principle of AOPDDR	27 27 27 28 29
Figure 4 – Th Figure 5 – Ro Figure 6 – Do Figure 7 – Do Figure 8 – Ex	etection principle of through-beam AOPD nrough-beam AOPD using mirrors etro-reflective AOPD etection principle of AOPDDR etection principle of VBPDST	27 27 27 28 29 40
Figure 4 – Th Figure 5 – Ro Figure 6 – Do Figure 7 – Do Figure 8 – Ex Figure 9 – Do	etection principle of through-beam AOPD nrough-beam AOPD using mirrors etro-reflective AOPD etection principle of AOPDDR etection principle of VBPDST cample of the effect of reflective surfaces	27 27 27 28 29 40 42
Figure 3 – De		

	••• • •
Figure 12 – Example of reduced resolution	45
Figure A.1 – Protective equipment used as a trip device	53
Figure A.2 – Protective equipment used as combined trip and presence sensing device – Example 1	54
Figure A.3 – Protective equipment used as a combined trip and presence sensing device – Example 2	54
Figure A.4 – Horizontal AOPD	55
Figure A.5 – Vertical AOPD	56
Figure A.6 – Increased minimum distance	57
Figure A.7 – Additional mechanical protection	58
Figure A.8 – Use of a trip device	58
Figure B.1 – Example of the use of an AOPDDR on machinery	60
Figure B.2 – Example of the use of an AOPDDR on stationary machinery	61
Figure B.3 – Example of the use of an AOPDDR on an AGV	62
Figure B.4 – Use of an AOPDDR as a whole-body trip device – Example 1	63
Figure B.5 – Use of an AOPDDR as a whole-body trip device – Example 2	64
Figure B.6 – Use of an AOPDDR as parts of a body trip device – Example 1	65
Figure B.7 – Use of an AOPDDR as parts of a body trip device – Example 2	65
Figure C.1 – Application example of a VBPDST	68
Figure D.1 – T configuration with timing control	69

- 5 -

Figure D.2 – L configuration with timing control	70
Figure D.3 – Parallel beams with timing or sequence control	70
Figure D.4 – Four parallel beams with timing control	71
Figure D.5 – Positioning of the muting sensors to avoid muting by a person's body	
(plan view)	
Figure D.6 – Positioning of the muting sensors (side view)	
Figure D.7 – Timing diagram: four parallel beams with timing control	
Figure D.8 – Four beams: timing control and crossed beams (not recommended)	
Figure D.9 – Timing diagram: four beams and sequence control	
Figure D.10 – Four beams with additional swinging doors	
Figure D.11 – Timing diagram for mute enable signal (mute enable activated)	
Figure D.12 – Timing diagram for mute enable signal (mute enable not activated)	76
Figure D.13 – Presence of the mute enable signal during more than one mute cycle	76
Figure D.14 – Avoidance of manipulation of the muting function (plan view)	77
Figure D.15 – Avoidance of manipulation of the muting function (front view)	77
Figure D.16 – Connection of the muting sensors	78
Figure D.17 – Two sensors – Crossed beams	78
Figure D.18 – Two sensors – Crossed beams (risk of entering the hazardous zone without detection when $x > 200$ mm)	79
Figure D.19 – Positioning of the muting sensors	80
Figure D.20 – Detection of the test object	80
Figure D.21 – Timing diagram for two crossed beams (normal operation)	
Figure D.22 – Timing diagram for two crossed beams (timeout)	81
Figure D.23 – Single swinging doors in combination with a two-beam muting system (correct position)	82
Figure D.24 – Reaching hazardous zone behind the pallet (incorrect position of swinging doors)	83
Figure D.25 – Reaching hazardous zone in front of pallet (incorrect position of swinging doors)	84
Figure D.26 – Height of crossing point	85
Figure D.27 – Interruption of the beam by foot	85
Figure D.28 – Two muting sensor beams – exit only	86
Figure D.29 – Timing diagram; two muting sensor beams – exit only, muting terminated by the ESPE	86
Figure D.30 – Timing diagram; two muting sensor beams – exit only, muting terminated by the 4 s timer	87
Figure D.31 – Timing diagram, muting terminated by the muting timeout	87
Figure D.32 – Production line incorporating two conveyors (2 hazardous zones) (incorrect application)	88
Figure D.33 – Production line incorporating two conyeyors(2 hazardous zones)	89
Table 1 – ESPE Types and achievable PL or SIL	33
Table 2 – Beam heights for light beam devices	41

Table D.1 – Truth table, four beams – sequence control74

- 6 -

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

SAFETY OF MACHINERY – APPLICATION OF PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT TO DETECT THE PRESENCE OF PERSONS

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
- 4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter.
- 5) IEC itself does not provide any attestation of conformity. Independent certification bodies provide conformity assessment services and, in some areas, access to IEC marks of conformity. IEC is not responsible for any services carried out by independent certification bodies.
- 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
- 7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
- 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
- 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

International Standard IEC 62046 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 44: Safety of machinery – Electrotechnical aspects.

This first edition cancels and replaces IEC TS 62046, published in 2008. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to IEC TS 62046:2008:

- a) additional annexes relating to muting and vision systems,
- b) muting requirements have been updated,
- c) blanking requirements have been updated,
- d) addition of IEC 61496 series Types and capping the Safety Integrity level according to IEC 62061 and performance levels according to ISO 13849-1,
- e) alignment to changes in IEC 61496 series.

- 7 -

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
44/803/FDIS	44/812/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this International Standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This document has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

A bilingual version of this publication may be issued at a later date.

IMPORTANT – The 'colour inside' logo on the cover page of this publication indicates that it contains colours which are considered to be useful for the correct understanding of its contents. Users should therefore print this document using a colour printer.

- 8 -

IEC 62046:2018 © IEC 2018

INTRODUCTION

This International Standard provides requirements and information on the application of protective equipment, which employs (a) sensing device(s) to detect person(s), in order to reduce or minimize a risk from hazardous parts of machinery, without providing a physical barrier.

The objective of this document is to assist standards writing committees responsible for developing machine standards ("C" Standards), machine designers, manufacturers and refurbishers, machine safety certification organizations, workplace authorities and others on the proper application of protective equipment to machinery.

Figure 1 and Figure 2 show the general context and the intended use of this standard.

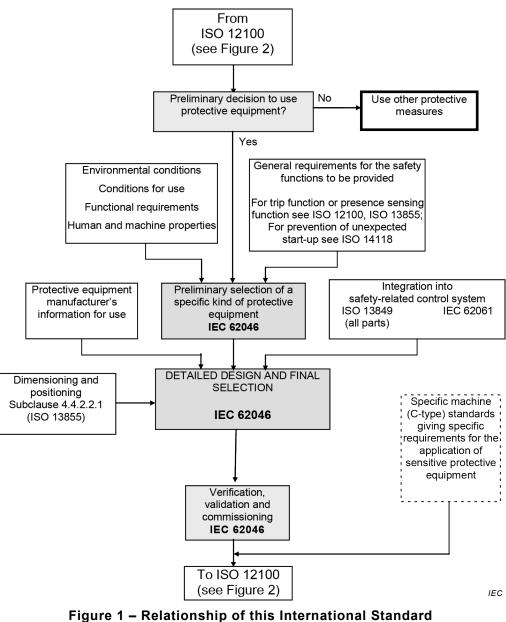
Clauses 1 to 5, 7 and 8 of this document apply to all protective equipment included in the scope, Clause 6 contains guidance for the application of specific kinds of protective equipment.

The principles of this document can be useful in the application of devices using other detection technologies but this document does not give specific requirements for devices other than those listed above.

This document considers devices standardised in the IEC 61496 series and the ISO 13856 series. Unless a product-specific safety-related standard for devices using other sensing technologies is published, their suitability as the sole means of protection from machine hazards is unknown. Great care should be taken in the selection and use of devices for which there is no product-specific safety-related standard because their behaviour, particularly under fault conditions, is not known to be sufficiently predictable.

An SILCL (SIL claim limit, see IEC 62061) or PL (Performance Level, see ISO 13849-1) or SIL (Safety Integrity Level, see IEC 61508) is not sufficient as an indication of a device's suitability for use as a safeguard. Suitability depends on appropriate sensing means, environmental conditions especially those that can affect the detection capability, behaviour under fault conditions, etc

-9-



to other standards

(see also Figure 2)

- 10 -

IEC 62046:2018 © IEC 2018

SAFETY OF MACHINERY – APPLICATION OF PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT TO DETECT THE PRESENCE OF PERSONS

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies requirements for the selection, positioning, configuration and commissioning of protective equipment to detect the momentary or continued presence of persons in order to protect those persons from dangerous part(s) of machinery in industrial applications. This standard covers the application of electro-sensitive protective equipment (ESPE) specified in IEC 61496 (all parts) and pressure sensitive mats and floors specified in ISO 13856-1.

It takes into account the characteristics of the machinery, the protective equipment, the environment and human interaction by persons of 14 years and older.

This document includes informative annexes to provide guidance on the application of protective equipment to detect the presence of persons. These annexes contain examples to illustrate the principles of this standard. These examples are not intended to be the only solutions to a given application and are not intended to restrict innovation or advancement of technology. The examples are provided only as representative solutions to illustrate some of the concepts of integration of protective equipment, and have been simplified for clarity, so they may be incomplete.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 62061, Safety of machinery - Functional safety of safety-related electrical, electronic and programmable electronic control systems

ISO 12100:2010¹, Safety of machinery – General principles for design – Risk assessment and risk reduction

ISO 13849 (all parts), Safety of machinery – Safety-related parts of control systems

ISO 13855:2010, Safety of machinery – Positioning of safeguards with respect to the approach speeds of parts of the human body

koniec náhľadu – text ďalej pokračuje v platenej verzii STN