

STN	Očné implantáty Vnútročné šošovky Časť 7: Klinické hodnotenie vnútroočných šošoviek na korekciu afakie (ISO 11979-7: 2018)	STN EN ISO 11979-7 19 5300
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Ophthalmic implants - Intraocular lenses - Part 7: Clinical investigations of intraocular lenses for the correction of aphakia (ISO 11979-7:2018)

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This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

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Ophthalmic implants - Intraocular lenses - Part 7: Clinical investigations of intraocular lenses for the correction of aphakia (ISO 11979-7:2018)

Implants ophtalmiques - Lentilles intraoculaires -
Partie 7: Investigations cliniques de lentilles
intraoculaires pour la correction de l'aphakie (ISO
11979-7:2018)

Ophthalmische Implantate - Intraokularlinsen - Teil 7:
Klinische Prüfungen von Intraokularlinsen für die
Korrektion von Aphakie (ISO 11979-7:2018)

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EN ISO 11979-7:2018 (E)

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European foreword

This document (EN ISO 11979-7:2018) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 172 "Optics and photonics" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 170 "Ophthalmic optics" the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by November 2018, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by November 2018.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

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Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 11979-7:2018 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 11979-7:2018 without any modification.

**INTERNATIONAL
STANDARD**

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**Ophthalmic implants — Intraocular
lenses —**

Part 7:
**Clinical investigations of intraocular
lenses for the correction of aphakia**

Implants ophtalmiques — Lentilles intraoculaires —

*Partie 7: Investigations cliniques de lentilles intraoculaires pour la
correction de l'aphakie*



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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation on the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 172, *Optics and photonics*, Subcommittee SC 7, *Ophthalmic optics and instruments*.

This fourth edition cancels and replaces the third edition (ISO 11979-7:2014). It also cancels and replaces the first edition of ISO 11979-9:2006 and its amendment ISO 11979-9:2006/Amd 1:2014.

The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- Integration of the multifocal intraocular lens document (ISO 11979-9:2006);
- Technical updates concerning the safety and efficacy of the intraocular lens subtypes monofocal, multifocal, toric and accommodating;
- Recommendations for the clinical investigations of novel lens models; and
- The separation of guidance for intraocular lenses used in cases of aphakia, and intraocular lens used for the correction of ametropia in phakic patients.

A list of all parts in the ISO 11979 series can be found on the ISO website.

Introduction

Intraocular lenses (IOLs) are used to correct residual refractive errors in subjects who have aphakia. Such residual refractive errors typically include sphere and astigmatism, but can also include accommodation. Different designs of IOLs can be used to correct for specific refractive errors. In the case where an IOL is designed to provide more than one type of refractive correction, that IOL will have to satisfy each of the separate requirements of those correction designs.

This document provides requirements and recommendations for intraocular lens investigations of new IOL models. In the case where an IOL model is a modification of a parent IOL model, a risk analysis can be used in order to determine the appropriate level of testing.

Ophthalmic implants — Intraocular lenses —

Part 7:

Clinical investigations of intraocular lenses for the correction of aphakia

1 Scope

This document specifies the particular requirements for the clinical investigations of intraocular lenses that are implanted in the eye in order to correct aphakia.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 11979-1, *Ophthalmic implants — Intraocular lenses — Part 1: Vocabulary*

ISO 11979-10:2018, *Ophthalmic implants — Intraocular lenses — Part 10: Clinical investigations of intraocular lenses for correction of ametropia in phakic eyes*

ISO 14155, *Clinical investigation of medical devices for human subjects — Good clinical practice*

ISO 14971, *Medical devices — Application of risk management to medical devices*

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