

Stroje na zemné a stavebné práce
Elektromagnetická kompatibilita (EMC) strojov s
vlastným zdrojom elektrickej energie
Časť 1: Všeobecné požiadavky na EMC za
typických elektromagnetických podmienok
prostredia (ISO 13766-1: 2018)

STN EN ISO 13766-1

27 8004

Earth-moving and building construction machinery - Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) of machines with internal electrical power supply - Part 1: General EMC requirements under typical electromagnetic environmental conditions (ISO 13766-1:2018)

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy. This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

Táto norma bola oznámená vo Vestníku ÚNMS SR č. 11/18

Obsahuje: EN ISO 13766-1:2018, ISO 13766-1:2018

Spolu s STN EN ISO 13766-2 ruší STN EN 13309 (27 8004) z februára 2011

EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

EN ISO 13766-1

June 2018

ICS 33.100.01; 53.100

Supersedes EN 13309:2010

English Version

Earth-moving and building construction machinery - Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) of machines with internal electrical power supply - Part 1: General EMC requirements under typical electromagnetic environmental conditions (ISO 13766-1:2018)

Engins de terrassement et machines pour la construction des bâtiments - Compatibilité électromagnétique (CEM) des machines équipées de réseaux électriques de distribution interne - Partie 1: Exigences CEM générales dans des conditions électromagnétiques environnementales typiques (ISO 13766-1:2018)

Baumaschinen - Elektromagnetische Verträglichkeit von Maschinen mit internem elektrischen Bordnetz -Teil 1: Allgemeine EMV-Anforderungen unter typischen EMV-Umgebungsbedingungen (ISO 13766-1:2018)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 8 May 2018.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

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European foreword

This document (EN ISO 13766-1:2018) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 127 "Earthmoving machinery" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 151 "Construction equipment and building material machines - Safety" the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by December 2018, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by December 2018.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN 13309:2010.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports essential requirements of EU Directive(s).

For relationship with EU Directive(s), see informative Annex ZA, which is an integral part of this document.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 13766-1:2018 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 13766-1:2018 without any modification.

Annex ZA (informative)

Relationship between this European standard and the essential requirements of Directive 2014/30/EU [2014 OJ L96] aimed to be covered

This European standard has been prepared under the European Commission standardisation request C(2016) 7641 final of 30.11.2016¹, ('M/552'), as regards harmonised standards in support of Directive 2014/30/EU relating to electromagnetic compatibility, to provide one voluntary means of conforming to essential requirements of Directive 2014/30/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States relating to electromagnetic compatibility [2014 OJ L96].

Once this standard is cited in the Official Journal of the European Union under that Directive, compliance with the normative clauses of this standard given in Table ZA.1 confers, within the limits of the scope of this standard, a presumption of conformity with the corresponding essential requirements of that Directive, and associated EFTA regulations.

Table ZA.1 – Correspondence between this European standard and the Essential Requirements set out in Directive 2014/30/EU [2014 OJ L96]

Essential requirements of Directive 2014/30/EU	Clause(s) / sub-clause(s) of this EN	Remarks / Notes
Annex I. 1(a) (electromagnetic disturbances)	4 Requirements.	
,	Particularly, 4.2, 4.3, 4.5, 4.6	
Annex I. 1(b) (electromagnetic immunity)	4 Requirements.	
	Particularly, 4.4, 4.7, 4.8, 4.9	

WARNING 1: Presumption of conformity stays valid only as long as a reference to this European standard is maintained in the list published in the Official Journal of the European Union. Users of this standard should consult frequently the latest list published in the Official Journal of the European Union.

WARNING 2: Other Union legislation may be applicable to the product(s) falling within the scope of this standard.

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¹ COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING DECISION C(2016) 7641 final of 30.11.2016 on a standardisation request to the European Committee for Standardisation, to the European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardisation and to the European Telecommunications Standards Institute as regards harmonised standards in support of Directive 2014/30/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States relating to electromagnetic compatibility.

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 13766-1

First edition 2018-04

Earth-moving and building construction machinery — Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) of machines with internal electrical power supply —

Part 1:

General EMC requirements under typical electromagnetic environmental conditions

Engins de terrassement et machines pour la construction des bâtiments — Compatibilité électromagnétique (CEM) des machines équipées de réseaux électriques de distribution interne —

Partie 1: Exigences CEM générales dans des conditions électromagnétiques environnementales typiques



STN EN ISO 13766-1: 2018

ISO 13766-1:2018(E)



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Published in Switzerland

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 127, *Earth-moving machinery*, Subcommittee SC 2, *Safety, ergonomics and general requirements*.

This first edition of ISO 13766-1:2018, together with ISO 13766-2:2018, cancels and replaces ISO 13766:2006, of which it constitutes a technical revision and contains the following changes:

- the scope has been extended to specify building construction machinery as well as earth-moving machinery;
- the provisions have been brought up to date with technological change;
- normative references have been updated to the latest editions;

A list of all parts in the ISO 13766 series can be found on the ISO website.

Introduction

This document is a type-C standard as stated in ISO 12100:2010.

This document is of relevance, in particular, for the following stakeholder groups representing the market players with regard to machinery safety:

- machine manufacturers (small, medium and large enterprises);
- health and safety bodies (regulators, accident prevention organisations, market surveillance etc.)

Others can be affected by the level of machinery safety achieved with the means of the document by the above-mentioned stakeholder groups:

- machine users/employers (small, medium and large enterprises);
- machine users/employees (e.g. trade unions, organizations for people with special needs);
- service providers, e.g. for maintenance (small, medium and large enterprises);
- consumers (in case of machinery intended for use by consumers).

The above-mentioned stakeholder groups have been given the possibility to participate at the drafting process of this document.

The machinery concerned and the extent to which hazards, hazardous situations or hazardous events are covered are indicated in the Scope of this document.

When requirements of this type-C standard are different from those which are stated in type-A or type-B standards, the requirements of this type-C standard take precedence over the requirements of the other standards for machines that have been designed and built according to the requirements of this type-C standard.

With the increasing use of electronic devices in areas where earth-moving and machinery operates, there is a need to ensure that the machinery is provided with adequate immunity to external electromagnetic fields. As more machinery is fitted with electrical and electronic devices, it is necessary to ensure that the emissions of electromagnetic fields from the machinery meet acceptable limits.

Electrical and high frequency disturbances emerge during the normal operation of many parts of machine devices and systems. They are generated within a large frequency range with different electrical characteristics and by conduction or radiation, which can be imparted to other electrical/electronic devices and systems by conduction or radiation. Narrowband signals generated by sources of interference inside or outside the machinery can also be coupled into electrical/electronic systems whereby they can influence the normal function of electrical/electronic devices.

Electrostatic discharges are relevant to the machinery because control elements can be positioned outside the operator station where potential differences could emerge at contact points. Conducted transients in power supply wiring must be considered because the machinery can contain open systems, in which several devices or components can be combined to complement machine functionality.

While there are many existing standards for a variety of products and systems, the test method presented by ISO 13766:2018 provides for the specific test conditions of the machinery within its scope as well as the electrical/electronic sub-assemblies (ESA) or ESA separate from the machinery. The test method recognizes that due to their size and usage, the arrangement of the machines in the test facility needs to be representative of their typical operating characteristics. This document provides test methods and criteria which are acceptable for the machine types it covers, considering their unique characteristics and operating parameters.

Because the machinery has a number of systems that consist of components that can be used on a variety of machine types, the approach of defining ESA or separate ESAs for these components is applied for the immunity and emissions test methods. This allows these components to be evaluated by

the test method in existing laboratory facilities consisting of specially equipped shielded rooms. When electrical/electronic sub-assembly tests are conducted, it is necessary to consider any additional effects imparted by wiring systems used to connect the sub-assemblies into the machinery. The tests can also be conducted on the machinery.

Earth-moving and building construction machinery — Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) of machines with internal electrical power supply —

Part 1:

General EMC requirements under typical electromagnetic environmental conditions

1 Scope

This document provides test methods and acceptance criteria for the evaluation of the electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) of earth-moving machinery, as defined in ISO 6165:2012, and of the following building construction machinery as defined in ISO/TR 12603:2010:

- drilling and foundation equipment;
- equipment used for the preparation, conveyance and compaction of concrete, mortar and processing reinforcement;
- road construction and maintenance machinery and equipment.

It deals with general EMC requirements under typical electromagnetic environmental conditions. (ISO 13766-2:2018 deals with EMC requirements specifically related to functional safety).

Electrical/electronic subassemblies (ESA) and separate ESA intended to be fitted to the machinery are also dealt with. The following electromagnetic disturbance phenomena are evaluated:

- broadband and narrowband electromagnetic interference;
- electromagnetic field immunity;
- electrostatic discharge;
- conducted transients.

The machinery can have DC or AC or a combination of both as the internal electrical power supply system.

This document is not applicable to machines that are designed to be supplied by an external mains network or to phenomena caused by military applications.

- NOTE 1 Grid-connected machines are covered by IEC 61000.
- NOTE 2 *Hybrid* machines are covered in UN ECE R10-Rev. 5.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 6165:2012, Earth-moving machinery — Basic types — Identification and terms and definitions

ISO 7637-1:2015, Road vehicles — Electrical disturbances from conduction and coupling — Part 1: Definitions and general considerations

ISO 7637-2:2011, Road vehicles — Electrical disturbances from conduction and coupling — Part 2: Electrical transient conduction along supply lines only

ISO 10605:2008, Road vehicles — Test methods for electrical disturbances from electrostatic discharge

ISO 11451-1:2015, Road vehicles — Vehicle test methods for electrical disturbances from narrowband radiated electromagnetic energy — Part 1: General principles and terminology

ISO 11451-2:2015, Road vehicles — Vehicle test methods for electrical disturbances from narrowband radiated electromagnetic energy — Part 2: Off-vehicle radiation sources

ISO 11451-4:2013, Road vehicles — Vehicle test methods for electrical disturbances from narrowband radiated electromagnetic energy — Part 4: Bulk current injection (BCI)

ISO 11452-1:2015, Road vehicles — Component test methods for electrical disturbances from narrowband radiated electromagnetic energy — Part 1: General principles and terminology

ISO 11452-2:2004, Road vehicles — Component test methods for electrical disturbances from narrowband radiated electromagnetic energy — Part 2: Absorber-lined shielded enclosure

ISO 11452-3:2016, Road vehicles — Component test methods for electrical disturbances from narrowband radiated electromagnetic energy — Part 3: Transverse electromagnetic (TEM) cell

ISO 11452-4:2011, Road vehicles — Component test methods for electrical disturbances from narrowband radiated electromagnetic energy — Part 4: Harness excitation methods

ISO 11452-5:2002, Road vehicles — Component test methods for electrical disturbances from narrowband radiated electromagnetic energy — Part 5: Stripline

ISO 12100:2010, Safety of machinery — General principles for design — Risk assessment and risk reduction

ISO/TR 12603:2010, Building construction machinery and equipment — Classification

ISO 16750-1:2006, Road vehicles — Environmental conditions and testing for electrical and electronic equipment — Part 1: General

ISO 16750-2:2012, Road vehicles — Environmental conditions and testing for electrical and electronic equipment — Part 2: Electrical loads

ISO 21848:2005, Road vehicles — Electrical and electronic equipment for a supply voltage of $42\ V$ - Electrical loads

CISPR 12:2007+AMD1:2009, Vehicles, boats and internal combustion engines — Radio disturbance characteristics — Limits and methods of measurement for the protection of off-board receivers

CISPR 16-1-1:2014, Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods — Part 1-1: Radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus — Measuring apparatus

CISPR 16-1-4:2012, Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods —Part 1-4: Radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus — Antennas and test sites for radiated disturbance measurements

CISPR 25:2008, Vehicles, boats and internal combustion engines — Radio disturbance characteristics — Limits and methods of measurement for the protection of on-board receivers

koniec náhľadu – text ďalej pokračuje v platenej verzii STN