

STN	Pracovná expozícia Posúdenie inhalačnej expozície nanočasticiam a ich agregátom a aglomerátom	STN EN 17058 83 3614
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Workplace exposure - Assessment of exposure by inhalation of nano-objects and their aggregates and agglomerates

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy.
This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

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Workplace exposure - Assessment of exposure by inhalation of nano-objects and their aggregates and agglomerates

Exposition sur les lieux de travail - Évaluation de l'exposition par inhalation aux nano-objets et à leurs agrégats et agglomérats

Exposition am Arbeitsplatz - Beurteilung der inhalativen Exposition gegenüber Nanoobjekten und deren Aggregaten und Agglomeraten

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 25 June 2018.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION
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EN 17058:2018 (E)

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EN 17058:2018 (E)**European foreword**

This document (EN 17058:2018) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 137 “Assessment of workplace exposure to chemical and biological agents”, the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by May 2019, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by May 2019.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document has been prepared under a standardization request given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organisations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

Introduction

The rapidly advancing field of nanotechnologies and concern on its potential impact on occupational health and safety has initiated efforts by Standardization bodies to provide guidance how health and safety issues can be appropriately addressed. ISO has published a series of documents, which focus on various aspects of exposure and risk assessment and risk mitigation, for example, ISO/TR 12885 [1], ISO/TS 12901-1 [2], ISO/TS 12901-2 [3].

The present document focuses on the assessment of occupational exposure by inhalation of nano-objects and their aggregates and agglomerates (NOAA). In general the objectives of an exposure assessment can vary widely and can include exposure exploration and determination, evaluation of the effectiveness of exposure control measures, check for compliance with any occupational exposure limit or other benchmark level, and can contribute to risk assessment and epidemiological studies. The measurement strategy used for the assessment will depend amongst other factors on the objective of the assessment. ISO/TS 12901-1 for example, provides guidance for the measurement strategy for evaluation controls. No EU legal workplace exposure limits for NOAA are established at the time of the publication of this European Standard. However, existing non-nano OELs for many substances are in force and these are measured as prescribed in national regulations/EN 689. Therefore, this document concerns the elements of exposure assessment and provides guidance for various applications. In addition, CEN has published documents (EN 16897 [4], EN 16966) that provide guidance of the use of commonly used devices for detection of nano-sized and submicron-sized aerosols using different metrics in the workplace air.

EN 17058:2018 (E)**1 Scope**

This European Standard provides guidelines to assess workplace exposure by inhalation of nano-objects and their aggregates and agglomerates (NOAA). It contains guidance on the sampling and measurement strategies to adopt and methods for data evaluation.

While the focus of this document is on the assessment of nano-objects, the approach is also applicable for exposure to the associated aggregates and agglomerates, i.e. NOAA, and particles released from nanocomposites and nano-enabled products.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 1540, *Workplace exposure — Terminology*

EN 689:2018, *Workplace atmospheres — Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy*

EN 16966:2018, *Workplace exposure — Metrics to be used for the measurements of exposure to inhaled nanoparticles (nano-objects and nanostructured materials) such as mass concentration, number concentration and surface area concentration*

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