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Small craft - Hull construction and scantlings - Part 8: Rudders (ISO 12215-8:2009, including Cor 1:2010)

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy.
This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

Táto norma bola označená vo Vestníku ÚNMS SR č. 04/19

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English Version

**Small craft - Hull construction and scantlings - Part 8:
Rudders (ISO 12215-8:2009, including Cor 1:2010)**

Petits navires - Construction de coques et
échantillonnage - Partie 8: Gouvernails (ISO 12215-
8:2009; y compris Cor 1:2010)

Kleine Wasserfahrzeuge - Rumpfbauweise und
Dimensionierung - Teil 8: Ruder (ISO 12215-8:2009,
einschließlich Cor 1:2010)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 16 April 2018.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION
COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION
EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

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European foreword

The text of ISO 12215-8:2009, including Cor 1:2010 has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 188 "Small craft" of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) and has been taken over as EN ISO 12215-8:2018.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by April 2019, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by April 2019.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN ISO 12215-8:2009.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports essential requirements of EU Directive 2013/53/EU.

For relationship with EU Directive 2013/53/EU, see informative Annex ZA, which is an integral part of this document.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 12215-8:2009, including Cor 1:2010 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 12215-8:2018 without any modification.

Annex ZA (informative)

Relationship between this European Standard and the Essential Requirements of Directive 2013/53/EU aimed to be covered

This European standard has been prepared under a Commission's standardization request M/542 C(2015) 8736 final to provide one voluntary means of conforming to Essential Requirements of Directive 2013/53/EU.

Once this standard is cited in the Official Journal of the European Union under that Directive, compliance with the normative clauses of this standard given in Table ZA.1 confers, within the limits of the scope of this standard, a presumption of conformity with the corresponding Essential Requirements of that Directive and associated EFTA regulations.

Table ZA.1 — Correspondence between this European Standard and Annex I of Directive 2013/53/EU

Essential Requirements of Directive 2013/53/EU	Clause(s)/sub-clause(s) of this EN	Remarks/Notes
Annex I, Part A, 2.5 - Owner's manual	7.2, 7.3, 12.1	These clauses specify warnings and information to be included in the owner's manual, if relevant.
Annex I, Part A, 3.1 - Structure	All clauses	<p>This part of this standard provides scantling requirements applicable to five types of rudder configuration: Type I to Type V, as shown in Figures 2 and 3 of clause 6.2. It applies only to monohulls.</p> <p>The application of this part of this standard does not ensure proper steering capabilities.</p> <p>Single bearing spade rudders and single hull bearing skeg rudders are not addressed by this standard.</p>
Annex I, Part A, 5.4.2 - Steering system - Emergency arrangements	6.1.6	In respect of the ability of emergency tiller components to transmit rudder torque.

WARNING 1 — Presumption of conformity stays valid only as long as a reference to this European Standard is maintained in the list published in the Official Journal of the European Union. Users of this standard should consult frequently the latest list published in the Official Journal of the European Union.

WARNING 2 — Other Union legislation may be applicable to the product(s) falling within the scope of this standard.

**INTERNATIONAL
STANDARD**

**ISO
12215-8**

First edition
2009-05-15

**Small craft — Hull construction and
scantlings —**

**Part 8:
Rudders**

*Petits navires — Construction de coques et échantillonnage —
Partie 8: Gouvernails*



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ISO 12215-8:2009(E)

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 12215-8 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 188, *Small craft*.

ISO 12215 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Small craft — Hull construction and scantlings*:

- *Part 1: Materials: Thermosetting resins, glass-fibre reinforcement, reference laminate*
- *Part 2: Materials: Core materials for sandwich construction, embedded materials*
- *Part 3: Materials: Steel, aluminium alloys, wood, other materials*
- *Part 4: Workshop and manufacturing*
- *Part 5: Design pressures for monohulls, design stresses, scantlings determination*
- *Part 6: Structural arrangements and details*
- *Part 8: Rudders*

Introduction

The reason underlying the preparation of this part of ISO 12215 is that standards and recommended practices for loads on the hull and the dimensioning of small craft differ considerably, thus limiting the general worldwide acceptability of craft. This part of ISO 12215 has been set towards the lower boundary range of common practice.

The objective of this part of ISO 12215 is to achieve an overall structural strength that ensures the watertight and weathertight integrity of the craft.

The working group considers this part of ISO 12215 to have been developed applying present practice and sound engineering principles. The design loads and criteria of this part of ISO 12215 may be used with the scantling determination equations of this part of ISO 12215 or using equivalent engineering methods such as continuous beam theory, matrix-displacement method and classical lamination theory, as indicated within.

Considering future development in technology and craft types, and small craft presently outside the scope of this part of ISO 12215, provided that methods supported by appropriate technology exist, consideration may be given to their use as long as equivalent strength to this part of ISO 12215 is achieved.

The dimensioning according to this part of ISO 12215 is regarded as reflecting current practice, provided the craft is correctly handled in the sense of good seamanship and equipped and operated at a speed appropriate to the prevailing sea state.

Small craft — Hull construction and scantlings —

Part 8: Rudders

1 Scope

This part of ISO 12215 gives requirements on the scantlings of rudders fitted to small craft with a length of hull, L_H , of up to 24 m, measured according to ISO 8666. It applies only to monohulls.

This part of ISO 12215 does not give requirements on rudder characteristics required for proper steering capabilities.

This part of ISO 12215 only considers pressure loads on the rudder due to craft manoeuvring. Loads on the rudder or its skeg, where fitted, induced by grounding or docking, where relevant, are out of scope and need to be considered separately.

NOTE Scantlings derived from this part of ISO 12215 are primarily intended to apply to recreational craft including charter craft.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 8666, *Small craft — Principal data*

ISO 12215-5:2008, *Small craft — Hull construction and scantlings — Part 5: Design pressures for monohulls, design stresses, scantlings determination*

koniec náhľadu – text ďalej pokračuje v platenej verzii STN