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Plastics - Evaluation of the action of microorganisms (ISO 846:2019)

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy.
This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

Táto norma bola oznámená vo Vestníku ÚNMS SR č. 09/19

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Plastics - Evaluation of the action of microorganisms (ISO 846:2019)

Plastiques - Évaluation de l'action des micro-organismes (ISO 846:2019)

Kunststoffe - Bestimmung der Einwirkung von Mikroorganismen auf Kunststoffe (ISO 846:2019)

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CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

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European foreword

This document (EN ISO 846:2019) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 61 "Plastics" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 249 "Plastics" the secretariat of which is held by NBN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by October 2019, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by October 2019.

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Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 846:2019 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 846:2019 without any modification.

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

**ISO
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Third edition
2019-03

Plastics — Evaluation of the action of microorganisms

Plastiques — Évaluation de l'action des micro-organismes



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CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8
CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva
Phone: +41 22 749 01 11
Fax: +41 22 749 09 47
Email: copyright@iso.org
Website: www.iso.org

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation on the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 61, *Plastics*, Subcommittee SC 6, *Ageing, chemical and environmental resistance*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 846:1997), which has been technically revised. The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows.

- The size of the test specimens has been defined as $(50 \text{ mm} \pm 1 \text{ mm}) \times (50 \text{ mm} \pm 1 \text{ mm})$. A fixed size allows the determination of any edge effects associated with the area 5 mm from the outer edge (see new [Annex C](#)). In this way, the evaluation of growth on the test specimens is harmonized.
- New [Annexes B](#) and [C](#) have been added and the old annexes have been renumbered.
- The former [Annex C](#) has been updated and renumbered as [Annex D](#).
- [Test A only](#):

Stainless steel coupons acting as negative control specimens have been introduced to provide a reference for where fungal growth occurs in the Petri dish, even though no nutrients have been added to the test design.

The test design does not use an agar-medium any more to provide the source of moisture to allow $95 \% \pm 5 \%$ relative humidity to be achieved. Instead the test specimens are stored in closed containers that include a water reservoir to provide a relative humidity $95 \% \pm 5 \%$ around the test specimens during incubation;

A grid has been introduced for use during the evaluation of the area of growth observed on the surface of the test specimens. The use of the grid provides and objective mechanisms for assessing growth and is explained in the new [Annex C](#).

- Test B has been deleted.
- Positive control specimens (test specimens that allow fungal growth) have been introduced to allow the determination of basic fungistatic effects of samples that contain biocides.

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- The fungal inoculum has been revised to be consistent with other referenced test standards and changes to the names of fungal strains have been incorporated.
- The media used in the test have been revised based on the experience of various laboratories.
- A staining method has been proposed to aim assessment.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Introduction

Under certain climatic and environmental conditions, microorganisms can settle on and colonize the surface of plastics or plastics products. Their presence and/or their metabolic products might not only damage the plastic itself, but can also affect the serviceability of building materials and systems containing plastic parts.

The tests and test conditions specified in this document are empirical and cover most but not all potential applications.

For specific applications and for long-term tests, procedures which reflect performance under actual conditions are agreed upon.

The actions of microorganisms on plastics are influenced by two different processes.

- a) Direct action: the deterioration of plastics which serve as a nutritive substance for the growth of the microorganisms.
- b) Indirect action: the influence of metabolic products of the microorganisms, e.g. discolouration or further deterioration.

This document deals with both processes as well as their combined action.

Changes to the method are based on discussions among laboratories that have performed the test for at least 5 years. On an international level, discussions have taken place within the Plastic Group of the International Biodeterioration Research Group (IBRG) between scientists with extensive experience with this document as well as the testing of the interaction between microorganisms and plastics.

Plastics — Evaluation of the action of microorganisms

WARNING — Handling and manipulation of microorganisms which are potentially hazardous requires a high degree of technical competence. Only personnel trained in microbiological techniques should carry out such tests. Codes of practice for disinfection, sterilization and personal hygiene shall be strictly observed. It is recommended that workers consult IEC 60068-2-10 and ISO 7218.

1 Scope

This document specifies methods for determining the deterioration of plastics due to the action of fungi and bacteria and soil microorganisms. The aim is not to determine the biodegradability of plastics or the deterioration of natural fibre composites.

The type and extent of deterioration can be determined by

- a) visual examination and/or
- b) changes in mass and/or
- c) changes in other physical properties.

The tests are applicable to all plastics that have an even surface and that can thus be easily cleaned. The exceptions are porous materials, such as plastic foams.

This document uses the same test fungi as IEC 60068-2-10. The IEC method, which uses so-called “assembled specimens”, calls for inoculation of the specimens with a spore suspension, incubation of the inoculated specimens and assessment of the fungal growth as well as any physical attack on the specimens.

The volume of testing and the test strains used depend on the application envisaged for the plastic.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 13934-1:2013, *Textiles — Tensile properties of fabrics — Part 1: Determination of maximum force and elongation at maximum force using the strip method*

EN 10088-1, *Stainless steels — Part 1: List of stainless steels*

EN 10088-2, *Stainless steels — Part 2: Technical delivery conditions for sheet/plate and strip corrosion resisting steels for general purposes*

EN 13697:2015, *Chemical disinfectants and antiseptics — Quantitative non-porous surface test for the evaluation of bactericidal and/or fungicidal activity of chemical disinfectants used in food, industrial, domestic and institutional areas — Test method and requirements without mechanical action (phase 2, step 2)*

IEC 60068-2-10, *Environmental testing — Part 2-10: Tests — Test J and guidance: Mould growth*

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