# Stomatológia Výplňové materiály na báze živíc na záchovnú stomatológiu (ISO 4049: 2019) STN EN ISO 4049 85 6356

Dentistry - Polymer-based restorative materials (ISO 4049:2019)

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy. This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

Táto norma bola oznámená vo Vestníku ÚNMS SR č. 10/19

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### EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

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**English Version** 

## Dentistry - Polymer-based restorative materials (ISO 4049:2019)

Médecine bucco-dentaire - Produits de restauration à base de polymères (ISO 4049:2019)

Zahnheilkunde - Polymerbasierende Restaurationswerkstoffe (ISO 4049:2019)

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#### **European foreword**

This document (EN ISO 4049:2019) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 106 "Dentistry" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 55 "Dentistry" the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by December 2019, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by December 2019.

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#### **Endorsement notice**

The text of ISO 4049:2019 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 4049:2019 without any modification.

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 4049

Fifth edition 2019-05

## **Dentistry** — Polymer-based restorative materials

Médecine bucco-dentaire — Produits de restauration à base de polymères



ISO 4049:2019(E)



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#### Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see <a href="www.iso.org/directives">www.iso.org/directives</a>).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see <a href="https://www.iso.org/patents">www.iso.org/patents</a>).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: <a href="https://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html">www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html</a>.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 106, *Dentistry*, Subcommittee SC 1, *Filling and restorative materials*.

This fifth edition cancels and replaces the fourth edition (ISO 4049:2009), which has been technically revised. The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- the test for sensitivity to ambient light has been changed because a filter used in the current test was not available;
- the test for radio-opacity has been updated to refer to ISO 13116;
- luting materials no longer have to conform to the requirement for depth of cure;
- the manufacturer is now required to publish details of material composition, see <u>Clause 8</u>;
- several minor changes have been made to clarify content together with editorial changes.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at <a href="https://www.iso.org/members.html">www.iso.org/members.html</a>.

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#### Introduction

Specific qualitative and quantitative requirements for freedom from biological hazard are not included in this document. It is recommended, however, that reference should be made to ISO 10993-1 and ISO 7405 when assessing possible biological or toxicological hazards.

#### **Dentistry** — **Polymer-based restorative materials**

#### 1 Scope

This document specifies requirements for dental polymer-based restorative materials supplied in a form suitable for mechanical mixing, hand-mixing, or intra-oral and extra-oral external energy activation, and intended for use primarily for the direct or indirect restoration of the teeth and for luting.

The polymer-based luting materials covered by this document are intended for use in the cementation or fixation of restorations and appliances such as inlays, onlays, veneers, crowns and bridges. This document does not cover those polymer-based luting materials that have an adhesive component within the structure of the material (see ISO/TS 16506).

The document does not cover polymer-based materials intended to prevent caries (see ISO 6874), core materials or those used for veneering metal sub-frames (see ISO 10477).

#### 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 1942, Dentistry — Vocabulary

ISO 3696:1987, Water for analytical laboratory use — Specification and test methods

ISO 7491:2000, Dental materials — Determination of colour stability

ISO 8601-1:2019, Date and time —Representations for information interchange Part — 1: Basic rules

ISO 8601-2:2019, Date and time — Representations for information interchange Part — 2: Extensions

ISO 13116:2014, Dentistry — Test method for determining radio-opacity of materials

ISO~17304:2013,~Dentistry~-~Polymerization~shrinkage:~Method~for~determination~of~polymerization~shrinkage~of~polymer-based~materials

#### koniec náhľadu – text ďalej pokračuje v platenej verzii STN