

STN	Molekulárno-diagnostické vyšetrenia in vitro Špecifikácie postupov pred vyšetrením krvi Časť 3: Izolovaná voľne cirkulujúca bunková DNA z plazmy (ISO 20186-3: 2019)	STN EN ISO 20186-3 85 1023
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Molecular in-vitro diagnostic examinations - Specifications for pre-examination processes for venous whole blood - Part 3: Isolated circulating cell free DNA from plasma (ISO 20186-3:2019)

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy.
This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

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Molecular in-vitro diagnostic examinations - Specifications
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Part 3: Isolated circulating cell free DNA from plasma (ISO
20186-3:2019)

Analyses de diagnostic moléculaire in vitro -
Spécifications relatives aux processus préanalytiques
pour le sang total veineux - Partie 3: ADN libre
circulant extrait du plasma (ISO 20186-3:2019)

Molekularanalytische in-vitro-diagnostische Verfahren
- Spezifikationen für präanalytische Prozesse für
venöse Vollblutproben - Teil 3: Aus Plasma isolierte
zirkulierende zellfreie DNA (ISO 20186-3:2019)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 14 September 2019.

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EN ISO 20186-3:2019 (E)

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European foreword

This document (EN ISO 20186-3:2019) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 212 "Clinical laboratory testing and in vitro diagnostic test systems" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 140 "In vitro diagnostic medical devices" the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by April 2020, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by October 2022.

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Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 20186-3:2019 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 20186-3:2019 without any modification.

**INTERNATIONAL
STANDARD**

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**Molecular in vitro diagnostic
examinations — Specifications for
pre-examination processes for venous
whole blood —**

**Part 3:
Isolated circulating cell free DNA
from plasma**

*Analyses de diagnostic moléculaire in vitro — Spécifications relatives
aux processus préanalytiques pour le sang total veineux —*

Partie 3: ADN libre circulant extrait du plasma



Reference number
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ISO 20186-3:2019(E)

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 212, *Clinical laboratory testing and in vitro diagnostic test systems*.

A list of all parts in the ISO 20186 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Introduction

Molecular in vitro diagnostics has enabled a significant progress in medicine. Further progress is expected by new technologies analysing profiles of nucleic acids, proteins, and metabolites in human tissues and body fluids. However, the profiles of these molecules can change drastically during the pre-examination process, including the specimen collection, transport, storage and processing. Consequently, this makes the outcome from diagnostics or research unreliable or even impossible because the subsequent examination might not determine the real situation in the patient, but an artificial profile generated during the pre-examination processes.

Circulating cell free DNA (ccfDNA) profiles can change significantly after blood collection (e.g. release of genomic DNA from cells in blood, ccfDNA degradation and fragmentation and ccfDNA quantity change). Therefore, special measures need to be taken to secure good quality specimens for ccfDNA examination. Studies have been undertaken to determine the important influencing factors^[23].

Standardization of the entire workflow from specimen collection to the ccfDNA examination is needed.

This document standardizes the steps of the pre-examination phase of circulating cell free DNA prepared from plasma of venous whole blood.

In this document, the following verbal forms are used:

- “shall” indicates a requirement;
- “should” indicates a recommendation;
- “may” indicates a permission;
- “can” indicates a possibility or a capability.

Molecular in vitro diagnostic examinations — Specifications for pre-examination processes for venous whole blood —

Part 3: Isolated circulating cell free DNA from plasma

1 Scope

This document provides recommendations and requirements on the handling, storage, processing and documentation of venous whole blood specimens intended for circulating cell free DNA (ccfDNA) examination during the pre-examination phase before an analytical test is performed. This document covers specimens collected in venous whole blood collection tubes.

This document is applicable to any molecular in vitro diagnostic examination performed by medical laboratories. It is also intended to be used by laboratory customers, in vitro diagnostics developers and manufacturers, biobanks, institutions and commercial organizations performing biomedical research, and regulatory authorities.

Different dedicated measures are taken for stabilizing blood genomic DNA, which are not described in this document. Blood genomic DNA is covered in ISO 20186-2.

Different dedicated measures are taken for preserving DNA in circulating exosomes, which are not described in this document.

NOTE ccfDNA obtained from blood by the procedures cited in this document can contain DNA originally present in exosomes^{[8][9]}.

DNA in pathogens present in blood is not covered by this document.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 15189:2012, *Medical laboratories — Requirements for quality and competence*

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