

STN	Náterové látky Návod na gravírovanie povlakov na kovových platniach na skúšky korózie (ISO 17872: 2019)	STN EN ISO 17872 67 3109
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Paints and varnishes - Guidelines for the introduction of scribe marks through coatings on metallic panels for corrosion testing (ISO 17872:2019)

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy.
This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

Táto norma bola oznámená vo Vestníku ÚNMS SR č. 03/20

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English Version

Paints and varnishes - Guidelines for the introduction of scribe marks through coatings on metallic panels for corrosion testing (ISO 17872:2019)

Peintures et vernis - Lignes directrices pour la production de rayures au travers du revêtement de panneaux métalliques en vue des essais de corrosion (ISO 17872:2019)

Beschichtungsstoffe - Leitfaden zum Anbringen von Ritzen durch eine Beschichtung auf Metallplatten für Korrosionsprüfungen (ISO 17872:2019)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 5 August 2019.

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EN ISO 17872:2019 (E)

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European foreword

This document (EN ISO 17872:2019) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 35 "Paints and varnishes" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 139 "Paints and varnishes" the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by April 2020, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by April 2020.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN ISO 17872:2007.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 17872:2019 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 17872:2019 without any modification.

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

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Second edition
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Paints and varnishes — Guidelines for the introduction of scribe marks through coatings on metallic panels for corrosion testing

*Peintures et vernis — Lignes directrices pour la production de rayures
au travers du revêtement de panneaux métalliques en vue des essais
de corrosion*



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ISO 17872:2019(E)

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 35, *Paints and varnishes*, Subcommittee SC 9, *General test methods for paints and varnishes*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 17872:2007), which has been technically revised. The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- [Clause 2](#), "Normative references" and [Clause 3](#), "Terms and definitions" have been added;
- figures of L-shaped and diagonal shaped scribes have been added;
- a second variation of the cross-sectional shape of U-shape scribe mark has been added in [Figure 2](#);
- V-shape replaceable blade, disc milling cutter, graver and ceramic knife have been added to the list of possible cutting tools;
- pictures of the cross sections have been added to the corresponding cutting tools;
- the examples for cutting tools in [Table A.1](#) have been grouped to knife or blade tools, pencil type tools and milling machines;
- the original [Annex B](#) has been replaced by a new annex on examples of possible different results in one corrosion test when using different scribing tools.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Introduction

Many International Standards deal with corrosion testing, where scribe marks are introduced through a coating to a metallic substrate. However, the method of scribe-mark introduction (scribing pattern, tools, etc.) is not standardized across these standards.

The main purposes of an intentionally inflicted damage in a coating prior to corrosion testing are as follows:

- a) to simulate and to investigate how adhesion of a coating originating from an artificial damage after exposure is ensured;
- b) to obtain an accelerated response during a corrosion test, e.g. at quality control during production;
- c) to investigate the general durability of a coating by observation of the rate of corrosion at a damage spread after exposure.

Preliminary investigations have shown that several variants, both in terms of shape and dimensions, of scribing tools are used. These variations occur both across countries and within countries. The effect of using different tools is the production of scribe marks with different cross-sectional shape, depth and exposed metal area. These differences will greatly affect test results obtained during corrosion tests, as the intention of introducing scribe marks into a coating system is such that oxygen and the electrolyte present during exposure testing can obtain access to a well-defined and active metal surface.

The actual method used to introduce a scribe mark depends on the coating type and thickness. However, in all cases it is preferable if the cross-section is as smooth as possible, the metallic substrate is exposed evenly and no coating remains on the exposed substrate.

Paints and varnishes — Guidelines for the introduction of scribe marks through coatings on metallic panels for corrosion testing

1 Scope

This document describes methods of scribing coated steel or test-pieces for corrosion tests, where the coating system is applied at dry film thicknesses of less than 500 μm . It is intended as a guideline only, being based on the results of a collaborative trial with no subsequent corrosion testing having been carried out to determine the suitability of the introduced scribe marks for such tests.

This document covers the scribing of metallic panels or test pieces (chemically treated or not) made from:

- steel;
- galvanized steel;
- aluminium alloys;
- magnesium alloys.

It does not cover the scribing of electroplated metal or clad aluminium panels.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 4618, *Paints and varnishes — Terms and definitions*

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