## STN

Ropné výrobky a príbuzné výrobky Zhodnosť metód merania a výsledkov merania Časť 3: Monitorovanie a overovanie údajov zhodnosti vo vzťahu k skúšobným metódam (ISO 4259-3: 2020)

STN EN ISO 4259-3

65 6004

Petroleum and related products - Precision of measurement methods and results - Part 3: Monitoring and verification of published precision data in relation to methods of test (ISO 4259-3:2020)

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy. This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

Táto norma bola oznámená vo Vestníku ÚNMS SR č. 09/20

Obsahuje: EN ISO 4259-3:2020, ISO 4259-3:2020

### EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

EN ISO 4259-3

February 2020

ICS 75.080

#### **English Version**

Petroleum and related products - Precision of measurement methods and results - Part 3: Monitoring and verification of published precision data in relation to methods of test (ISO 4259-3:2020)

Produits pétroliers et connexes - Fidélité des méthodes de mesure et de leurs résultats - Partie 3: Surveillance et vérification des données de fidélité publiées relatives aux méthodes d'essai (ISO 4259-3:2020) Mineralölerzeugnisse - Präzision von Messverfahren und Ergebnissen - Teil 3: Monitoring und Management der Präzisionsdaten in Bezug auf Prüfverfahren (ISO 4259-3:2020)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 11 January 2020.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and United Kingdom.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

#### EN ISO 4259-3:2020 (E)

Contents	Page
European farayyard	2
European foreword	

#### **European foreword**

This document (EN ISO 4259-3:2020) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 28 "Petroleum and related products, fuels and lubricants from natural or synthetic sources" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 19 "Gaseous and liquid fuels, lubricants and related products of petroleum, synthetic and biological origin." the secretariat of which is held by NEN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by August 2020, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by August 2020.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

#### **Endorsement notice**

The text of ISO 4259-3:2020 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 4259-3:2020 without any modification.

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 4259-3

First edition 2020-01

### Petroleum and related products — Precision of measurement methods and results —

#### Part 3:

Monitoring and verification of published precision data in relation to methods of test

Produits pétroliers et connexes — Fidélité des méthodes de mesure et de leurs résultats —

Partie 3: Surveillance et vérification des données de fidélité publiées relatives aux méthodes d'essai



ISO 4259-3:2020(E)



#### **COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT**

© ISO 2020

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, or required in the context of its implementation, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8 CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva Phone: +41 22 749 01 11 Fax: +41 22 749 09 47 Email: copyright@iso.org Website: www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

Co	ntent	S		Page	
Fore	word			iv	
Intr	oductio	n		v	
1	Scope				
2	Normative references				
3	Terms and definitions				
4	Proficiency testing scheme requirement 4.1 PTS provider 4.2 PT homogeneity and stability of proficiency test items 4.2.1 Property homogeneity 4.2.2 PT data and statistics requirement			2 2	
5	5.1 5.2	Genera Perform 5.2.1 5.2.2 5.2.3	Comparison of variance ratio to be tested to a critical value $F_{\rm crit\_025}$ Multiple comparisons overtime	3 3 4 9	
Ann	ex A (in	formative	e) Worked examples of F-test	10	
Ann	ex B (in	formative	e) Use of z-scores to monitor an individual participant's PT performan	nce11	
Bibl	iograph	ıy		14	

#### Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see <a href="www.iso.org/directives">www.iso.org/directives</a>).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see <a href="https://www.iso.org/patents">www.iso.org/patents</a>).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see <a href="https://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html">www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html</a>.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 28, *Petroleum and related products, fuels and lubricants from natural or synthetic sources*, in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 19, *Gaseous and liquid fuels, lubricants and related products of petroleum, synthetic and biological origin*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

A list of all parts in the ISO 4259 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at <a href="https://www.iso.org/members.html">www.iso.org/members.html</a>.

ISO 4259-3:2020(E)

#### Introduction

ISO 4259-1 specifies the methodology for the design, execution and data processing of a onetime snapshot statistical study to arrive at precision estimates achieved by a random sampling of laboratories. This snapshot estimate is published in the standard test method as the expected precision.

This document explains the methodology for the utilisation of proficiency testing schemes (as defined in ISO 4259-2) to test the hypothesis that the precision achieved by the laboratories in the proficiency testing scheme is statistically consistent with the published precision derived from the ISO 4259-1 study described above. It is therefore a logical follow-up on the other parts.

#### INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

## Petroleum and related products — Precision of measurement methods and results —

#### Part 3:

## Monitoring and verification of published precision data in relation to methods of test

#### 1 Scope

This document specifies the methodology for the regular monitoring of the test method precision achieved versus the precision published in the standard test method using data from proficiency testing schemes (PTSs) supported by the regular users of standard test methods.

The procedures in this document are designed specifically for proficiency testing (PT) conducted on standard test methods, having a published reproducibility, for petroleum and petroleum-related products, which are presumed to be homogeneous, and where the data distribution is approximately normal. In addition, it is applicable to properties of interest that are (known to be) stable over time and transport.

This document specifies the methodology for the statistical comparison of standard deviation under reproducibility conditions achieved in PT programmes versus that published.

The purpose of this comparison is to find out if the published reproducibility precision is representative of that achievable by the regular participants in the PT programmes.

This document also provides guidance on how to use a PT z-score to monitor an individual participant's performance over time (see <a href="Annex B">Annex B</a>).

#### 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 4259-1, Petroleum and related products — Precision of measurement methods and results — Part 1: Determination of precision data in relation to methods of test

ISO 13528:2015, Statistical methods for use in proficiency testing by interlaboratory comparison

ISO/IEC 17043, Conformity assessment — General requirements for proficiency testing

### koniec náhľadu – text ďalej pokračuje v platenej verzii STN