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Superconductivity - Part 26: Critical current measurement - DC critical current of RE-Ba-Cu-O composite superconductors

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy.  
This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

Táto norma bola oznámená vo Vestníku ÚNMS SR č. 10/20

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August 2020

ICS 17.220.20; 19.080; 29.050

English Version

**Superconductivity - Part 26: Critical current measurement - DC  
critical current of RE-Ba-Cu-O composite superconductors  
(IEC 61788-26:2020)**

Supraconductivité - Partie 26: Mesurage du courant critique  
- Courant critique continu des composites  
supraconducteurs de RE-Ba-Cu-O  
(IEC 61788-26:2020)

Supraleitfähigkeit - Teil 26: Messung des kritischen Stroms  
- Kritischer DC-Strom von RE-Ba-Cu-O Komposit  
Supraleitern  
(IEC 61788-26:2020)

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**EN IEC 61788-26:2020 (E)****European foreword**

The text of document 90/455/FDIS, future edition 1 of IEC 61788-26, prepared by IEC/TC 90 "Superconductivity" was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and approved by CENELEC as EN IEC 61788-26:2020.

The following dates are fixed:

- latest date by which the document has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement (dop) 2021-04-16
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<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>EN/HD</u>	<u>Year</u>
IEC 60050-815	-	International Electrotechnical Vocabulary - Part 815: Superconductivity	-	-



# IEC 61788-26

Edition 1.0 2020-06

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

# NORME INTERNATIONALE

**Superconductivity –  
Part 26: Critical current measurement – DC critical current of RE-Ba-Cu-O  
composite superconductors**

**Supraconductivité –  
Partie 26: Mesurage du courant critique – Courant critique continu des  
composites supraconducteurs de RE-Ba-Cu-O**

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IEC 61788-26

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# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

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Part 26: Critical current measurement – DC critical current of RE-Ba-Cu-O  
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**Supraconductivité –  
Partie 26: Mesurage du courant critique – Courant critique continu des  
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**SUPERCONDUCTIVITY –****Part 26: Critical current measurement –  
DC critical current of RE-Ba-Cu-O composite superconductors**

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FDIS	Report on voting
90/455/FDIS	90/458/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts in the IEC 61788 series, published under the general title *Superconductivity*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC web site under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

## INTRODUCTION

In 1986, superconductivity in some perovskite type materials containing copper oxides at temperatures far above the critical temperatures of metallic superconductors was discovered. In 1987, it was discovered that Y-Ba-Cu-O (YBCO) has a critical temperature ( $T_c$ ) of 93 K. After a quarter century, the RE-Ba-Cu-O (REBCO, RE = rare earth) superconductors became commercially available.

In 2013, VAMAS-TWA 16 started working on the critical current measurement methods in REBCO superconductors. In 2014, an international round robin test (RRT) on the critical current measurement method for REBCO superconductors was conducted that was led by VAMAS-TWA 16. 10 institutions/universities/industries from five countries participated. The pre-standardization work of VAMAS was taken as a base for this document, on the DC critical current test method of REBCO composite superconductors.

The test method covered in this document is intended to give an appropriate and accepted technical base to engineers working in the field of superconductivity technology.

## **SUPERCONDUCTIVITY –**

### **Part 26: Critical current measurement – DC critical current of RE-Ba-Cu-O composite superconductors**

#### **1 Scope**

This part of IEC 61788 specifies a test method for determining the DC critical current of short RE (rare earth)-Ba-Cu-O (REBCO) composite superconductor specimens that have a shape of straight flat tape. This document applies to test specimens shorter than 300 mm and having a rectangular cross section with an area of 0,03 mm<sup>2</sup> to 7,2 mm<sup>2</sup>, which corresponds to tapes with width ranging from 1,0 mm to 12,0 mm and thickness from 0,03 mm to 0,6 mm.

This method is intended for use with superconductor specimens that have critical current less than 300 A and  $n$ -values larger than 5 under standard test conditions: the test specimen is immersed in liquid nitrogen bath at ambient pressure without external magnetic field during the testing. Deviations from this test method that are allowed for routine tests and other specific restrictions are given in this document.

#### **2 Normative references**

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

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