### STN

## Kovové materiály Plechy a pásy Stanovenie exponenta deformačného spevnenia v ťahu (ISO 10275: 2020)

STN EN ISO 10275

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Metallic materials - Sheet and strip - Determination of tensile strain hardening exponent (ISO 10275:2020)

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy. This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

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### EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

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### **English Version**

## Metallic materials - Sheet and strip - Determination of tensile strain hardening exponent (ISO 10275:2020)

Matériaux métalliques - Tôles et bandes -Détermination du coefficient d'écrouissage en traction (ISO 10275:2020) Metallische Werkstoffe - Blech und Band - Bestimmung des Verfestigungsexponenten im Zugversuch (ISO 10275:2020)

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### **European foreword**

This document (EN ISO 10275:2020) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 164 "Mechanical testing of metals" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 459/SC 1 "Test methods for steel (other than chemical analysis)" the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by March 2021, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by March 2021.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN ISO 10275:2014.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

### **Endorsement notice**

The text of ISO 10275:2020 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 10275:2020 without any modification.

## INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 10275

Third edition 2020-08

# Metallic materials — Sheet and strip — Determination of tensile strain hardening exponent

Matériaux métalliques — Tôles et bandes — Détermination du coefficient d'écrouissage en traction



ISO 10275:2020(E)



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### Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see <a href="www.iso.org/directives">www.iso.org/directives</a>).

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For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see <a href="https://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html">www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html</a>.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 164, *Mechanical testing of metals*, Subcommittee SC 2, *Ductility testing*, in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 459, *ECISS – European Committee for Iron and Steel Standardization*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 10275:2007), of which it constitutes a minor revision.

The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- Clause 2 has been updated;
- new <u>Clause 3</u> "Terms and definitions" has been added as per the latest Directives, Part 2;
- the symbol for true plastic strain has been changed from  $\varepsilon$  to  $\varepsilon_n$ ;

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at <a href="https://www.iso.org/members.html">www.iso.org/members.html</a>.

### Introduction

In the previous edition of this document, for the calculation of the true strain, the elastic strain did not need to be subtracted from the total strain if it was lower than  $10\,\%$  of the total strain.

In this document, the elastic strain is subtracted from the total strain for calculation of the true strain, which is now referred to as "true plastic strain".

## Metallic materials — Sheet and strip — Determination of tensile strain hardening exponent

### 1 Scope

This document specifies a method for determining the tensile strain hardening exponent n of flat products (sheet and strip) made of metallic materials.

The method is valid only for that part of the stress-strain curve in the plastic range where the curve is continuous and monotonic (see 8.4).

In the case of materials with a serrated stress-strain curve in the work hardening range (materials which show the Portevin-Le Chatelier effect, e.g. AlMg-alloys), the automatic determination (linear regression of the logarithm true stress vs. the logarithm true plastic strain, see 8.7) is used to give reproducible results.

#### 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 6892-1, Metallic materials — Tensile testing — Part 1: Method of test at room temperature

ISO 7500-1, Metallic materials — Calibration and verification of static uniaxial testing machines — Part 1: Tension/compression testing machines — Calibration and verification of the force-measuring system

ISO 9513, Metallic materials — Calibration of extensometer systems used in uniaxial testing

ISO 10113, Metallic materials — Sheet and strip — Determination of plastic strain ratio

### koniec náhľadu – text ďalej pokračuje v platenej verzii STN