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Ultrasonics - Transducers - Definitions and measurement methods regarding focusing for the transmitted fields

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy.
This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

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English Version

**Ultrasonics - Transducers - Definitions and measurement
methods regarding focusing for the transmitted fields
(IEC 61828:2020)**

Ultrasons - Transducteurs - Définitions et méthodes de
mesure pour la focalisation des champs transmis
(IEC 61828:2020)

Ultraschall - Fokussierende Wandler - Definitionen und
Messverfahren mit Bezug auf die Fokussierung für die
erzeugten Felder
(IEC 61828:2020)

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EN IEC 61828:2021 (E)**European foreword**

The text of document 87/746/FDIS, future edition 2 of IEC 61828, prepared by IEC/TC 87 "Ultrasonics" was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and approved by CENELEC as EN IEC 61828:2021.

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- latest date by which the document has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement (dop) 2021-10-19
- latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the document have to be withdrawn (dow) 2024-01-19

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In the official version, for Bibliography, the following notes have to be added for the standards indicated:

IEC 62127-1:2007	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 62127-1:2007 (not modified)
IEC 60601-2-62:2013	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 60601-2-62:2015 (not modified)
IEC/TS 61949:2007	NOTE	Harmonized as CLC/TS 61949:2008 (not modified)

Annex ZA

(normative)

Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

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NOTE 1 Where an International Publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

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<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>EN/HD</u>	<u>Year</u>
IEC 61161	-	Ultrasonics - Power measurement - EN 61161 Radiation force balances and performance requirements	-	-
IEC 61689	2013	Ultrasonics - Physiotherapy systems - Field specifications and methods of measurement in the frequency range 0,5 MHz to 5 MHz	EN 61689	2013
IEC 62127-3	2007	Ultrasonics - Hydrophones - Part 3: EN 62127-3 Properties of hydrophones for ultrasonic fields up to 40 MHz	EN 62127-3	2007
IEC 62555	-	Ultrasonics - Power measurement - High intensity therapeutic ultrasound (HITU) transducers and systems	EN 62555	-
IEC/TS 62556	2014	Ultrasonics - Field characterization - - Specification and measurement of field parameters for high intensity therapeutic ultrasound (HITU) transducers and systems	-	-
ISO/IEC Guide 98-3 2008		Uncertainty of measurement - Part 3: - Guide to the expression of uncertainty in measurement (GUM:1995)	-	-



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Edition 2.0 2020-12

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

NORME INTERNATIONALE



**Ultrasonics – Transducers – Definitions and measurement methods
regarding focusing for the transmitted fields**

**Ultrasons – Transducteurs – Définitions et méthodes de mesure
pour la focalisation des champs transmis**





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IEC Central Office
 3, rue de Varembé
 CH-1211 Geneva 20
 Switzerland

Tel.: +41 22 919 02 11
info@iec.ch
www.iec.ch

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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

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INTERNATIONAL
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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

ULTRASONICS –TRANSDUCERS – DEFINITIONS AND MEASUREMENT METHODS REGARDING FOCUSING FOR THE TRANSMITTED FIELDS

FOREWORD

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International Standard IEC 61828 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 87: Ultrasonics.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition published in 2001. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) Clause 6 on Measurement procedures has been replaced by Clause 6: "Acoustic field measurement: equipment" and Clause 7: "Measurement procedure" and related definitions.
- b) Reorganization of definitions and measurement section to accommodate specific sets of measurements for focusing, nonlinearity, beam axis alignment, beam area, beam maximum, numerical projection, plane wave, high intensity therapeutic ultrasound, multiple sources, spatial impulse response and compound plane waves. Clause 3 has been moved to Annex B.
- c) The normative references have been updated and the Bibliography has been expanded from 8 to 40 references.

- d) Twelve figures have been updated and seven new figures (B.1, B.3, B.7, B.10, B.11, B.12, B.13, B.14) have been added to facilitate measurements and be consistent with measurement terminology.
- e) New measurements have been added for time delays, arrays, plane waves and spatial impulse response.
- f) Annex A has been expanded to provide general guidance on pulsed waves, system responses, focusing gains and minimum beamwidth estimation.
- g) New annexes have been added:
 - Annex B (informative) Rationale for focusing and nonfocusing definitions
 - Annex E (informative) Uncertainties;
 - Annex F (informative) Transducer and hydrophone positioning systems;
 - Annex G (informative) Planar scanning of a hydrophone to determine acoustic output power;
 - Annex H (informative) Properties of water;

In addition, Annex A was reorganized and new Clauses A.1, A.5 and A.6 were added.

- h) Guidelines for remaining within the manufacturer's pressure and intensity hydrophone limits and the determination of the extent of nonlinearity in the field have been added.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
87/746/FDIS	87/749/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this International Standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

NOTE 1 The following print types are used:

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NOTE 2 There are some inconsistencies in font type for symbols and formulae between some of the normative references and this document. They will be resolved in a future revision of the normative references.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC web site under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

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INTRODUCTION

Focusing transducers are essential in medical applications for obtaining high-resolution images, Doppler and flow data and for concentrating ultrasonic energy at desired sites for therapy. This document provides specific definitions appropriate for describing the focused field from a theoretical viewpoint for transducers with known characteristics intended by design. Other specific definitions included in this document, based on measurement methods, provide a means of determining **focusing** properties, if any, of a transducer of unknown field characteristics. The measurement method and definitions provide criteria for determining if the transducer is focusing, as well as a means of describing the **focusing** properties of the field. **Beam axis** alignment methods and field characterization measurements are given for both **focusing** and **nonfocusing** transducers.

ULTRASONICS – TRANSDUCERS – DEFINITIONS AND MEASUREMENT METHODS REGARDING FOCUSING FOR THE TRANSMITTED FIELDS

1 Scope

This document

- provides definitions for the transmitted field characteristics of focusing and nonfocusing transducers for applications in medical ultrasound;
- relates these definitions to theoretical descriptions, design, and measurement of the transmitted fields of focusing transducers;
- gives measurement methods for obtaining defined field characteristics of focusing and nonfocusing transducers;
- specifies beam axis alignment methods appropriate for focusing and nonfocusing transducers.

This document relates to focusing ultrasonic transducers operating in the frequency range appropriate to medical ultrasound (0,5 MHz to 40 MHz) for both therapeutic and diagnostic applications. It shows how the characteristics of the transmitted field of transducers can be described from the point of view of design, as well as measured by someone with no prior knowledge of the construction details of a particular device. The transmitted ultrasound field for a specified excitation is measured by a hydrophone in either a standard test medium (for example, water) or in a given medium. This document applies only to media where the field behaviour is essentially like that in a fluid (i.e. where the influence of shear waves and elastic anisotropy is small), including soft tissues and tissue-mimicking gels. Any aspects of the field that affect their theoretical description or are important in design are also included. These definitions would have use in scientific communications, system design and description of the performance and safety of systems using these devices.

This document incorporates definitions from other related standards where possible, and supplies more specific terminology, both for defining focusing characteristics and for providing a basis for measurement of these characteristics.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 61689:2013, *Ultrasonics – Physiotherapy systems – Field specifications and methods of measurement in the frequency range 0,5 MHz to 5MHz*

IEC 62127-3:2007, *Ultrasonics – Hydrophones – Part 3: Properties of hydrophones for ultrasonic fields up to 40 MHz*
IEC 62127-3:2007/AMD1:2013

IEC TS 62556:2014, *Ultrasonics – Field characterization – Specification and measurement of field parameters for high intensity therapeutic ultrasound (HITU) transducers and systems*

IEC 61161, *Ultrasonics – Power measurement – Radiation force balances and performance requirements*

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