### STN

### Kovové a iné anorganické povlaky Chromátové konverzné povlaky na zinku, kadmiu, na zliatinách hliníka so zinkom a zinku s hliníkom Skúšobné metódy (ISO 3613: 2021)

STN EN ISO 3613

03 8631

Metallic and other inorganic coatings - Chromate conversion coatings on zinc, cadmium, aluminium-zinc alloys and zinc-aluminium alloys - Test methods (ISO 3613:2021)

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy. This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

Táto norma bola oznámená vo Vestníku ÚNMS SR č. 08/21

Obsahuje: EN ISO 3613:2021, ISO 3613:2021

Oznámením tejto normy sa ruší STN EN ISO 3613 (03 8631) z augusta 2011

### EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

**EN ISO 3613** 

May 2021

ICS 25.220.20

Supersedes EN ISO 3613:2010

### **English Version**

Metallic and other inorganic coatings - Chromate conversion coatings on zinc, cadmium, aluminium-zinc alloys and zinc-aluminium alloys - Test methods (ISO 3613:2021)

Revêtements métalliques et autres revêtements inorganiques - Couches de conversion au chromate sur zinc, cadmium et alliages d'aluminium-zinc et de zincaluminium - Méthodes d'essai (ISO 3613:2021)

Metallische und andere anorganische Überzüge -Chromatierüberzüge auf Zink, Cadmium, Aluminium-Zink- und Zink-Aluminium-Legierungen -Prüfverfahren (ISO 3613:2021)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 9 May 2021.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and United Kingdom.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

### EN ISO 3613:2021 (E)

Contents	Page
European foreword	3

EN ISO 3613:2021 (E)

### **European foreword**

This document (EN ISO 3613:2021) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 107 "Metallic and other inorganic coatings" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 262 "Metallic and other inorganic coatings, including for corrosion protection and corrosion testing of metals and alloys" the secretariat of which is held by BSI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by November 2021, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by November 2021.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN ISO 3613:2010.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

#### **Endorsement notice**

The text of ISO 3613:2021 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 3613:2021 without any modification.

## INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 3613

Fourth edition 2021-05

Metallic and other inorganic coatings — Chromate conversion coatings on zinc, cadmium, aluminium-zinc alloys and zincaluminium alloys — Test methods

Revêtements métalliques et autres revêtements inorganiques — Couches de conversion au chromate sur zinc, cadmium et alliages d'aluminium-zinc et de zinc-aluminium — Méthodes d'essai



Reference number ISO 3613:2021(E)

ISO 3613:2021(E)



### **COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT**

© ISO 2021

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, or required in the context of its implementation, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8 CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva Phone: +41 22 749 01 11 Email: copyright@iso.org Website: www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

Contents			Page
Fore	word		iv
Introduction			<b>v</b>
1	Scope	<u>a</u>	1
2	•	native references	
_		s and definitions	
3			
4	Ü	ents	
5	Appa	ratus	3
6	Test i	methods	
	6.1	General	
	6.2	Test for the presence of a colourless chromate coating on zinc	4
	6.3	Test for the presence of a colourless chromate coating on zinc and cadmium	4
	6.4	Test for the presence of a colourless chromate coating on zinc-aluminium (mass	
		fraction of aluminium: 5 %) alloys	5
	6.5	Test for the presence of hexavalent chromium in both colourless and coloured	
		chromate coatings	5
		6.5.1 General	5
		6.5.2 Test method employing test solution C 1	5
		6.5.3 Test method employing alternative test solution C 2 (destructive)	5
		6.5.4 Expression of results	7
		6.5.5 Calibration of spectrophotometer	7
	6.6	Determination of hexavalent chromium content of coloured chromate coatings	8
		6.6.1 Preparation of calibration graph	8
		6.6.2 Blank test	
		6.6.3 Determination	8
		6.6.4 Expression of results	
	6.7	Determination of total chromium content of coloured chromate coatings	
		6.7.1 Preparation of calibration graph	
		6.7.2 Blank test	9
		6.7.3 Determination	9
		6.7.4 Expression of results	9
	6.8	Determination of mass per unit area of both colourless and coloured chromate	
		coatings by gravimetric method	
	6.9	Test for adhesion by abrasion	
	6.10	Quality evaluation test of chromate layers on zinc and cadmium surfaces	10
7	Test i	report	10
Bibl	iograph	y	11

### **Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see <a href="www.iso.org/directives">www.iso.org/directives</a>).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see <a href="https://www.iso.org/patents">www.iso.org/patents</a>).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see <a href="https://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html">www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html</a>.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 107, *Metallic and other inorganic coatings*, in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 262, *Metallic and other inorganic coatings, including for corrosion protection and corrosion testing of metals and alloys,* in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This fourth edition cancels and replaces the third edition (ISO 3613:2010), which has been technically revised. The main changes compared with the previous edition are as follows:

- Table 1 has been revised;
- analysis method described in <u>6.5</u> was aligned with the method described in IEC 62321-7-1;
- procedure for the preparation of test solution C 2 in 4.3.2 has been revised and a second standard solution has been added;
- limiting time has been amended in 6.1;
- procedure for testing with test solution C 2 has been revised in <u>6.5.2</u>;
- description of the calibration of spectrophotometer has been added.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at <a href="https://www.iso.org/members.html">www.iso.org/members.html</a>.

### Introduction

This document specifies methods for the qualitative determination of the presence of chromate conversion coatings as well as the total chromium content of chromate conversion coatings.

The application of very thin, colourless, practically invisible chromate conversion coatings is frequently called "passivation", while the application of thicker, coloured chromate conversion coatings is called "chromating". The term "passivation" is not correct, as it does not conform to the ISO 2080 designation, and is therefore deprecated.

Chromate conversion coatings are based on a solution containing Cr(VI). Both the process solution and the coating contain hexavalent chromium. The term passivation is nowadays often used for Cr(VI)-free coatings replacing chromate conversion coatings. Products containing Cr(VI) are not allowed within EU and processes using Cr(VI) are strictly regulated.

# Metallic and other inorganic coatings — Chromate conversion coatings on zinc, cadmium, aluminium-zinc alloys and zinc-aluminium alloys — Test methods

WARNING — This document calls for the use of substances and/or procedures that can be injurious to health if adequate safety measures are not taken. This document does not address any health hazards, safety or environmental matters associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this document to establish appropriate health, safety and environmentally acceptable practices and take suitable actions for any national and international regulations.

### 1 Scope

This document specifies methods for the determination of

- the presence of colourless chromate conversion coatings,
- the presence of hexavalent chromium in colourless and coloured coatings on zinc or cadmium or aluminium-zinc (mass fraction of aluminium: 55 %, within a range of 54 % to 56 % mass fraction) and zinc-aluminium (mass fraction of aluminium: 5 %) alloys,
- the total chromium content per unit area on zinc and cadmium,
- the mass per unit area of both colourless and coloured coatings,
- the satisfactory adhesion of chromate conversion coatings, and
- the quality of chromate coatings.

These methods are applicable to

- colourless and coloured chromate conversion coatings containing trivalent and hexavalent chromium in varying proportions and produced by either chemical or electrochemical processes, and
- chromate coatings that are free from any supplementary coatings, such as oil, water or solventbased polymers or wax.

#### 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 3892, Conversion coatings on metallic materials — Determination of coating mass per unit area — Gravimetric methods

ISO 4520, Chromate conversion coatings on electroplated zinc and cadmium coatings

IEC 60068-2-30, Environmental testing — Part 2-30: Tests — Test Db: Damp heat, cyclic (12 h + 12 h cycle)

koniec náhľadu – text ďalej pokračuje v platenej verzii STN