Potrubné systémy z plastov na zásobovanie plynnými palivami Polyetylén (PE) Časť 2: Rúry 64 3042

Plastics piping systems for the supply of gaseous fuels - Polyethylene (PE) - Part 2: Pipes

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy. This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

Táto norma bola oznámená vo Vestníku ÚNMS SR č. 09/21

Obsahuje: EN 1555-2:2021

Oznámením tejto normy sa ruší STN EN 1555-2 (64 3042) z februára 2011 STN EN 1555-2: 2021

EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

EN 1555-2

July 2021

ICS 23.040.20

Supersedes EN 1555-2:2010

English Version

Plastics piping systems for the supply of gaseous fuels -Polyethylene (PE) - Part 2: Pipes

Systèmes de canalisations en plastique pour la distribution de combustibles gazeux - Polyéthylène (PE) - Partie 2 : Tubes

Kunststoff-Rohrleitungssysteme für die Gasversorgung
- Polyethylen (PE) - Teil 2: Rohre

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 7 June 2021.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and United Kingdom.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

Lontents		Page
Europ	ean foreword	3
Introd	luction	5
1	Scope	6
2	Normative references	6
3	Terms and definitions	8
4	Symbols and abbreviations	8
5	Material	
5.1	Compound for pipes	
5.2	Compound for identification stripes	
5.3	External reworked and recycled material	8
6	General characteristics	9
6.1	Appearance	
6.2	Colour	9
7	Geometrical characteristics	9
7.1	Measurement of dimensions	9
7.2	Mean outside diameters, out-of-roundness (ovality) and tolerances	
7.3	Wall thicknesses and related tolerances	
7.3.1	Minimum wall thicknesses	
7.3.2	Tolerance on the wall thicknesses	
7.4 7.5	Circumferential reversion of pipes with a dn equal to or greater than 250 mm	
7.6	Lengths	
8 8.1	Mechanical characteristics	
8.1 8.2	ConditioningRequirements	
	•	
9 9.1	Physical characteristics	
9.1 9.2	ConditioningRequirements	
	•	
10	Performance requirements	
11	Marking	
11.1	General	
11.2	Minimum required marking	
11.3	Additional marking	
Annex	(A (normative) Pipes with co-extruded layers	21
Annex B (normative) Pipes with peelable layer		23
Annex	C (normative) Squeeze-off technique	25
Bibliography		26

European foreword

This document (EN 1555-2:2021) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 155 "Plastics piping systems and ducting systems", the secretariat of which is held by NEN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by January 2022, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by January 2022.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN 1555-2:2010.

In comparison with the previous version, the following technical modifications have been introduced:

- PE 100-RC type materials with enhanced resistance to slow crack growth have been added.
- Annex A of EN 1555-1:2021 now discusses the performance of this type of material and gives additional information for non-conventional installation techniques.
- Test methods have been updated.
- New test methods have been added for PE 100-RC materials.

It has been prepared in liaison with Technical Committee CEN/TC 234 "Gas infrastructure".

System Standards are based on the results of the work being undertaken in ISO/TC 138 "Plastics pipes, fittings and valves for the transport of fluids", which is a Technical Committee of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO).

They are supported by separate standards on test methods to which references are made throughout the System Standard.

The System Standards are consistent with general standards on functional requirements and on recommended practice for installation.

EN 1555 consists of the following parts:

- EN 1555-1, Plastics piping systems for the supply of gaseous fuels Polyethylene (PE) Part 1: General;
- EN 1555-2, Plastics piping systems for the supply of gaseous fuels Polyethylene (PE) Part 2: Pipes (this standard);
- EN 1555-3, Plastics piping systems for the supply of gaseous fuels Polyethylene (PE) Part 3: Fittings;
- EN 1555-4, Plastics piping systems for the supply of gaseous fuels Polyethylene (PE) Part 4: Valves;
- EN 1555-5, Plastics piping systems for the supply of gaseous fuels Polyethylene (PE) Part 5: Fitness for purpose of the system;
- CEN/TS 1555-7, Plastics piping systems for the supply of gaseous fuels Polyethylene (PE) Part 7: Guidance for assessment of conformity.

NOTE EN 12007-2 [1] prepared by CEN/TC 234 "Gas infrastructure" deals with the recommended practice for installation of plastics pipes system in accordance with EN 1555 (all parts).

EN 1555-2:2021 (E)

Any feedback and questions on this document should be directed to the users' national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found on the CEN website.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organisations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

Introduction

This document specifies the requirements for a piping system and its components made from polyethylene (PE) and which is intended to be used for the supply of gaseous fuels.

Requirements and test methods for material and components, other than pipes, are specified in EN 1555-1, EN 1555-3 [2] and EN 1555-4 [3].

Characteristics for fitness for purpose are covered in EN 1555-5. CEN/TS 1555-7 [4] gives guidance for assessment of conformity. Recommended practice for installation is given in EN 12007-2 [1] prepared by CEN/TC 234.

This part of EN 1555 covers the characteristics of pipes.

1 Scope

This document specifies the characteristics of pipes made from polyethylene (PE) for piping systems in the field of the supply of gaseous fuels.

It also specifies the test parameters for the test methods referred to in this document.

In conjunction with Parts 1 and 3 to 5 of EN 1555, it is applicable to PE pipes, their joints and to joints with components of PE and other materials intended to be used under the following conditions:

- a) a maximum operating pressure, MOP, up to and including 10 bar¹at a reference temperature of 20 °C for design purposes;
- b) an operating temperature between -20 °C and 40 °C.

NOTE 1 For operating temperatures between 20 $^{\circ}$ C and 40 $^{\circ}$ C derating coefficients are defined in EN 1555-5:2021.

EN 1555 covers a range of maximum operating pressures and gives requirements concerning colours. It covers three types of pipe:

- PE pipes (outside diameter d_n) including any identification stripes;
- PE pipes with co-extruded layers on either or both the outside and/or inside of the pipe (total outside diameter $d_{\rm n}$) as specified in Annex A, where all layers have the same MRS rating. A coextruded pipe made of a combination of PE 100 and PE 100-RC layers shall be regarded as PE 100 and marked accordingly;
- PE pipes (outside diameter d_n) with a peelable, contiguous thermoplastics additional layer on the outside of the pipe ('coated pipe') as specified in Annex B.

NOTE 2 It is the responsibility of the purchaser or specifier to make the appropriate selections from these aspects, taking into account their particular requirements and any relevant national regulations and installation practices or codes.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 1555-1:2021, Plastics piping systems for the supply of gaseous fuels - Polyethylene (PE) - Part 1: General

EN 1555-5:2021, Plastics piping systems for the supply of gaseous fuels - Polyethylene (PE) - Part 5: Fitness for purpose of the system

EN 12106, Plastics piping systems - Polyethylene (PE) pipes - Test method for the resistance to internal pressure after application of squeeze-off

EN ISO 1133-1, Plastics - Determination of the melt mass-flow rate (MFR) and melt volume-flow rate (MVR) of thermoplastics - Part 1: Standard method (ISO 1133-1)

 $^{^{1}}$ bar = 0,1 MPa. = 10^{5} Pa; 1 MPa = 1 N/mm 2 .

EN ISO 1167-1:2006, Thermoplastics pipes, fittings and assemblies for the conveyance of fluids - Determination of the resistance to internal pressure - Part 1: General method (ISO 1167-1:2006)

EN ISO 1167-2, Thermoplastics pipes, fittings and assemblies for the conveyance of fluids - Determination of the resistance to internal pressure - Part 2: Preparation of pipe test pieces (ISO 1167-2)

EN ISO 2505, Thermoplastics pipes - Longitudinal reversion - Test method and parameters (ISO 2505)

EN ISO 3126, Plastics piping systems - Plastics components - Determination of dimensions (ISO 3126)

ISO 4065, Thermoplastics pipes - Universal wall thickness table

EN ISO 6259-1, Thermoplastics pipes - Determination of tensile properties - Part 1: General test method (ISO 6259-1)

EN ISO 6259-3:2015, Thermoplastics pipes - Determination of tensile properties - Part 3: Polyolefin pipes (ISO 6259-3:2015)

EN ISO 9969, Thermoplastics pipes - Determination of ring stiffness (ISO 9969)

EN ISO 11357-6, Plastics - Differential scanning calorimetry (DSC) - Part 6: Determination of oxidation induction time (isothermal OIT) and oxidation induction temperature (dynamic OIT) (ISO 11357-6)

EN ISO 13477, Thermoplastics pipes for the conveyance of fluids - Determination of resistance to rapid crack propagation (RCP) - Small-scale steady-state test (S4 test) (ISO 13477)

EN ISO 13478, Thermoplastics pipes for the conveyance of fluids - Determination of resistance to rapid crack propagation (RCP) - Full-scale test (FST) (ISO 13478)

EN ISO 13968, Plastics piping and ducting systems - Thermoplastics pipes - Determination of ring flexibility (ISO 13968)

ISO 11922-1:2018, Thermoplastics pipes for the conveyance of fluids - Dimensions and tolerances - Part 1: Metric series

ISO 13479:—², Polyolefin pipes for the conveyance of fluids - Determination of resistance to crack propagation - Test method for slow crack growth on notched pipes

 $ISO\ 18488, Polyethylene\ (PE)\ materials\ for\ piping\ systems\ -\ Determination\ of\ Strain\ Hardening\ Modulus\ in\ relation\ to\ slow\ crack\ growth\ -\ Test\ method$

ISO 18489, Polyethylene (PE) materials for piping systems - Determination of resistance to slow crack growth under cyclic loading - Cracked Round Bar test method

koniec náhľadu – text ďalej pokračuje v platenej verzii STN

² Under preparation. Stage at the time of publication: ISO/DIS 13479:2021.