

STN P	Rastlinné biostimulátory Stanovenie <i>Azotobacter spp.</i>	STN P CEN/TS 17709 46 5610
------------------	--	--

Plant biostimulants - Determination of *Azotobacter spp.*

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy.
This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

Táto norma bola oznámená vo Vestníku ÚNMS SR č. 06/22

Táto predbežná slovenská technická norma je určená na overenie. Prípadné pripomienky pošlite do marca 2024 Úradu pre normalizáciu, metrológiu a skúšobníctvo SR.

Obsahuje: CEN/TS 17709:2022

134965

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION
SPÉCIFICATION TECHNIQUE
TECHNISCHE SPEZIFIKATION

CEN/TS 17709

March 2022

ICS 65.080

English Version

Plant biostimulants - Determination of *Azotobacter* spp.

Biostimulants des végétaux - Détermination
d'*Azotobacter* spp.

Pflanzen-Biostimulanzien - Bestimmung von
Azotobacter spp.

This Technical Specification (CEN/TS) was approved by CEN on 3 January 2022 for provisional application.

The period of validity of this CEN/TS is limited initially to three years. After two years the members of CEN will be requested to submit their comments, particularly on the question whether the CEN/TS can be converted into a European Standard.

CEN members are required to announce the existence of this CEN/TS in the same way as for an EN and to make the CEN/TS available promptly at national level in an appropriate form. It is permissible to keep conflicting national standards in force (in parallel to the CEN/TS) until the final decision about the possible conversion of the CEN/TS into an EN is reached.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and United Kingdom.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION
COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION
EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

CEN/TS 17709:2022 (E)

Contents		Page
European foreword		3
Introduction		4
1	Scope	6
2	Normative references	6
3	Terms and definitions	6
4	Enumeration of <i>Azotobacter spp.</i>	6
4.1	General	6
4.2	Sample preparation	6
4.3	Serial dilution	7
4.4	Plate counts of <i>Azotobacter sp.</i> in sterile diluent	8
4.5	Spread-plate counting with ASHBY SUCROSE AGAR [6]	8
4.6	Calculation	8
5	Species determination of <i>Azotobacter sp.</i> via genetic analysis	8
5.1	General	8
5.2	Preparation of the sample for the genomic DNA extraction	8
Annex A (informative) Formula of culture media		11
Bibliography		13

European foreword

This document (CEN/TS 17709:2022) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 455 “Plant biostimulants”, the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document has been prepared under a Standardization Request given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association.

Any feedback and questions on this document should be directed to the users’ national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found on the CEN website.

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organisations of the following countries are bound to announce this Technical Specification: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

CEN/TS 17709:2022 (E)**Introduction**

This document was prepared by the experts of CEN/TC 455 “Plant Biostimulants”. The European Committee for Standardization (CEN) was requested by the European Commission (EC) to draft European standards or European standardization deliverables to support the implementation of Regulation (EU) 2019/1009 of 5 June 2019 laying down rules on the making available on the market of EU fertilizing products (“FPR” or “Fertilising Products Regulation”).

This standardization request, presented as M/564, also contributes to the Communication on “Innovating for Sustainable Growth: A Bio economy for Europe”. The Working Group 5 “Labelling and denominations”, was created to develop a work program as part of this request. The technical committee CEN/TC 455 “Plant Biostimulants” was established to carry out the work program that will prepare a series of standards. The interest in biostimulants has increased significantly in Europe as a valuable tool to use in agriculture. Standardization was identified as having an important role in order to promote the use of biostimulants. The work of CEN/TC 455 seeks to improve the reliability of the supply chain, thereby improving the confidence of farmers, industry, and consumers in biostimulants, and will promote and support commercialisation of the European biostimulant industry.

Biostimulants used in agriculture can be applied in multiple ways: on soil, on plant, as seed treatment, etc. A microbial plant biostimulant consists of a microorganism or a consortium of microorganisms, as referred to in Component Material Category 7 of Annex II of the EU Fertilising Products Regulation.

This document is applicable to all biostimulants in agriculture based on live microorganisms belonging to the genera *Azotobacter*.

The Table 1 below summarizes many of the agro-ecological principles and the role played by biostimulants.

Table 1 — Agro-ecological principles and the role played by biostimulants

Increase biodiversity
By improving soil microorganism quality/quantity
Reinforce biological regulation and interactions
By reinforcing plant-microorganism interactions
- symbiotic exchanges i.e. <i>Mycorrhizae</i>
- symbiotic exchanges i.e. <i>Rhizobiaceae/Faba</i>
- secretions mimicking plant hormones (i.e. <i>Trichoderma</i>)
By regulating plant physiological processes
- for ex growth, metabolism, plant development...
Improve biogeochemical cycles
- improve absorption of nutritional elements
- improve bioavailability of nutritional elements in the soil
- stimulate degradation of organic matter

WARNING — Persons using this document should be familiar with normal laboratory practice. This document does not purport to address all of the safety problems, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user to establish appropriate safety and health practices and to ensure compliance with any national regulatory conditions.

CEN/TS 17709:2022 (E)

IMPORTANT — It is absolutely essential that tests conducted in accordance with this document be carried out by suitably trained staff.

CEN/TS 17709:2022 (E)**1 Scope**

This document was developed to provide the methodology for the enumeration and determination of *Azotobacter* sp. in plant biostimulant products in accordance with the Regulation (EU) 2019/1009 of the European Parliament and of the Council [1].

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

CEN/TS 17702-1, *Plant biostimulants — Sampling and sample preparation — Part 1: Sampling*

CEN/TS 17724, *Plant biostimulants — Terminology*

koniec náhľadu – text ďalej pokračuje v platenej verzii STN