# STN

#### Lode a námorná technológia Špecifikácia týkajúca sa plnenia zásobníkov lodí poháňaných skvapalneným zemným plynom (ISO 20519: 2021)

**STN EN ISO 20519** 

38 6618

Ships and marine technology - Specification for bunkering of liquefied natural gas fuelled vessels (ISO 20519:2021)

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy. This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

Táto norma bola oznámená vo Vestníku ÚNMS SR č. 07/22

Obsahuje: EN ISO 20519:2022, ISO 20519:2021

Oznámením tejto normy sa ruší STN EN ISO 20519 (38 6618) z júna 2017



# EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

**EN ISO 20519** 

May 2022

ICS 47.020.99

Supersedes EN ISO 20519:2017

#### **English Version**

# Ships and marine technology - Specification for bunkering of liquefied natural gas fuelled vessels (ISO 20519:2021)

Navires et technologie maritime - Spécification pour le soutage des navires fonctionnant au gaz naturel liquéfié (ISO 20519:2021) Schiffe und Meerestechnik - Spezifikation für das Bunkern flüssigerdgasbetriebener Schiffe (ISO 20519:2021)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 23 February 2022.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and United Kingdom.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

#### EN ISO 20519:2022 (E)

Contents	Page
European foreword	3

#### **European foreword**

This document (EN ISO 20519:2022) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 8 "Ships and marine technology" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 282 "Installation and equipment for LNG" the secretariat of which is held by AFNOR.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by November 2022, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by November 2022.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN ISO 20519:2017.

Any feedback and questions on this document should be directed to the users' national standards body/national committee. A complete listing of these bodies can be found on the CEN website.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

#### **Endorsement notice**

The text of ISO 20519:2021 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 20519:2022 without any modification.

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 20519

Second edition 2021-12

## Ships and marine technology — Specification for bunkering of liquefied natural gas fuelled vessels

Navires et technologie maritime — Spécification pour le soutage des navires fonctionnant au gaz naturel liquéfié





#### **COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT**

© ISO 2021

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, or required in the context of its implementation, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8 CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva Phone: +41 22 749 01 11 Email: copyright@iso.org Website: www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

Contents									
For	eword		v						
Intr	oductio	on	vi						
1	Scon	e	1						
2	-	native references							
3		ns and definitions							
4	Abbreviated terms								
5		Transfer system design requirements							
	5.1 Vessel requirements 5.2 Facility requirements								
	5.2	Facility requirements Bunker transfer equipment requirements							
	5.4	Emergency shutdown and release systems							
	5.5	Specific requirements							
	0.0	5.5.1 System support							
		5.5.2 Hoses, corrugated metallic or composite							
		5.5.3 Transfer arms							
		5.5.4 Bunkering connections	9						
		5.5.5 Dry-disconnect/connect coupling							
		5.5.6 Insulation flange							
		5.5.7 Fall arrest							
	5.6	Identification of transfer equipment							
	5.7	Transfer system design analysis							
		5.7.1 General							
	5.8	Maintenance							
	5.6 5.9	Maintenance manual							
6		bunkering processes and procedures	12						
	6.1	Mooring	12						
	6.2	Communication in preparation for a transfer							
	6.3	Risk assessments							
		6.3.2 Risk assessment							
		6.3.3 Conditions considered							
		6.3.4 Assessment methodology							
		6.3.5 Acceptable bunkering parameters							
	6.4	Vessel safety assessments							
	6.5	Bunkering transfer procedures							
7	Man	agement system and quality assurance	16						
•	7.1	Management systems							
	7.2	Management systems for transfer equipment manufacturers							
8	Parc	onnel training	16						
O	8.1	Vessel personnel training requirements							
	8.2	Additional training requirements for personnel involved in bunkering operations	10						
		on vessels	17						
		8.2.1 General							
		8.2.2 Personnel providing LNG from port or mobile facilities training	17						
	8.3	Documentation of training	17						
9	Reco	ords and documentation	17						
	•	ormative) <b>LNG bunker checklists</b>							
Ann	ex B (in	formative) Risk assessment and controlled zones	28						

Annex	C	(informative)	Illustrations	of	a	typical	LNG	transfer	system	and	
functional diagrams of EDS and ERS subsystems										33	
Bibliogr	anl	1V									36

#### **Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see <a href="www.iso.org/directives">www.iso.org/directives</a>).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see <a href="https://www.iso.org/patents">www.iso.org/patents</a>).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see <a href="https://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html">www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html</a>.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 8, *Ships and marine technology*, in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 282, *Installation and Equipment for LNG*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 20519:2017), which has been technically revised.

The main changes are as follows:

- in <u>5.5.5</u>, dry connect and disconnect couplings, if used, are required to meet the applicable requirements of ISO 21593, however, it is permitted to use, under specified conditions, couplings manufactured before the publication of ISO 21593;
- in <u>6.2.2 a</u>), if flowmeters are used to measure LNG being bunkered, the LNG provider to inform the party receiving the LNG if the flowmeter conforms to ISO 21903.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at <a href="https://www.iso.org/members.html">www.iso.org/members.html</a>.

#### Introduction

This document has been produced to meet an industry need identified by the International Maritime Organization (IMO). It has been designed to support the IMO International Code of Safety for Ships using Gases or other Low-flashpoint Fuels (IGF Code).

Due to numerous economic and environmental factors, the use of liquefied natural gas (LNG) as a vessel's fuel has increased. While LNG fuelled ships and vessels have been in service since the early 2000s, most of these vessels have operated within small defined areas using LNG bunkering operations designed for that particular vessel service. The increase in LNG fuelled vessels corresponds with an increase in the number of the regions that these vessels service. Therefore, there is a need to standardize LNG bunkering operations internationally to a reasonable degree so that vessel operators have the tools to select vessel fuel providers that meet set safety and fuel quality standards for LNG bunkering operations to be conducted safely.

This document can be applied in many situations and under various regulatory regimes. Existing regulations can cover the topics addressed in this document.

# Ships and marine technology — Specification for bunkering of liquefied natural gas fuelled vessels

#### 1 Scope

This document specifies requirements for LNG bunkering transfer systems and equipment used to bunker LNG fuelled vessels, which are not covered by the IGC Code. This document is applicable to vessels involved in international and domestic service regardless of size, and addresses the following five elements:

- a) hardware: liquid and vapour transfer systems;
- b) operational procedures;
- c) requirement for the LNG provider to provide an LNG bunker delivery note;
- d) training and qualifications of personnel involved;
- e) requirements for LNG facilities to meet applicable ISO standards and local codes.

#### 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 16904, Petroleum and natural gas industries — Design and testing of LNG marine transfer arms for conventional onshore terminals

ASME B16.5, Pipe flanges and flanged fittings: NPS 1/2 through NPS 24 metric/inch standard

BS 4089, Specification for metallic hose assemblies for liquid petroleum gases and liquefied natural gases

EN 1474-2, Installation and equipment for liquefied natural gas — Design and testing of marine transfer systems — Design and testing of transfer hose

EN 1474-3, Installation and equipment for liquefied natural gas — Design and testing of marine transfer systems — Offshore transfer systems

EN 12434, Cryogenic vessels — Cryogenic flexible hoses

IEC 60079-10-1, Explosive atmospheres — Part 10-1: Classification of areas — Explosive gas atmospheres

IMO, International Code of Safety for Ships using Gases or other Low-flashpoint Fuels (IGF Code)

IMO, International Code of the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Liquefied Gases in Bulk (IGC Code)

Oil Companies International Marine Forum, *Design and Construction Specification for Marine Loading Arms*. Third edition, 1999. London, England: Oil Companies International Marine Forum

Society of International Gas Tanker and Terminal Operators (SIGTTO), ESD Arrangements & Linked Ship/Shore Systems for Liquefied Gas Carriers [online]. First edition, 2009. Scotland, UK: Witherby Seamanship International Ltd

## koniec náhľadu – text ďalej pokračuje v platenej verzii STN