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Anaesthetic and respiratory equipment - Cuff pressure indication, control and regulation devices (ISO 23371:2022)

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European foreword

This document (EN ISO 23371:2022) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 121 "Anaesthetic and respiratory equipment" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 215 "Respiratory and anaesthetic equipment" the secretariat of which is held by BSI.

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

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This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 121, *Anaesthetic and respiratory equipment*, Subcommittee SC 2, *Airways and related equipment*, in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 215, *Respiratory and anaesthetic equipment*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

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ISO 23371:2022(E)

Introduction

This document provides the essential performance and safety requirements for the design of *cuff* pressure indication and/or regulation devices for use with airway products. *Cuffs* on *tracheal tubes* and *tracheostomy tubes* are intended to seal and protect the trachea from aspiration of secretions and to provide an unobstructed airway in patients during spontaneous, assisted or controlled ventilation for short or prolonged durations. *Supralaryngeal airways* feature an inflatable *cuff* to provide a guide for insertion and stability of the airway. A variety of *cuff* designs are available to meet particular clinical requirements. *Cuffs* on *tracheal tubes* and *tracheostomy tubes* function by forming a seal between the *airway device* and the epithelial lining of the patient's airway. A pressure will be exerted on the lining of the airway where it makes contact with the *cuff.* Inflation of the airway *cuff* such that the pressure exerted on the epithelium is in excess of the capillary perfusion pressure can result in ischemia of the epithelium. This can result in short or long-term morbidity ranging from mild (e.g. sore throat) to severe (e.g. subglottic stenosis) [1]. Overinflated *cuffs* on *supralaryngeal airways* can cause injuries such as damage to the lingual, hypoglossal or recurrent laryngeal nerves in addition to arytenoid dislocation, haematoma, tongue swelling and cyanosis^[2]. Uncontrolled low airway *cuff* pressure can also increase the risk of micro-aspiration and ventilator-associated pneumonia^[3,4].

Tracheal tube and tracheostomy tube cuff pressures have traditionally been assessed by the clinician at the time of cuff inflation. Typically this is done by listening for a leak at the mouth while inflating the cuff with positive pressure applied to the airway until the user can no longer appreciate a leak. Evidence suggests that such methods of clinical assessment of airway cuff pressure are inaccurate^[5]. A number of clinical guidelines now recommend the measurement of cuff pressure using a suitable device^[6].

Throughout this document the following print types are used:

- Requirements and definitions: roman type;
- Informative material appearing outside of tables, such as notes, examples and references: smaller type. The Normative text of tables is also in smaller type;
- Terms defined in <u>Clause 3</u>: italic type.

Anaesthetic and respiratory equipment — Cuff pressure indication, control and regulation devices

1 Scope

This document specifies essential performance and safety requirements for *cuff pressure indicators* used to indicate the *intracuff pressure* of *airway devices*, such as *supralaryngeal airways*, *tracheal tubes* or *tracheostomy tubes*.

This document is also applicable to devices that combine *intracuff pressure* indication with a method of *cuff* inflation (such as a syringe or pump). The device can also provide a method of automatically maintaining *cuff* inflation at a specific pressure or within a pressure range.

The requirements specified in this document apply to stand-alone *cuff pressure indicators* and those integrated into other medical devices (e.g. ventilators, anaesthesia workstations, etc.).

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 18190:2016, Anaesthetic and respiratory equipment — General requirements for airways and related equipment

ISO 80369-7:2021, Small-bore connectors for liquids and gases in healthcare applications — Part 7: Connectors for intravascular or hypodermic applications

IEC 60601-1-8, Medical electrical equipment — Part 1-8: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance — Collateral Standard: General requirements, tests and guidance for alarm systems in medical electrical equipment and medical electrical systems

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