

<b>STN</b>	<b>Meranie elektrickej energie Predplatné systémy Časť 31: Osobitné požiadavky Statické elektromery na činnú energiu (triedy presnosti 0,5; 1 a 2)</b>	<b>STN EN IEC 62055-31</b>  35 6135
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Electricity metering - Payment systems - Part 31: Particular requirements - Static payment meters for active energy (classes 0,5, 1 and 2)

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy.  
This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

Táto norma bola oznámená vo Vestníku ÚNMS SR č. 11/22

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**EN IEC 62055-31**

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English Version

**Electricity metering - Payment systems - Part 31: Particular requirements - Static payment meters for active energy (classes 0,5, 1 and 2)  
(IEC 62055-31:2022)**

Équipements de comptage de l'électricité - Systèmes à paiement - Partie 31: Exigences particulières - Compteurs statiques à paiement d'énergie active (classes 0,5, 1 et 2)  
(IEC 62055-31:2022)

Messung der elektrischen Energie - Zählersysteme mit Inkassofunktion - Teil 31: Besondere Anforderungen - Elektronische Inkasso-Wirkverbrauchszähler der Genauigkeitsklassen 0,5, 1 und 2  
(IEC 62055-31:2022)

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**EN IEC 62055-31:2022 (E)****European foreword**

The text of document 13/1864/FDIS, future edition 2 of IEC 62055-31, prepared by IEC/TC 13 "Electrical energy measurement and control" was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and approved by CENELEC as EN IEC 62055-31:2022.

The following dates are fixed:

- latest date by which the document has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement (dop) 2023-04-26
- latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the document have to be withdrawn (dow) 2025-07-26

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In the official version, for Bibliography, the following note has to be added for the standard indicated:

IEC 62059 (series) NOTE Harmonized as EN 62059 (series)

## Annex ZA (normative)

### Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE 1 Where an International Publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

NOTE 2 Up-to-date information on the latest versions of the European Standards listed in this annex is available here: [www.cenelec.eu](http://www.cenelec.eu).

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>EN/HD</u>	<u>Year</u>
IEC 60050-300	2001	International Electrotechnical Vocabulary – Electrical and electronic measurements and measuring instruments – Part 311: General terms relating to measurements – Part 312: General terms relating to electrical measurements – Part 313: Types of electrical measuring instruments – Part 314: Specific terms according to the type of instrument	-	-
+ AMD1	2015		-	-
+ AMD2	2016		-	-
+ AMD3	2017		-	-
+ AMD4	2020		-	-
IEC/TR 62051	1999	Electricity metering - Glossary of terms	-	-
IEC 62052-11	2020	Electricity metering equipment - General requirements, tests and test conditions - Part 11: Metering equipment	EN IEC 62052-11	2021
IEC 62052-31	2015	Electricity metering equipment (AC) - General requirements, tests and test conditions - Part 31: Product safety requirements and tests	EN 62052-31	2016
IEC 62053-21	2020	Electricity metering equipment - Particular requirements - Part 21: Static meters for AC active energy (classes 0,5, 1 and 2)	EN IEC 62053-21	2021
-	-		+ A11	2021
IEC 62054-21	2004	Electricity metering (a.c.) - Tariff and load control - Part 21: Particular requirements for time switches	EN 62054-21	2004
+ A1	2017		+ A1	2017
IEC/TR 62055-21	2005	Electricity metering - Payment systems - Part 21: Framework for standardization	-	-

**EN IEC 62055-31:2022 (E)**

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>EN/HD</u>	<u>Year</u>
IEC 62058-11 (mod)	2008	Electricity metering equipment (AC) - Acceptance inspection - Part 11: General acceptance inspection methods	EN 62058-11	2010
IEC 62058-31 (mod)	2008	Electricity metering equipment (AC) - Acceptance inspection - Part 31: Particular requirements for static meters for active energy (classes 0,2 S, 0,5 S, 1 and 2)	EN 62058-31	2010





# IEC 62055-31

Edition 2.0 2022-06

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

# NORME INTERNATIONALE

**Electricity metering – Payment systems –  
Part 31: Particular requirements – Static payment meters for active energy  
(classes 0,5, 1 and 2)**

**Équipements de comptage de l'électricité – Systèmes à paiement –  
Partie 31: Exigences particulières – Compteurs statiques à paiement d'énergie  
active (classes 0,5, 1 et 2)**





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IEC 62055-31

Edition 2.0 2022-06

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# NORME INTERNATIONALE

**Electricity metering – Payment systems –  
Part 31: Particular requirements – Static payment meters for active energy  
(classes 0,5, 1 and 2)**

**Équipements de comptage de l'électricité – Systèmes à paiement –  
Partie 31: Exigences particulières – Compteurs statiques à paiement d'énergie  
active (classes 0,5, 1 et 2)**

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## INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

**ELECTRICITY METERING – PAYMENT SYSTEMS –****Part 31: Particular requirements –  
Static payment meters for active energy (classes 0,5, 1 and 2)**

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IEC 62055-31 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 13: Electrical energy measurement and control. It is an International Standard.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition published in 2005. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) Title modified.
- b) Removal of the contents of Annex C relating to the requirements for the supply control switch, and added reference to IEC 62052-31:2015 which contains the relevant requirements.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

Draft	Report on voting
13/1864/FDIS	13/1866/RVD

Full information on the voting for its approval can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The language used for the development of this International Standard is English.

This document was drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, and developed in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1 and ISO/IEC Directives, IEC Supplement, available at [www.iec.ch/members\\_experts/refdocs](http://www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs). The main document types developed by IEC are described in greater detail at [www.iec.ch/standardsdev/publications](http://www.iec.ch/standardsdev/publications).

A list of all parts in the IEC 62055 series, published under the general title *Electricity metering – Payment systems*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under [webstore.iec.ch](http://webstore.iec.ch) in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

## INTRODUCTION

Payment meters are used in situations where the supply of electrical energy to the load may be interrupted or its restoration enabled under the control of the payment meter in relation to a payment tariff agreed between the customer and the supplier. The payment meter is part of a system that uses token carriers to pass payment information as tokens between a vending network and the payment meters that include the meter accounting process.

The primary reason for this edition is to align it with the requirements introduced in IEC 62052-31:2015 metering safety standard.

The functions of a payment meter are to measure electrical energy consumed and to decrement the available credit value in accordance with the metered consumption, and possibly in accordance with the passing of time. This available credit value is incremented as the result of payments made to the electricity supplier, and the meter accounting process continuously calculates the balance of available credit held by the customer. When the available credit value has been decremented to a predetermined value that is related to the payment mode in use, a switch is used to interrupt the supply to the customer's load. However, additional features may be present in the payment meter, which prevent or delay the opening of the switch, or limit further consumption to a low load level. Such "social" features may include the provision of an emergency credit facility, the possibility of operation in a fixed-payment mode, and the inhibiting of interruptions for certain periods of time.

In return for the payment (usually in cash) and depending on the particular type of system, the customer may be issued with a single-use token on a disposable token carrier for the equivalent value, or a reusable token carrier may be credited with that value, or the token may be transmitted directly to the meter via a communications network (a so-called virtual token carrier). "One-way" and "two-way" data transfer systems may be used, and the token carriers may be: physical devices such as smart cards, or other electronic devices, or magnetic cards; virtual token carriers where the token information is transferred by a remote communications system; or numeric token carriers where sequences of digits are issued on a paper receipt and entered via a keypad on the meter.

IEC 62051:1999, Clause 17 provides some details of payment metering terminology.



## **ELECTRICITY METERING – PAYMENT SYSTEMS –**

### **Part 31: Particular requirements – Static payment meters for active energy (classes 0,5, 1 and 2)**

#### **1 Scope**

This part of IEC 62055 applies to newly manufactured, static watt-hour payment meters of accuracy classes 0,5, 1 and 2 for direct connection, for the measurement of alternating current electrical energy consumption of a frequency in the range 45 Hz to 65 Hz that include a supply control switch for the purpose of interruption or restoration of the electricity supply to the load in accordance with the current value of the available credit maintained in the payment meter. It does not apply to static watt-hour payment meters where the voltage across the connection terminals exceeds 1 000 V (line-to-line voltage for meters for polyphase systems).

It applies to payment meters for indoor application, operating under normal climatic conditions where the payment meter is mounted as for normal service (i.e. together with a specified matching socket where applicable).

Payment meters are implementations where all the main functional elements are incorporated in a single enclosure, together with any specified matching socket. There are also multi-device payment metering installations where the various main functional elements, such as the measuring element, the user interface unit, token carrier interface, and the supply control switch are implemented in more than one enclosure, involving additional interfaces.

Functional requirements that apply to payment meters are also defined in this document, and include informative basic functional requirements and tests for the prepayment mode of operation in Annex A. Allowances are made for the relatively wide range of features, options, alternatives, and implementations that may be found in practice. The diverse nature and functionality of payment meters prevent the comprehensive specification of detailed test methods for all of these requirements. However, in this case, the requirements are stated in such a way that tests can then be formulated to respect and validate the specific functionality of the payment meter being tested.

This document does not cover specific functionality or performance requirements for circuit protection, isolation or similar purposes that may be specified through reference to other specifications or standards. Safety requirements removed from Edition 1.0 have been replaced with references to the safety requirements now contained in IEC 62052-31:2015, the product safety standard for newly manufactured electricity meters. In-service safety testing (ISST) is not covered by IEC 62052-31:2015 and is left to national best practice usually as an extension of existing in-service testing (IST) of metrology stability.

This document does not cover software requirements. This document covers type-testing requirements only. For acceptance testing, the requirements given in IEC 62058-11:2008 and IEC 62058-31:2008 may be used.

Dependability aspects are addressed in the IEC 62059 series of standards. Additional reliability, availability, maintenance and life cycle aspects are provided by IEC TC 56.

This document does not cover conformity tests and system compliance tests that may be required in connection with legal or other requirements of some markets.

## 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60050-300:2001, *International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) – Part 300: Electrical and electronic measurements and measuring instruments – Part 311: General terms relating to measurements – Part 312: General terms relating to electrical measurements – Part 313: Types of electrical measuring instruments – Part 314: Specific terms according to the type of instrument*

IEC 60050-300:2001/AMD1:2015

IEC 60050-300:2001/AMD2:2016

IEC 60050-300:2001/AMD3:2017

IEC 60050-300:2001/AMD4:2020

IEC TR 62051:1999, *Electricity metering – Glossary of terms*

IEC 62052-11:2020, *Electricity metering equipment – General requirements, tests and test conditions – Part 11: Metering equipment*

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**koniec náhľadu – text ďalej pokračuje v platenej verzii STN**