

<b>STN</b>	<b>Miestne skúšky na meranie účinnosti filtrov a zariadení na celkové vetranie v závislosti od veľkosti častíc a od odporu prúdenia vzduchu (ISO 29462: 2022)</b>	<b>STN EN ISO 29462</b>  12 5322
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Field testing of general ventilation filtration devices and systems for in situ removal efficiency by particle size and resistance to airflow (ISO 29462:2022)

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy.  
This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

Táto norma bola oznámená vo Vestníku ÚNMS SR č. 11/22

Obsahuje: EN ISO 29462:2022, ISO 29462:2022

Oznámením tejto normy sa ruší  
STN EN ISO 29462 (12 5322) z augusta 2013



EUROPEAN STANDARD  
NORME EUROPÉENNE  
EUROPÄISCHE NORM

**EN ISO 29462**

August 2022

ICS 91.140.30

Supersedes EN ISO 29462:2013

English Version

**Field testing of general ventilation filtration devices and  
systems for in situ removal efficiency by particle size and  
resistance to airflow (ISO 29462:2022)**

Essais in situ de filtres et systèmes de ventilation  
générale pour la mesure de l'efficacité en fonction de la  
taille des particules et de la résistance à l'écoulement  
de l'air (ISO 29462:2022)

Betriebserprobung von Filtereinrichtungen und -  
systemen für die allgemeine Lüftung hinsichtlich ihrer  
Abscheideeffizienz im eingebauten Zustand bezogen  
auf die Partikelgröße und den Druckverlust (ISO  
29462:2022)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 22 July 2022.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION  
COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION  
EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

**CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels**

**EN ISO 29462:2022 (E)**

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## **European foreword**

This document (EN ISO 29462:2022) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 142 "Cleaning equipment for air and other gases" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 195 "Cleaning equipment for air and other gases" the secretariat of which is held by UNI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by February 2023, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by February 2023.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN ISO 29462:2013.

Any feedback and questions on this document should be directed to the users' national standards body/national committee. A complete listing of these bodies can be found on the CEN website.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Türkiye and the United Kingdom.

## **Endorsement notice**

The text of ISO 29462:2022 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 29462:2022 without any modification.



# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

**ISO**  
**29462**

Second edition  
2022-07

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## **Field testing of general ventilation filtration devices and systems for in situ removal efficiency by particle size and resistance to airflow**

*Essais in situ de filtres et systèmes de ventilation générale pour la  
mesure de l'efficacité en fonction de la taille des particules et de la  
résistance à l'écoulement de l'air*



Reference number  
ISO 29462:2022(E)

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## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see [www.iso.org/directives](http://www.iso.org/directives)).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see [www.iso.org/patents](http://www.iso.org/patents)).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see [www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html](http://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html).

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 142, *Cleaning equipment for air and other gases*, in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 195, *Cleaning equipment for air and other gases*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 29462:2013), which has been technically revised.

The main changes are as follows:

- [subclause 4.2](#) has been modified;
- some editorial corrections have been made.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at [www.iso.org/members.html](http://www.iso.org/members.html).

## ISO 29462:2022(E)

### Introduction

The purpose of this document is to provide a test procedure for evaluating the in situ performances of general ventilation filtration devices and systems. Although any filter with a filtration efficiency at or above 99 % or at or below 30 % when measured at 0,4  $\mu\text{m}$  can theoretically be tested using this document, it can be difficult to achieve statically acceptable results for these type of filtration devices.

Supply air to the heating, ventilation and air-conditioning (HVAC) system contains viable and non-viable particles of a broad size range. Over time these particles cause problems for fans, heat exchangers and other system parts, decreasing their function and increasing energy consumption and maintenance. For health issues, the fine particles ( $< 2,5 \mu\text{m}$ ) are the most detrimental.

Particles in the 0,3  $\mu\text{m}$  to 5,0  $\mu\text{m}$  size range are typically measured by particle counters that can determine the concentration of particles in specific size ranges. These instruments are commercially available and determine particle size along with the concentration level by several techniques (e.g. light scattering, electrical mobility separation, or aerodynamic drag). Devices based on light scattering are currently the most convenient and commonly used instruments for this type of measurement and are therefore the type of device used within this document.

Particles in the size range 1,0  $\mu\text{m}$  to 5,0  $\mu\text{m}$  are present in low numbers (less than 1 %, by count) in outdoor and supply air and have higher sampling-system losses. Results in the range  $> 1,0 \mu\text{m}$  therefore have lower accuracy and should be interpreted accordingly.

During in situ measurement conditions, the optical properties of the particles can differ from the optical properties of the particles used for calibrating the particle counter and testing it in the laboratory. Thus the particle counter can size the particles differently but count the overall number of particles correctly.

By adding an extra reference filter, the effect of varying measuring conditions can be reduced. Additionally, using this enhanced test method, the results can be used to correct the measured efficiencies in relation to the efficiency of the reference filter measured in laboratory using a standardized test aerosol.

The results from using the standard method or the enhanced method give both users and manufacturers a better knowledge of actual filter and installation properties.

It is important to note that field measurements generally result in larger uncertainties in the results compared to laboratory measurements. Field measurements can produce uncertainty from temporal and spatial variability in particle concentrations, from limitations on sampling locations due to air handling unit configurations, and from the use of field instrumentation. These factors can result in lower accuracy and precision in the calculated fractional efficiencies compared to laboratory measurements. This document is intended to provide a practical method in which the accuracy and precision of the result are maximized (and the precision of the result quantified) by recommending appropriate sampling locations, sample quantities, and instrumentation. This document is not intended to serve as a filter performance rating method. The results obtained from the test method described in this document do not replace those obtained through tests conducted in the laboratory.

# Field testing of general ventilation filtration devices and systems for in situ removal efficiency by particle size and resistance to airflow

## 1 Scope

This document describes a procedure for measuring the performance of general ventilation air cleaning devices in their end use installed configuration. The performance measurements include removal efficiency by particle size and the resistance to airflow. The test procedures include the definition and reporting of the system airflow.

The procedure describes a method of counting ambient air particles of 0,3 µm to 5,0 µm upstream and downstream of the in-place air cleaner(s) in a functioning air handling system. The procedure describes the reduction of particle counter data to calculate removal efficiency by particle size.

Since filter installations vary dramatically in design and shape, a protocol for evaluating the suitability of a site for filter evaluation and for system evaluation is included. When the evaluated site conditions meet the minimum criteria established for system evaluation, the performance evaluation of the system can also be performed according to this procedure.

This document also describes performance specifications for the testing equipment and defines procedures for calculating and reporting the results. This document is not intended for measuring performance of portable or movable room air cleaners or for evaluation of filter installations with an expected filtration efficiency at or above 99 % or at or below 30 % when measured at 0,4 µm.

## 2 Normative references

There are no normative references in this document.

**koniec náhľadu – text ďalej pokračuje v platenej verzii STN**