## STN

Kovové a iné anorganické povlaky Súčasné stanovenie hrúbky a elektródového potenciálu jednotlivých vrstiev viacvrstvových povlakov niklu (skúška STEP) (ISO 16866: 2020)

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Metallic and other inorganic coatings - Simultaneous thickness and electrode potential determination of individual layers in multilayer nickel deposits (STEP test) (ISO 16866:2020)

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy. This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

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Metallic and other inorganic coatings - Simultaneous thickness and electrode potential determination of individual layers in multilayer nickel deposits (STEP test) (ISO 16866:2020)

Revêtements métalliques et autres revêtements inorganiques - Détermination simultanée de l'épaisseur et du potentiel d'électrode de couches individuelles dans des dépôts de nickel multicouches (essai STEP) (ISO 16866:2020) Metallische und andere anorganische Überzüge -Schichtpotentialmessung von galvanischen Mehrfach-Nickelschichtsystemen (STEP-Test) (ISO 16866:2020)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 30 October 2022.

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EN ISO 16866:2022 (E)

#### **European foreword**

The text of ISO 16866:2020 has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 107 "Metallic and other inorganic coatings" of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) and has been taken over as EN ISO 16866:2022 by Technical Committee CEN/TC 262 "Metallic and other inorganic coatings, including for corrosion protection and corrosion testing of metals and alloys" the secretariat of which is held by BSI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by May 2023, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by May 2023.

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#### **Endorsement notice**

The text of ISO 16866:2020 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 16866:2022 without any modification.

## INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 16866

First edition 2020-10

#### Metallic and other inorganic coatings — Simultaneous thickness and electrode potential determination of individual layers in multilayer nickel deposits (STEP test)

Revêtements métalliques et autres revêtements inorganiques — Détermination simultanée de l'épaisseur et du potentiel d'électrode de couches individuelles dans des dépôts de nickel multicouches (essai STEP)





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#### **Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see <a href="www.iso.org/directives">www.iso.org/directives</a>).

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For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see <a href="https://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html">www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html</a>.

This document was prepared by the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) (as EN 16866:2017) and was adopted, without modification, by Technical Committee ISO/TC 107, *Metallic and other inorganic coatings*.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at <a href="https://www.iso.org/members.html">www.iso.org/members.html</a>.

#### Introduction

The abbreviated term "STEP" represents "Simultaneous Thickness and Electrode Potential determination".

The STEP test can be used to measure, in one single operating step, the parameters (thickness of the individual nickel layers and the potential differences among them) relevant for the course of corrosion in a multilayer nickel system. Provided suitable instruments are applied, it can also be used to document them.

The test is a modification of the well-known coulometric method for the measurement of the coating thickness. This method takes advantage of the fact that, following the anodic dissolution of a nickel coating, a potential jump takes place of which the magnitude can be measured against a reference electrode.

Although, nowadays, the STEP test has been incorporated into a number of company standards, particularly in the automobile industry, there are currently no uniform and generally acknowledged potential difference values available. At present, values between 80 mV and 150 mV are assumed for double nickel layers, with the semi-bright nickel layer always being nobler than the bright one.

Likewise, no obligatory numerical values are available, currently, regarding the potential difference between bright nickel layers and existing special nickel layers (e.g. in the case of micro-porous chromium plating). According to the current practical experience, the potential difference is larger than approximately 20 mV, with the bright nickel layer always having to be less noble than the special nickel layer.

# Metallic and other inorganic coatings — Simultaneous thickness and electrode potential determination of individual layers in multilayer nickel deposits (STEP test)

#### 1 Scope

This document specifies a method for measuring the thickness of the individual nickel layers in electroplated multilayer nickel coatings and measuring the potential differences between the individual nickel layers in electroplated multilayer nickel coatings.

The measurement of coatings or layer systems other than electroplated multilayer nickel coatings is outside the scope of this document.

#### 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 2177, Metallic coatings — Measurement of coating thickness — Coulometric method by anodic dissolution

ISO 3696, Water for analytical laboratory use — Specification and test methods

koniec náhľadu – text ďalej pokračuje v platenej verzii STN