

<b>STN</b>	<b>Elektromagnetická kompatibilita (EMC), norma na rádiové zariadenia a služby</b> <b>Časť 3: Osobitné podmienky na zariadenia s krátkym dosahom (SRD) prevádzkované na frekvenciách medzi 9 kHz a 246 GHz</b> <b>Harmonizovaná norma pre elektromagnetickú kompatibilitu</b>	<b>STN</b> <b>EN 301 489-3</b> <b>V2.3.2</b>  87 1489
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ElectroMagnetic Compatibility (EMC) standard for radio equipment and services; Part 3: Specific conditions for Short Range Devices (SRD) operating on frequencies between 9 kHz and 246 GHz; Harmonised Standard for ElectroMagnetic Compatibility

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy.  
This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

Táto norma bola oznámená vo Vestníku ÚNMS SR č. 04/23

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# ETSI EN 301 489-3 V2.3.2 (2023-01)



**ElectroMagnetic Compatibility (EMC)  
standard for radio equipment and services;  
Part 3: Specific conditions for  
Short Range Devices (SRD)  
operating on frequencies between 9 kHz and 246 GHz;  
Harmonised Standard for ElectroMagnetic Compatibility**

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# Foreword

This Harmonised European Standard (EN) has been produced by ETSI Technical Committee Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM).

The present document has been prepared under the Commission's standardisation request C(2015) 5376 final [i.5] to provide one voluntary means of conforming to the essential requirements of Directive 2014/53/EU on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States relating to the making available on the market of radio equipment and repealing Directive 1999/5/EC [i.2].

Once the present document is cited in the Official Journal of the European Union under that Directive, compliance with the normative clauses of the present document given in Table A.1 confers, within the limits of the scope of the present document, a presumption of conformity with the corresponding essential requirements of that Directive and associated EFTA regulations.

The present document is part 3 of a multi-part deliverable. Full details of the entire series can be found in part 1 [1]. A guide to using the series can be found in ETSI TR 103 088 [i.4].

National transposition dates	
Date of adoption of this EN:	23 January 2023
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## Modal verbs terminology

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## Introduction

The product family of Short Range Devices covers a wide range of equipment types, which may have different sets of performance criteria set out in the relevant radio standards and/or product standards.

The present document is intended for all SRD types and applies a standard set of performance criteria. This includes the requirement that the equipment continues to operate as intended under certain standardized conditions of EMC stress.

The term "Short Range Device" (SRD) is intended to cover the radio equipment which provides either uni-directional or bi-directional communication and which have low capability of causing interference to other radio equipment. SRDs use either integral, dedicated or external antennas and all modes of modulation can be permitted subject to relevant standards. For Short Range Devices individual licenses are normally not required.



# 1 Scope

The present document covers the assessment of Short Range Devices (SRD) operating in the frequency range 9 kHz to 246 GHz in respect of ElectroMagnetic Compatibility (EMC).

The present document specifies the applicable test conditions, performance assessment, and performance criteria for Short Range Devices (SRD) and the associated ancillary equipment.

The present document applies to the categories of SRD listed in Table 1 with the exception that the present document does not apply to devices for which a product specific harmonised EMC standard is available.

NOTE 1: The entries in Table 1 of the present document are based on the Decision (EU) 2019/1345 [i.1], Table 1.

**Table 1: Categories of short range device**

Category of Short Range Devices	Scope of the category
Non-specific SRD	Covers all kinds of radio devices, regardless of the application or their purpose, which fulfil the technical conditions as specified for a given frequency band. Typical uses include telemetry, telecommand, alarms, data transmissions in general and other applications. (See note 1.)
Active medical implant devices (See note 2)	Covers the radio part of active implantable medical devices that are intended to be fully or partially introduced, surgically or medically, into the human body or that of an animal, and where applicable their peripherals. Active implantable medical devices are defined in Council Directive 90/385/EEC [i.3].
Assistive Listening Devices (ALDs) (See note 2)	Covers radio communications systems that allow persons with hearing impairment to increase their listening capability. Typical system installations include one or more radio transmitters and one or more radio receivers.
High duty cycle/continuous transmission devices	Covers radio devices that rely on low latency and high duty cycle transmissions. These devices are typically used for personal wireless audio and multimedia streaming systems used for combined audio/video transmissions and audio/video sync signals, mobile phones, automotive or home entertainment system, wireless microphones, cordless loudspeakers, cordless headphones, radio devices carried on a person, assistive listening devices, in-ear monitoring, wireless microphones for use at concerts or other stage productions, and low power analogue FM transmitters.
Inductive devices	Covers radio devices that use magnetic fields with inductive loop systems for near field communications. This typically includes devices for car immobilisation, animal identification, alarm systems, cable detection, waste management, personal identification, wireless voice links, access control, proximity sensors, anti-theft systems as well as RF anti-theft induction systems, data transfer to hand-held devices, automatic article identification, wireless control systems and automatic road tolling.
Low duty cycle/high reliability devices	Covers radio devices that rely on low overall spectrum utilization and low duty cycle spectrum access rules to ensure highly reliable spectrum access and transmissions in shared bands. Typical applications include alarm systems that use radio communication for indicating an alert condition at a distant location and social alarm systems that allow reliable communication for a person in distress.
Medical data acquisition devices (See note 2)	Covers the transmission of non-voice data to and from non-implantable medical devices in order to monitor, diagnose and treat patients in healthcare facilities or in their homes as prescribed by duly authorized healthcare professionals.
PMR446 devices	Covers hand portable equipment (without base station or repeater use) carried on a person or manually operated, which uses integral antennas only in order to maximize sharing and minimize interference. PMR446 equipment operates in short-range peer-to-peer mode and excludes use either as a part of infrastructure network or as a repeater.
Radio determination devices (See note 2)	Covers radio devices used for determining the position, velocity and/or other characteristics of an object, or for obtaining information relating to these parameters. Radio determination equipment typically conducts measurements to obtain such characteristics. Radio determination devices exclude any kind of point-to-point or point-to-multipoint radio communications.

Category of Short Range Devices	Scope of the category
Radio Frequency Identification (RFID) devices	Covers tag/interrogator based radio communications systems, consisting of: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i) radio devices (tags) attached to animate or inanimate items; and</li> <li>ii) transmitter/receiver units (interrogators) which activate the tags and receive data back.</li> </ol> Typical applications include the tracking and identification of items, for instance for the purpose of Electronic Article Surveillance (EAS), and collecting and transmitting data relating to the items to which tags are attached, which may be either battery-less, battery assisted or battery powered. The responses from a tag are validated by its interrogator and passed to its host system.
Transport and traffic telematics devices	Covers radio devices that are used in the fields of transport (road, rail, water or air, depending on the relevant technical restrictions), traffic management, navigation, mobility management and in Intelligent Transport Systems (ITS). Typical applications include interfaces between different modes of transport, communication between vehicles (e.g. car to car), between vehicles and fixed locations (e.g. car to infrastructure) as well as communication from and to users.
Wideband data transmission devices (See note 2)	Covers radio devices that use wideband modulation techniques to access the spectrum. Typical uses include Wireless Access Systems such as Radio Local Area Networks (WAS/RLANs) or wideband SRDs in data networks.
NOTE 1: The Annex of the Decision (EU) 2019/1345 [i.1] lists the frequency bands and associated conditions harmonised in the EU. There may be variations in individual countries.	
NOTE 2: A product specific harmonised EMC standard may be applicable for some devices and should be used in preference to the present document.	

Technical specifications related to the antenna port of radio equipment and radiated emissions from the enclosure port of the radio equipment are not included in the present document. Such technical specifications are normally found in the relevant product standards for the effective use of the radio spectrum.

Emissions requirements in the present document are only specified for frequencies above 9 kHz.

The environmental classification and the emission and immunity requirements used in the present document are as stated in ETSI EN 301 489-1 [1], except for any special conditions included in the present document.

NOTE 2: The relationship between the present document and essential requirements of article 3.1(b) of Directive 2014/53/EU [i.2] is given in annex A.

## 2 References

### 2.1 Normative references

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

Referenced documents which are not found to be publicly available in the expected location might be found at <https://docbox.etsi.org/Reference/>.

NOTE: While any hyperlinks included in this clause were valid at the time of publication, ETSI cannot guarantee their long term validity.

The following referenced documents are necessary for the application of the present document.

- [1] ETSI EN 301 489-1 (V2.2.3) (11-2019): "ElectroMagnetic Compatibility (EMC) standard for radio equipment and services; Part 1: Common technical requirements; Harmonised Standard for ElectroMagnetic Compatibility".
- [2] Void.
- [3] Void.

- [4] EN 61000-4-4 (2012): "Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 4-4: Testing and measurement techniques - Electrical fast transient/burst immunity test" (produced by CENELEC).

## 2.2 Informative references

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

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The following referenced documents are not necessary for the application of the present document but they assist the user with regard to a particular subject area.

- [i.1] Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2019/1345 of 2 August 2019 amending Decision 2006/771/EC updating harmonised technical conditions in the area of radio spectrum use for short-range devices.
- [i.2] Directive 2014/53/EU of the European Parliament and of the council of 16 April 2014 on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States relating to the making available on the market of radio equipment and repealing Directive 1999/5/EC.
- [i.3] Council Directive 90/385/EEC of 20 June 1990 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to active implantable medical devices (OJ L 189, 20.7.1990, p. 17).
- [i.4] ETSI TR 103 088: "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Using the EN 301 489 series of EMC standards".
- [i.5] Commission Implementing Decision C(2015) 5376 final of 4.8.2015 on a standardisation request to the European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardisation and to the European Telecommunications Standards Institute as regards radio equipment in support of Directive 2014/53/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council.
- [i.6] ETSI EN 300 220-1 (V3.1.1) (02-2017): "Short Range Devices (SRD) operating in the frequency range 25 MHz to 1 000 MHz; Part 1: Technical characteristics and methods of measurement".

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