

Geografické informácie Metadáta Časť 3: Implementácia XML schémy pre základné koncepty (ISO 19115-3: 2023)

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Geographic information - Metadata - Part 3: XML schema implementation for fundamental concepts (ISO 19115-3:2023)

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European foreword

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Geographic information — Metadata —

Part 3:

XML schema implementation for fundamental concepts

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 211, *Geographic information/Geomatics*, in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 287, *Geographic Information*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This first edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO/TS 19115-3:2016), which has been technically revised.

The main changes are as follows:

- cross-references to other documents have been updated; in particular, ISO 19139:2007 has been updated to ISO/TS 19139-1:2019;
- components have been reallocated to the relevant primary International Standards, notably ISO 19115-1:2014, ISO 19115-2:2019 and ISO 19103:2015;
- additional packages and namespaces derived by the aggregation of packages defined in ISO 19115-1:2014 and ISO 19115-2:2009¹⁾ have been removed;
- tables have been consolidated in order to reduce repetition of information and to collocate information concerning requirements, conformance tests and the clauses to which they refer;
- elements in the XML schemas for ISO 19115-1:2014 and ISO 19115-2:2019 have been reordered in order to align with the order of attributes in the associated data dictionaries. Appropriate XML stylesheets (XSLT) have been generated to assist in the transformation of XML records from records conforming to previous versions of the schemas. The conceptual models in the HMMG have been

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¹⁾ Cancelled and replaced by ISO 19115-2:2019.

augmented to include the attribute ordering as set out in the data dictionaries in ISO 19115-1:2014 plus ISO 19115-1:2014/Amd 1:2018 and ISO 19115-1:2014/Amd 2:2020 and ISO 19115-2:2019.

A list of all parts in the ISO 19115 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Introduction

0.1 Metadata models for geographic information resources

ISO 19115-1 and ISO 19115-2 collectively provide conceptual models that describe geographic information resources. These models represent metadata of geographic information resources.

ISO 19115-1 explains the importance of metadata, specifies a model for describing geographic information resources by defining metadata entities, elements and terminology, and establishing an extension procedure for additional metadata content. It also incorporates metadata elements describing web services defined in ISO 19119:2005 2 and ISO 19119:2005/Amd 1:2008 3), where those elements are no longer included in ISO 19119:2016 as they have been supplanted by more detailed metadata elements for geographic data types and data quality defined in other ISO geographic information standards (e.g. ISO 19110:2016 and ISO 19157:2013).

NOTE ISO 19115-1:2014, Annex G describes the revisions from ISO 19115:2003⁴).

ISO 19115-2 extends ISO 19115-1 by adding models for acquisition information and extending the models for metadata (MD_Metadata), data quality (DQ_DataQuality, now in ISO 19157:2013), spatial representation (MD_SpatialRepresentation), and content information (MD_ContentInformation).

0.2 XML encoding of metadata models

As ISO 19115-1 and ISO 19115-2 define conceptual models for metadata content, these models are independent of any particular encoding scheme. To use these models in XML requires the development of an XML encoding that implements the conceptual models.

In the past, ISO 19115:2003, the predecessor of ISO 19115-1 and ISO 19115-2, has been provided with an XML encoding defined by ISO/TS 19139: 2007^{5}) and ISO/TS 19139- 22012^{6} , called "gmd".

With the advent of ISO 19115-1 and ISO 19115-2, a new XML encoding is needed. This document fulfils that role by providing integrated XML schemas for ISO 19115-1 and ISO 19115-2 metadata content, effectively replacing ISO/TS 19139:2007 and ISO/TS 19139-2:2012.

0.3 Integrated schemas

The integrated schemas provided by this document make it possible to use concepts from ISO 19115-1:2014 and ISO 19115-2:2019 together in metadata instance documents, and enable automated validation and interchange of metadata content using standard software tools.

The integrated schemas have been derived from ISO 19115-1 and ISO 19115-2 conceptual models using the rules defined in ISO/TS 19139-1:2019 applied to an adapted implementation-ready UML version of the conceptual models as described in <u>Clause 10</u>. The implementation approach enables modularization and eases reuse of elements of the conceptual models.

Abstract classes were added to the ISO geographic information harmonized model, without altering the semantics, to create an implementation model that was used for this XML implementation (see <u>Clause 10</u> for details).

0.4 Intent and usage

The primary use case envisioned for this XML implementation is the exchange of geographic metadata in a client-server environment exemplified by the World Wide Web, in which the internal management

²⁾ Cancelled and replaced by ISO 19119:2016.

³⁾ Cancelled and replaced by ISO 19119:2016.

⁴⁾ Cancelled and replaced by ISO 19115-1:2014.

⁵⁾ Cancelled and replaced by ISO/TS 19139-1:2019.

⁶⁾ Withdrawn.

and structure of metadata content is independent of the encoding used for the exchange of metadata information.

Adoption of this geographic metadata XML schema within an information-sharing community will garner the benefits of standardization for resource discovery, access, use and understanding.

Geographic information — **Metadata** —

Part 3:

XML schema implementation for fundamental concepts

1 Scope

This document defines an integrated XML implementation of ISO 19115-1 and ISO 19115-2 by defining the following artefacts:

- a set of XML schema required to validate metadata instance documents conforming to conceptual model elements defined in ISO 19115-1 and ISO 19115-2; and
- a set of ISO/IEC 19757-3 (Schematron) rules that implement validation constraints in the ISO 19115-1 and ISO 19115-2 UML models that are not validated by the XML schema.

This document describes the procedure used to generate XML schemas from ISO geographic information conceptual models related to metadata. The XML schemas are generated directly from the conceptual UML model (8.5).

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 19103:2015, Geographic information — Conceptual schema language

ISO 19110:2016, Geographic information — Methodology for feature cataloguing

ISO 19115-1:2014, Geographic information — Metadata — Part 1: Fundamentals

ISO 19115-1:2014/Amd 1:2018, Geographic information — Metadata — Part 1: Fundamentals — Amendment 1

ISO 19115-1:2014/Amd 2:2020, Geographic information — Metadata — Part 1: Fundamentals — Amendment 2

ISO 19115-2:2019, Geographic information — Metadata — Part 2: Extensions for acquisition and processing

ISO 19136-1:2020, Geographic information — Geography Markup Language (GML) — Part 1: Fundamentals

ISO/TS 19139-1:2019, Geographic information — XML schema implementation — Part 1: Encoding rules

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