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Secure storage units - Classification for high security locks according to their resistance to unauthorized opening

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy.
This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

Táto norma bola oznámená vo Vestníku ÚNMS SR č. 12/23

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English Version

Secure storage units - Classification for high security locks according to their resistance to unauthorized opening

Unités de stockage en lieu sûr - Classification des
serrures haute sécurité en fonction de leur résistance à
l'effraction

Wertbehältnisse - Klassifizierung von
Hochsicherheitsschlössern nach ihrem
Widerstandswert gegen unbefugtes Öffnen

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 16 July 2023.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION
COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION
EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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EN 1300:2023 (E)

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EN 1300:2023 (E)**European foreword**

This document (EN 1300:2023) has been prepared by Technical Committee CEN/TC 263 “Secure storage of cash, valuables and data media”, the secretariat of which is held by BSI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by March 2024 and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by March 2024.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN 1300:2018.

EN 1300:2023 includes the following significant technical changes with respect to EN 1300:2018:

General changes:

- editorial changes in the Scope;
- references have been updated in Clause 2;
- definitions in Clause 3 have been added (opening event, opening related event, relevant audit information, non relevant audit information, character). Other definitions have been updated (one time code, locked door, secured HSL condition, fail secure, penalty time, authentication, firmware);
- requirements have been added for the used clocks (see 8.2.2.2.1 and 8.2.3.2.1);
- requirements have been added that the test report shall include any deviations from the procedure and unusual features observed (see Clause 9);
- Annex C and Annex F have been changed from normative to informative;
- editorial changes for clarification in 5.1.4.5, 5.1.5.1, 5.1.5.3, 5.2.1, 5.2.6.5, 5.2.3.1, 5.2.7, 8.1.3, 8.2.1.4, 8.2.2.1, 8.2.2.3, 8.2.2.5, 8.2.4.3.2, 8.2.6.2.5, 8.2.6.3.1, 8.2.6.3.2, 8.2.6.3.3, 10, A.2b), B.2.2, B.2.4, Annex G, Figure 1, Table 1 and Table 2.

Technical changes for any type of lock:

- requirement for indication of blocking status (5.1.2.5 and Annex A) has been updated;
- test requirement has been changed from “normal condition” to “operating condition” in several clauses (see 5.2.8.1, 5.2.8.2, 8.2.5.1, 8.2.5.2, 5.3.1, 5.3.3, 8.2.6.1, 8.2.6.3.2, 8.2.6.3.3, 8.2.7.1, 8.2.7.2, 8.3.1.1, 8.3.1.4, 8.3.2.1, 8.3.2.3 and 8.3.3.1);
- number of test specimens has changed from four to seven (see 7.1);
- the manipulation tool “personal computer” has now been classified with 0 basic units (with standard software) and with 25 basic units (with lock specific manipulation software), see Table 4.

Changes for mechanical combination locks:

- a dynamic code entry requirement was added (see 5.3.4) that corresponds to the already existing test requirement in 8.3.3.

Technical changes for electronic locks:

- removal of requirements regarding distributed systems into the European Standard EN 17646 (see Clause 1, 5.2.5.2, 5.2.5.4, Annex A, Annex F);
- raising encryption requirements for contactless electronic tokens for class B (from 64 bits to 128 bits, see 5.1.7.2.3) and for all classes, if the range is more than 15 cm (shall be tested according to EN 17646, see 5.1.7.2.1);
- Clause 5.1.7.2.4 is now also applicable for contacted electronic tokens (5.1.7.3);
- new minimum requirements for recording events (see 5.1.6.2);
- updating requirements for local firmware updates (see 5.1.8);
- adding tolerance for usable codes for electronic locks (see Table 1);
- including new requirements for the manipulation of electronic locks and mechanical locks with electronic components 5.2.5.4, 8.2.2.1, Table 4 and Annex B;
- updating of power supply tests: raising current from 220 V to an effective value of 230 V (AC) and changing it to 60 V (DC), re-structuring of the clauses for better reading, changing checking time from 12 h to 24 h, adding test requirements for electronic HSL with separate processing unit not included in the locking device used in secure cabinets (see 5.1.6.8, 5.2.6.1, 5.2.6.2, 8.2.5.3, 8.2.5.4 and Annex E);
- updates in 5.1.6.6 and 5.1.6.7.

This document has been prepared by the Working Group 3 of CEN/TC 263 as one of a series of standards for secure storage of cash valuable and data media. Other standards in the series are, among others:

- EN 1047-1, *Secure storage units — Classification and methods of test for resistance to fire — Part 1: Data cabinets and diskette inserts*
- EN 1047-2, *Secure storage units — Classification and methods of test for resistance to fire — Part 2: Data rooms and data container*
- EN 1143-1, *Secure storage units — Requirements, classification and methods of test for resistance to burglary — Part 1: Safes, ATM safes, strongroom doors and strongrooms*
- EN 1143-2, *Secure storage units — Requirements, classification and methods of test for resistance to burglary — Part 2: Deposit systems*
- EN 14450, *Secure storage units — Requirements, classification and methods of test for resistance to burglary — Secure safe cabinets*

Any feedback and questions on this document should be directed to the users' national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found on the CEN website.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Türkiye and the United Kingdom.

EN 1300:2023 (E)**1 Scope**

This document specifies requirements for high security locks (HSL) for reliability, resistance to burglary and manipulation with methods of testing. It also provides a scheme for classifying HSL in accordance with their assessed resistance to burglary and unauthorized opening.

It is applicable to mechanical and electronic HSL. For electronic locks used in a distributed system, see EN 17646 for further information.

The following features can be included as optional subjects but they are not mandatory:

- a) recognized code for preventing code altering and/or enabling/disabling parallel codes;
- b) recognized code for disabling time set up;
- c) integration of alarm components or functions;
- d) resistance to attacks with acids;
- e) resistance to X-rays;
- f) resistance to explosives;
- g) time functions.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

EN 1143-1, *Secure storage units - Requirements, classification and methods of test for resistance to burglary - Part 1: Safes, ATM safes, strongroom doors and strongrooms*

EN 1143-2, *Secure storage units - Requirements, classification and methods of tests for resistance to burglary - Part 2: Deposit systems*

EN 14450, *Secure storage units - Requirements, classification and methods of test for resistance to burglary - Secure safe cabinets*

EN 17646, *Secure storage units - Classification for high security locks according to their resistance to unauthorized opening - Distributed systems*

EN 60068-2-1, *Environmental testing - Part 2-1: Tests - Test A: Cold (IEC 60068-2-1)*

EN 60068-2-2, *Environmental testing - Part 2-2: Tests - Test B: Dry heat (IEC 60068-2-2)*

EN 60068-2-6, *Environmental testing - Part 2-6: Tests - Test Fc: Vibration (sinusoidal) (IEC 60068-2-6)*

EN 61000-4-2, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 4-2: Testing and measurement techniques - Electrostatic discharge immunity test (IEC 61000-4-2)*

EN IEC 61000-4-3, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 4-3: Testing and measurement techniques - Radiated, radio-frequency, electromagnetic field immunity test (IEC 61000-4-3)*

EN 61000-4-5, *Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Part 4-5: Testing and measurement techniques - Surge immunity test (IEC 61000-4-5)*

EN ISO 22479, *Corrosion of metals and alloys - Sulfur dioxide test in a humid atmosphere (fixed gas method) (ISO 22479)*

ISO/IEC 9798-2, *IT Security techniques - Entity authentication - Part 2: Mechanisms using authenticated encryption*

ISO/IEC 9798-4, *Information technology - Security techniques - Entity authentication - Part 4: Mechanisms using a cryptographic check function*

NIST/SP 800-57, *Recommendation for Key Management - Part 1: General*

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