STN	Jemná keramika (špeciálna keramika, špeciálna technická keramika) Stanovenie teplotnej vodivosti monolitickej keramiky metódou záblesku (ISO 18755: 2022)	STN EN ISO 18755
		72 7512

Fine ceramics (advanced ceramics, advanced technical ceramics) - Determination of thermal diffusivity of monolithic ceramics by flash method (ISO 18755:2022)

Táto norma obsahuje anglickú verziu európskej normy. This standard includes the English version of the European Standard.

Táto norma bola oznámená vo Vestníku ÚNMS SR č. 12/23

Obsahuje: EN ISO 18755:2023, ISO 18755:2022

Oznámením tejto normy sa ruší STN EN 821-2 (72 7512) z októbra 2000

137927

Úrad pre normalizáciu, metrológiu a skúšobníctvo Slovenskej republiky, 2024

Slovenská technická norma a technická normalizačná informácia je chránená zákonom č. 60/2018 Z. z. o technickej normalizácii v znení neskorších predpisov.

EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

EN ISO 18755

October 2023

ICS 81.060.30

Supersedes EN 821-2:1997

English Version

Fine ceramics (advanced ceramics, advanced technical ceramics) - Determination of thermal diffusivity of monolithic ceramics by flash method (ISO 18755:2022)

Céramiques techniques - Détermination de la diffusivité thermique des céramiques monolithiques par la méthode flash (ISO 18755:2022) Hochleistungskeramik - Bestimmung der Temperaturleitfähigkeit monolithischer Keramik mit dem Laserflash-Verfahren (ISO 18755:2022)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 22 October 2023.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Türkiye and United Kingdom.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

© 2023 CEN All rights of exploitation in any form and by any means reserved worldwide for CEN national Members.

Ref. No. EN ISO 18755:2023 E

EN ISO 18755:2023 (E)

EN ISO 18755:2023 (E)

European foreword

The text of ISO 18755:2022 has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 206 "Fine ceramics" of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) and has been taken over as EN ISO 18755:2023 by Technical Committee CEN/TC 184 "Advanced technical ceramics" the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by April 2024, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by April 2024.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN 821-2:1997.

Any feedback and questions on this document should be directed to the users' national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found on the CEN website.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Türkiye and the United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 18755:2022 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 18755:2023 without any modification.

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 18755

Second edition 2022-12

Fine ceramics (advanced ceramics, advanced technical ceramics) — Determination of thermal diffusivity of monolithic ceramics by flash method

Céramiques techniques — Détermination de la diffusivité thermique des céramiques monolithiques par la méthode flash



Reference number ISO 18755:2022(E)

ISO 18755:2022(E)



COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT

© ISO 2022

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, or required in the context of its implementation, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8 CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva Phone: +41 22 749 01 11 Email: copyright@iso.org Website: www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

ISO 18755:2022(E)

Page

Contents

Forew	rd	iv	
1	cope	1	
2	ormative references	1	
3	erms and definitions		
4	pparatus		
т	.1 General		
	.2 Specimen holder		
	.3 Flash source		
	.4 Thermometer for measuring steady-state temperature of the specimen		
	.5 Detector for measuring transient temperature rise of rear face of the specimen	5	
	.6 Environment for measurements		
	.7 Temperature control unit	5	
	.8 Data acquisition unit	5	
5	pecimen	5	
	1 Shape and dimension of specimens		
	.2 Density of the specimen	6	
	.3 Coating on the specimen	6	
	.4 Reference specimen	6	
6	leasurement procedure	6	
	.1 Measurement of specimen thickness		
	.2 Surface treatment		
	.3 Determination of the flash time of the laser or light pulse and the chronological		
	profile of the laser or light pulse		
	.4 Temperature and atmosphere control		
	.5 Stability of specimen temperature		
	.6 Energy of pulse heating		
	 .7 Measurement temperature .8 Record 		
7	ata analysis	7	
	1 Calculation based on the half-rise-time method		
	2 Criteria for applicability of the half-rise-time method		
8	leasurement report	10	
Annex	(informative) Principle of flash thermal diffusivity measurements	13	
Anney	(normative) Correction for non-ideal initial and boundary conditions	.14	
Annex	C (informative) Data analysis algorithms to calculate thermal diffusivity		
	rom observed transient temperature curve under non-ideal initial and oundary conditions	.21	
Annex	(informative) Other error factors	23	
Annex	(informative) Procedure to determine intrinsic thermal diffusivity	.29	
Annex	(informative) Reference data and reference materials of thermal diffusivity	.32	
Annex	(informative) Evaluation of specific heat capacity and thermal conductivity	.34	
Annex H (informative) Example data including precision and uncertainty up to high			
	emperature	.36	
Biblio	aphy	.39	

ISO 18755:2022(E)

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 206, *Fine ceramics*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 18755:2005), which has been technically revised.

The main changes are as follows:

- a change of title and scope to enable the use of flash lamps to generate the energy pulse;
- the addition of three new informative annexes: one dealing with the determination of the intrinsic thermal diffusivity; the second with the determination of specific heat and thermal conductivity of the samples tested; and the third providing precision data for the method on the basis of an interlaboratory study carried out by seven European laboratories in 2020-2021 in the framework of the project Hi-TRACE;
- an additional normative reference to provide clear instructions on the determination of the density
 of the materials to be analysed;
- relevant specifications added concerning the size and the density of the specimen;
- improvement of <u>Annex F</u>, with an updated list of potential reference material and incorporation of a validation method.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at <u>www.iso.org/members.html</u>.

Fine ceramics (advanced ceramics, advanced technical ceramics) — Determination of thermal diffusivity of monolithic ceramics by flash method

1 Scope

This document specifies the test method for the determination of thermal diffusivity from room temperature to at least 1 700 K by the flash method for homogeneous monolithic ceramics with porosity less than 10 %.

Flash methods, like laser flash, are applicable to homogeneous isotropic materials with thermal diffusivity values ranging from 0,1 to $1\ 000\ \text{mm}^2\ \text{s}^{-1}$ within the temperature range from approximately 100 K to 2 300 K.

The method described in <u>Annex G</u> describes how to estimate, on the basis of the thermal diffusivity test, the specific heat capacity and the thermal conductivity of homogeneous monolithic ceramics with porosity less than 10 %.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 3611, Geometrical product specifications (GPS) — Dimensional measuring equipment: Micrometers for external measurements — Design and metrological characteristics

ISO 18754, Fine ceramics (advanced ceramics, advanced technical ceramics) — Determination of density and apparent porosity

koniec náhľadu – text ďalej pokračuje v platenej verzii STN